The Pittsburgh Commercial.

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The Daily Commercial.

Late News Items.

Saturday, p. m., the voting for the sword, at the Philadelphia Fair, stood as follows:

Hancock	704
Meade	651
Grant	57
McClellan	51

The steamer Wren which left Louisville on Wednesday last, when up the Kentucky river near Lockport, was fired on by a rebel force who attempted to capture her. She put about and made good her retreat.

"C. A. P." the *Tribune* correspondent with the Army of the Potomac writes: Within a very short time the Rebels will be compelled to choose between two things: They may march with their main army westward or southward, leaving an ordinary garrison, or no garrison at all in Richmond, and in either case expecting the city to fall into our hands without long delay; or they may make it the "last ditch," concentrate there all they have, and stake the Confederacy upon the issue. * * *

It is my rule to religiously refrain from speculation when I do not know, and statement when I do know, as to future movements of the army. But it may alleviate the anxiety which fears terrible losses in the event of an attempt to carry by assault the works now in our immediate front, for me to state that it is not proposed to assault them. We shall go around them. The list of possible flank movements is not yet exhausted.

Anchor your souls to one fact—a fact of which the Army is as firmly convinced as it is that the sun shines to-day, or that it will not shine to-night. *The Army cannot be beaten back from its purpose.* Its *morale* is held high by continual reinforcements. It numbers to-day far more than it did on the Rappahannock. The slightly wounded of the first battles are resuming their places by thousands. The conviction is universal, shared in alike by Gens. Grant and Meade and the humblest soldier, that this is the last grand campaign—the last, because it will accomplish the practical destruction of the Confederacy.

I close with the statement that I believe it to be Grant's purpose to compel as many open field engagements as possible, he hopes a decisive one, before he comes to the investment proper, and actual seige of the Doomed City.

Bishop Spaulding, of Louisville, Ky., has been appointed Archbishop of Baltimore, in the place of the late Archbishop Kendrick.

Several light batteries have recently been sent to Washington, as Gen. Grant has too large a proportion of cavalry and light artillery. It is no easy matter to feed horses, and what the army of the Potomac needs is regiments of infantry—men who not only dare to pull a trigger, but to use the bayonet.

A Washington correspondent says that the wounded at Alexandria are suffering. There are such large numbers that the energies of the Government are taxed beyond their capacity. If it were not for the voluntary associations, there would be an amount of suffering among our wounded that would appall the stoutest heart. Mr. Stanton is doing as well as he can, as that is remarkably well, under the circumstances, but the friends of the soldier and of humanity everywhere, should instantly exert themselves to do more than they have yet done.

A company of Ohio troops, raised in the Tenth Congressional District of that State, belonging to one of the regiments now garrisoning the defences of Washington, voted that they disliked garrison duty and would like to see some fighting. Accordingly they were detached and ordered to the front, and while on the way they halted at the Executive mansion and paid their respects to the President.

XXXVIIIth CONGRESS--SECOND SESSION

WASHINGTON, June 11.

SENATE.—A bill to amend an act granting pensions, covering the cases of the Fort Pillow sufferers, was reported.

The bill to ascertain and settle the title of certain land claims in California was taken up and discussed during the morning hour.

The Indian appropriation bill was taken up and amendments offered and discussed.

Mr. TRUMBULL introduced a bill in relation to Circuit Courts of the United States. Referred to the Judiciary Committee.

Mr. LANE, of Kansas, substituted an additional section to the joint resolution offered by him yesterday, relative to organizing the new State government of Arkansas.

A bill to ascertain and settle land claims in California came up as unfinished business, and was discussed during the morning hour.

On motion of Mr. LANE, it was resolved that the President be requested to furnish the Senate copies of all correspondence, orders and documents on file in the departments in relation to the organization by the loyal people of Arkansas of a free government.

HOUSE.—Mr. STEVENS, of Pennsylvania, reported from the Committee of Ways and Means the Senate bonded warehouse bill, which says in explanation that in February last Congress passed an act giving until the 1st of May for the withdrawal of goods from the bonded warehouse and public stores for home consumption, and that this bill merely proposes to extend the time until September 1st for the same purpose.

In reply to a question asked by Mr. Stevens, Mr. Holman said that whenever goods have been in bonded warehouses more than one year for exportation, no duty is paid, but if withdrawn for home consumption the government secures the duty. The bill was passed.

Mr. COX introduced a resolution which was passed, that the House, the Senate concurring, will adjourn the present session of Congress on Thursday, 23d.

Mr. WILSON, of Iowa, from the Committee of the Judiciary, made a report on the resolution referred to them instituting an inquiry as to by what warrant or authority the bill providing for the collection of abandoned property and the prevention of frauds in insurrectionary districts, approved March 12, 1863, became a law, and whether said act is in force. The committee say they sent a note to the Secretary of State, who replied to the question that the bill was approved on that day, and that the date, as well as the signature to the bill, was in the handwriting of the President. The truth is established, that owing to the great press of business on the 4th of March, 1863, the bill did not reach the President until after Congress adjourned. The committee briefly state the President's reason why he signed the bill during the recess, believing he was justified in doing so by constitutional warrant, but they say although there is force and plausibility in the reasoning, they receive as a current interpretation of Constitution that the ten days' limitation refers to the time during which Congress remains in session, and has no application after an adjournment. Hence, if the Executive can hold a bill ten days, he can as well hold it ten months. This would render the enactment of laws uncertain. The committee, from other reasons, consider that the act approved March 12th, 1863, is not in force. In this the committee unanimously report. It was referred to the Committee of Ways and Means, in order that they may report a similar bill.

Mr. BOUTWELL, of Massachusetts, moved to reconsider the vote by which the bankrupt bill was recently rejected. He desired to give the Select Committee who reported the bill, the benefit of their labors.

Mr. JACKSON, of Rhode Island, said the committee has bestowed much pains in framing the bill, which was the best they could present under existing circumstances. He found the opposition of the House was such that the bill could not become a law at this time, and even if it should pass the House, it could not pass the Senate for want of time. The vote by which the bill was rejected was reconsidered, and on motion of Mr. BOUTWELL, the further consideration of the subject was postponed till the 2nd Tuesday in December.

Mr. DAWES, from the Committee on Elections, made a report in the Missouri contested case of Mr. Price, contesting the seat of Mr. McClurg. This case was similar to that of Mr. Brewer against Loan, the latter being retained in his seat. The Committee had come to the same conclusion, and asked to be discharged from further consideration of the subject, which was laid on the table.

Mr. HOLMAN offered a resolution to give mileage and pay to Messrs. Price and Burch, of Missouri, who unsuccessfully contested the seats of Messrs. McClurg and King.

On motion of Mr. MALLORY, Mr. McHenry, of Kentucky, who unsuccessfully contested the seat from Kentucky, was included.

Mr. JACKSON moved to lay it on the table. This was negatived by a tie vote. The Speaker voted in the negative. The resolution was adopted by three majority.

The House resumed the consideration of the Dacotah contested election.

After a discussion of several hours, the House took a vote on the resolution declaring the election in Dacotah was attended with so much fraud that neither Mr. JAYNE nor Mr. TOD is entitled to the seat as delegate, and the seat is hereby declared vacant. This resolution was rejected. The Speaker announced the next question to be on the first resolution declaring that Mr. JAYNE is not entitled to a seat as a delegate from Dacotah.

Motions were here made to adjourn and to lay the subject on the table from the Republican side, who were outvoted by the opposition, the latter having a majority of members present.

Mr. ASHLEY, at five o'clock and thirty minutes, moved that the House take a recess until nine o'clock this evening. The motion was rejected. Other dilatory motions were made, when the question was taken declaring that Mr. Jayne is not entitled to a seat. No quorum voted. The Speaker caused to be read the rule which requires every member to vote, and requested gentlemen to conform to it.

Another unsuccessful motion was made to lay the resolution on the table. The question was again stated on agreeing to the resolution. No quorum voted.

Mr. Eldridge, of Wisconsin, hoped that the names of those on the other side who did not vote would be read over.

The Speaker said that such a course was not in order at the present time.

There was then a call of the House, when one hundred and twelve members answered to their names.

The question was again on the resolution, when it was adopted by yeas 90, nays 1.

The second resolution of the Committee on Elections was then read, viz: That Mr. Tod is entitled to a seat as the delegate from Dacotah. This was adopted. Mr. Tod was then sworn in as the delegate from Dacotah.

Belle Boyd, of rebel notoriety, is quartered in Montreal, C. E., at the Doneghan Hotel, having arrived there about a week since. She is said to be the largest card the "skedaddlers" have there, and those of a southern proclivity make a great deal of her. She moves in the "highest society," and is courted by the English army officers stationed there. On Thursday night she was serenaded by the band of the Royal Artillery, in response to which she appeared at her window and acknowledged the compliment.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Interest on Southern States Stock.

IMPORTANT AMENDMENT TO PENSION LAWS.

The Chicago Convention.

THE TARIFF BILL IN THE SENATE.

THE AMNESTY PROCLAMATION.

Special Dispatch to Pittsburgh Commercial.

WASHINGTON, June 12.

The Indian Appropriation Bill.

The Indian appropriation bill brought up a lengthy discussion on the questoin of paying the interest on the Southern States stock held by the Indian Department in trust for various tribes. A section of the House bill appropriating three hundred and fifty thousand dollars for this purpose was finally stricken out, and a proposition to pay fourteen thousand as interest to certain tribes in Kansas, which was strongly urged for an hour or two, was rejected. The bill was then passed.

Amendment to Pension Laws.

The Senate Committee on Pensions yesterday morning reported favorably on the House bill supplement to the pension laws, with the following very important amendment:—That the widows and children of colored soldiers who have been or hereafter may be killed, or who have died or may hereafter die of wounds received in battle or of disease contracted in the military service of the United States and in the line of duty, shall be entitled to receive the pension now provided by law, without other proof of marriage than that the parties had habitually recognized each other as man and wife, and lived together as such for a definite period, not less than two years, to be shown by the affidavits of creditable witnesses; provided that if such parties resided in any State in which their marriage may have been legally solemnized the usual evidence shall be required.

Sermon by Dr. Breckinridge.

Rev. Dr. Breckinridge, of Kentucky, preached in the Capitol to-day, to an audience filling every part of the Representatives chamber. The President, Secretaries Stanton, Seward, Usher and Blair, and a large number of Senators and Representatives were among the hearers.

Tax on Bay Rum.

The Commissioner of Internal Revenue has decided that bay rum is not subject to the tax of forty cents imposed on imported distilled liquors on hand.

The Democratic National Convention.

A strong effort is making here to induce the Democratic National Committee to postpone the Chicago Convention. The friends of General M'Clellan are, however, understood to desire that the Convention shall be held on the 4th of July, the day originally appointed.

The Tariff Bill.

The Tariff Bill will probably be reported by the Senate Finance Committee to-morrow. The question relating to spices will be the last thing decided. It is believed a majority of the Committee are in favor of striking out the whole list of these articles.

The Amnesty Proclamation.

The Tennessee delegation to the Baltimore Convention have urged the President to terminate his Amnesty Proclamation.

Adjournment of Congress.

There is no probability that the Senate will concur in the House resolution to adjourn on the 23d inst. Congress cannot get through with its business before the 29th or 30th, at the earliest.

The Baltimore Nominees.

RATIFICATION MEETINGS.

SPEECH OF GOV. MORTON.

ENTHUSIASM IN SAN FRANCISCO.

INDIANAPOLIS, June 12.

The Ratification meeting of nominations of the Baltimore Convention, last night was largely attended. Addresses were delivered by Gov. Morton, and other prominent speakers. Gov. Morton in referring to Fremont's letter, accepting the nomination of the Cleveland Convention—said the silence of Fremont in regard to the prosecution of the war and suppression of the rebellion, gave rise to most painful apprehensions of his true position. He had carried his standard in 1856 and endeavored to sustain him as a politician and military chieftain, and never until he saw that letter had he cause to regret what he had done. The letter gave joy to his enemies and pain to his friends, and omitting one or two sentences there is nothing in it that might not have been written and subscribed to without inconsistency by Mr. Vallandigham.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 9.

The news of the nomination of Lincoln and Johnson was received at three o'clock this afternoon. Flags were waving from more than five hundred houses, and from all the shipping in the harbor within thirty minutes after the arrival of the news. The evening had scarcely set in when sky rockets were visible in every direction. Rejoicing will probably continue all night. Several buildings were illuminated, and bonfires are seen everywhere. A mass meeting to-night was addressed by Governor Lowe, Col. Ferguson, and other prominent gentlemen.

From Cairo and Below.

THE BATTLE OF COLUMBIA, ARK.

The Enemy Driven.

A BOLD DASH BY GENL. A. J. SMITH.

CAIRO, June 11.

By the arrival of the steamer Liberty, No. 2, we have some further accounts of the battle near Columbia, Ark. The rebel forces engaged are estimated at three thousand and with artillery. Gen. Smith landed at Gunnyside on the 5th, and took up the line of march early in the morning, under a heavy rain, in the direction of Lake Checat. About 9 o'clock his advance met two regiments of the enemy strongly posted upon the opposite bank of the Bayou emptying into the lake, and opened fire on them from two guns, when they fell back to a second position on the Bayou, leaving open the field between the two lines. Our fire was responded to by the enemy with a battery of six guns, and an artillery duel of some minutes ensued. Our forces soon desisted from the use of their guns and advanced under a heavy fire upon the enemy's lines, driving them from their position. The enemy retreated in a westerly direction, leaving the lake in their rear, rendering it impracticable to pursue, and our forces withdrew. The engagement lasted about an hour. Our loss was twenty killed and seventy wounded. The enemy's loss was about the same. Our forces suffered much in crossing the open field, being under heavy fire of artillery and small arms. Marmaduke was reported to be in command of the rebels.

General Mower had a horse shot twice while leading his men upon the enemies lines.

Guerrillas made a raid on the plantation of Judge Lent, near Skepworth's Landing, on the 7th, capturing sixty mules and carrying off all the negroes employed on the plantation.

Our Loss at Staunton.

Our Lines Advanced.

KOUTZ'S ATTACK ON PETERSBURG

NEW YORK, June 12.

The *Herald's* Staunton correspondent states: Up to the seventh we have lost two hundred and fifty killed and wounded, and had taken four hundred prisoners.

A reconnoissance on the 8th from the Ninth corps found the rebel works and a fort abandoned and our lines were advanced.

A correspondent to the *Herald* from Butler's Department gives details of the recent attack on Petersburg, showing that Gilmore advanced to within a short distance, but being informed by a woman that the rebels were prepared to meet him, having obtain information of the movement the day previous, he decided to return, which he did safely, with only twenty-five wounded.

Gen. Kouts, by another road, surprised and entered the rebel works by a brave dash, capturing several pieces of artillery and a number of prisoners, but not being co-operated with by Gilmore was obliged to fall back to prevent being surrounded, bringing his prisoners and captured guns with him. The gunboats in the Appomattox threw many shells into Petersburg during the movement.

Skirmish in West Virginia

PENNSYLVANIANS ENGAGED.

NEW YORK, June 11.

The *Herald's* special says: "The 22d Pennsylvania regiment had a severe skirmish near Moorefield, West Virginia, on the 7th inst., and drove the enemy to the mountains. Our loss was four killed and eighty-four wounded. The General has a force in pursuit."

LATEST FROM GRANT.

NO IMPORTANT MOVEMENTS.

From Genl. Sherman's Army.

GENERAL KOUTZ IN PETERSBURG.

John Morgan Defeated.

BEING DRIVEN FROM KENTUCKY.

SECRETARY STANTON'S BULLETIN.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
WASHINGTON, June 11th, 3 o'ck P. M.

To Major General Dix, N. Y.:—Official reports down to five o'clock yesterday, detail no movements of importance.

A dispatch from General Sherman, dated yesterday, states that our cavalry yesterday, the 9th, developed the position of the enemy in a line along the hills from the Keneshaw to Lost Mountains, and are now marching by the roads towards Keneshaw.

A dispatch from Butler, dated this morning, reports all quiet. Yesterday, General Koutz charged the enemy's works at Petersburg and carried them, penetrating the town, but not being supported by General Gilmore, who had withdrawn his forces without a conflict, Gen. Koutz was obliged to withdraw without further effect. Gen. Koutz captured forty prisoners and one piece of artillery, which he brought away with him.

A dispatch from Gen. Canby, dated Vicksburg, June 4, says: General Emory reports that an attempt by Taylor's force to cross the Atchafalaya had been frustrated. The troops that had crossed were dispersed and a large quantity of commissary stores and clothing were captured.

Gen. Burbridge, commanding in Kentucky, in a dispatch dated yesterday, at Lexington, reports that after concentrating a force at Beaver Court House, on the Big Sandy, he moved against Morgan's force, in Virginia, first as far as Gladerville. Morgan with 2,500 men moved into Kentucky via Whitesboro and pursued him. He marched 90 miles in 24 hours, came upon him at Mt. Sterling yesterday morning and defeated him. By stealing fresh horses he reached Lexington at two o'clock this morning. Our forces held the forts, and the rebels did but little damage. He left here at 7 A. M., for Versailles. I start in pursuit with a fresh force this evening. No official report has yet been received from Gen. Hunter. [Signed,]

E. M. STANTON,
Secretary of War.

The Movements of Morgan

BURNING OF CYNTHIANA, KY.

Retreat from Kentucky.

THE BATTLE OF CYNTHIANA.

THE PURSUIT OF JOHN MORGAN.

CINCINNATI, June 11.

After leaving Lexington and Georgetown, Morgan's main force appears to have turned north, and following the line of the Kentucky Central Railroad attacked the 168th Ohio regiment at Cynthiana this morning, driving them north, burning the town and two trains which left Covington last night and this morning. Morgan is apparently trying to make his way out of the State nearly in the direction he entered.

The Louisville *Journal*, of Friday, says: We are pleased to know that the most vigorous efforts will be made to repair these errors, and if Morgan does not show a very fleet foot in escaping from the State he will stand a very fair chance of reoccupying his old quarters at Columbus before long. Gen. Ewing has reached our city from Bowling Green, and in the absence of Gen. Burbridge he will take the most efficient measures to bring the career of the raiders to a speedy termination.

SECOND DISPATCH.

CINCINNATI, June 12.

Morgan, with about three thousand men, attacked the 168th and 171st Ohio, under General Hobson, at Cynthiana, yesterday, and, after a pretty severe fight, compelled Hobson to surrender on condition that his men should be immediately exchanged. The fighting took place principally in the streets of Cynthiana, and some of our troops took refuge in the Court House. In order to dislodge them, a stable, near the hotel, was set on fire, and about twenty buildings were consumed before the fire was extinguished. Our loss was fifteen killed and fifty wounded. Col. Berry, Provost Marshal of Covington, was mortally wounded, and Col. Ganes, of the 168th Ohio, was severely wounded. It is also reported that Gen. Hobson was wounded. Our loss in prisoners was from twelve to fifteen hundred men. This morning, General Burbridge, who left Paris last night, fell upon Morgan while his men were at breakfast, and after a very severe fight, completely defeated him, scattering his force in all directions. About one hundred and fifty prisoners were taken, including twenty officers. Burbridge, at last advices, was closely following the fleeing rebels.

The Invasion of Kentucky.

FRANKFORT REPORTED OCCUPIED.

SAFETY OF ORDNANCE STORES

LOUISVILLE, June 10.

The special train, with 300 armed soldiers, which left here last evening reports that they went within thirteen miles of Frankfort, and ascertaining that the ordnance train bound here turned back and went towards Frankfort, an escort of forty soldiers on board, fighting and following the force of rebels at various points. The rebels had obstructed the road at several places between here and Bagdad, by felling trees &c., across the railroad, and destroying the bridge in rear of the ordnance train, when it returned from Bagdad towards Frankfort. It is supposed the train arrived safely at Frankfort, but telegraphic communications is not open to that city.

10 o'clock, p. m.—Private advices from Bagdad report Frankfort as occupied by the rebels this afternoon, but it was discredited here, as headquarters have received no intelligence on the subject

Latest from Kentucky.

The Flight of Morgan

FRANKFORT UNDER MARTIAL LAW.

Business in Louisville Suspended.

SURRENDER OF FRANKFORT DEMANDED

LOUISVILLE, June 11.

Gen. Carrigan has just received the following telegram from Gen. Burbridge's A. A. G.:

LEXINGTON, P. M.—Have heard nothing of or from Gov. Cramlette. The rebels left there yesterday for Georgetown, supposed to have gone east from there. Gen. Burbridge started in pursuit with fresh horses last night, and will push them up and fight them steadily. A messenger who left the capitol at 4 o'clock in the morning, reported Frankfort under martial law, and all the men capable of bearing arms had been armed to defend the city. The State archives have been removed to the fort, and the Governor feels confident of holding it until reinforcements shall arrive.

A force of three thousand rebels occupied the stockades, three miles this side of Frankfort, to prevent our forces reaching Frankfort from Louisville. The Union forces made an attack on the stockades last night, but were repulsed by superior numbers.

By order of the Governor the entire enrolled militia of Jefferson County has been ordered out and business is directed to be suspended until further orders.

A courier from Frankfort reports that a flag of truce was sent to Governor Bramlette demanding an immediate and unconditional surrender of Frankfort, which was refused and fighting was resumed. An authenticated report says there were about one hundred killed and wounded at Frankfort left to-day.

LATE FROM WHITE HOUSE.

Only Reinforcements Being Landed.

WASHINGTON, June 11.

By an arrival here to-day from White House, it is ascertained that nothing is now being landed at that place excepting reinforcements and forage for the immediate use of the army. The railroad track which had been completed to within a mile or two of the army has been torn up again, and rails and ties brought back to White House. They are being placed on barges.

U. S. COUPON BONDS.

RETIRED FROM THE ARMY.

WASHINGTON, June 12.

Coupon bonds of 1881 for $500 will be ready on the 25th, and for $150 on the 30th. Registered bonds of the larger denominations are expected to be ready on the first proximo.

Col. Dulancy and Lieut. Cols. Marston and Reynolds have been retired after 45 years service. This leaves Major Zelin the senior officer of the Corps of the active list.

Very Latest from Grant.

ENEMY BUSILY FORTIFYING.

The Spires of Richmond in Sight.

NO CHANGE IN OUR POSITION.

WASHINGTON, June 12.

The following was received this afternoon: HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE POTOMAC, June 9.—There is nothing especially interesting to report. On part of the line picket firing has been kept up all day, while at other points, it would seem as if by mutual agreement, that this practice had ceased.

Last evening a battery in Birney's division fired on a house on our left, which according to a deserter who came in this morning, was occupied by Gen. Wilcox. Three shells went through it causing the occupants to leave it rather hastily. The fire was returned with very good aim but without loss to us. The deserter says that Beauregard's troops are posted from Bottom's Bridge all the way to the James river watching for the appearance of an army in that direction.

ANOTHER DISPATCH.

HEADQUARTERS, June 10—P. M.—The enemy are busily throwing up fortifications in the vicinity of Summer's and Bottom bridges. The spires of Richmond are visible from these points, and wagon trains can be seen moving within three or four miles of the city, where the road for a short distance is visible. Very little firing has taken place to-day. No change in our position has been made within the past two days. Last evening as Col. McAllister, of the 11th New York, was riding along the line he was fired upon by a rebel sharpshooter, notwithstanding there had been a tacit agreement that no picket firing should take place. The bullet passed across the Colonel's breast and entered the heart of the Colonel's orderly, who was riding with him. The entire command was at once put under arms, expecting an attack, but nothing further transpired.

FROM GENL. HUNTER.

THE ATTACK ON STAUNTON

The Details of his Movements

ENTHUSIASM OF THE PEOPLE EN ROUTE.

Official Dispatch from Hunter.

REBELS ROUTED AT PIEDMONT.

REBEL GENEARL JONES KILLED.

From Grant's Army.

NEW YORK, June 12.

The *Herald's* correspondent details Hunter's movements at length. After leaving Cedar Creek, the rebel Moseby attempted to interrupt communication with the rear. They were partially successful, having destroyed some bridges, burned a train with stores, and captured a few men. On occupying Woodstock, the inhabitants appeared friendly. In passing through Mt. Jackson not a few women waved their handkerchiefs behind blinds and appeared pleased to see us. On approaching New Market, the scene of General Sigel's encounter with Breckingridge, we moved cautiously in force, but on the march to Harrisonburg we had a slight skirmish, but occupied the place without opposition. Here the command was divided into two columns, one taking the direct road to Staunton, the other bearing towards Port Republic. About the same time the left column was demonstrating against the rebel position at Port Republic. The column in the direction of Mt. Crawford got into an engagement at North River.

To aid the rebel militia, forces were brought down from Staunton. They attempted to turn our left but failed, and were pushed back in a manner that threatened to cut them off from Staunton. This forced their right wing under Jones to give way, and to retreat rapidly. Many prisoners fell into our hands, including a large number of deserters. Our two columns were then united and ready to continue the advance. At the same time that Hunter left Cedar Creek, Crooks and Averill moved from Lewisburg towards Staunton, to join Hunter.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
WASHINGTON, June 12—12 P. M.

General Dix:

A dispatch from General Hunter, dated 6 o'clock A. M. the morning of the 8th inst. at Staunton, reports that we met the enemy at Piedmont on Sunday, killing Gen. Jones, their commanding General, and totally routing them after a battle of ten hours duration. We have captured 1 500 prisoners, 60 officers on the field of battle; also 3,000 stand of arms, 3 pieces of artillery, and a vast quantity of stores. We have effected a junction with Generals Crooks and Averill.

It is stated in another dispatch, unofficial, dated at Staunton the 9th, that our infantry is now engaged burning ties and bending rails east and west. All government and railroad buildings have been burned at Staunton. We leave to morrow.

[Signed] R. R. McKAIN, Operator.

A dispatch from Grant's headquarters, dated yesterday, 4 P. M., reports that the rebel cavalry having yesterday made a dash into Wilson's lines near the Lenny House, Gen. Wilson this morning sent out a part of McIntosh's brigade to see where the enemy was. Their pickets were driven back and their outer lines forced. The cavalry passing over the entrenchments about a mile west of Bethesda Church, M'Intosh came upon Field's division of infantry, and having accomplished the purpose of his reconnoissance, retired. He killed and wounded a number of rebels in his progress, and brought away four or five prisoners. He had sixteen men killed and wounded.

Dispatches from General Sherman, dated at his headquarters, Big Shanty, Ga., this morning have been received. They state that our lines are within four hundred or five hundred yards of the enemy, but no fighting yet.

[Signed.] E. M. STANTON.

REBEL NEWS.

MOVEMENTS IN GEORGIA.

FORTRESS MONROE, June 11.

A late Richmond paper says that several steamers have arrived at Charleston, S. C., within a few days, among them a fine steamship belonging to the Chicora Company.

NEW HOPE, Georgia, June, 4th.—The enemy are still throwing forward troops on our right. There has been considerable artillery skirmishing since one o'clock to-day. General Echols is wounded. Prisoners are coming in, and among them is Lieut. Bagley, of the 9th Illinois regiment. The enemy are fortifying Kingston, four miles below. A portion of the Seventeenth Army Corps is now on their way from the Trans-Mississippi Department to reinforce Sherman. They have reached Van Buren, Alabama.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

New York Market.

NEW YORK, June 11.

COTTON—Excited and 5c higher at $1 25@1 25½ for Middling Uplands.

FLOUR—State and Western opened with quiet steady, fair demand, but closed dull and scarcely so firm at $7 95@8 60 for Extra State and shipping brands, $8 35@8 50 for Extra R H O, and $8 55@9 40 for trade brands; included are 3,500 barrels of Extra State, to arrive on or before the 1st of June at $8, and 1,000 barrels the last half of July at $8 20.

WHISKY—Quiet at $1 32@1 32½.

WHEAT—Active and firm for prime, and dull, heavy and declining for common quality.

OATS—More quiet and lower.

COFFEE—Quiet and unchanged.

SUGAR—Cuba, 15@17½, and 47 boxes Havana at 17c.

PETROLEUM—Quiet and unchanged; Crude firm and in moderate demand.

PORK—In good demand and advanced, being $31 15 for Mess, $31 for Old, and $33 37½ for Old and New prime Mess.

LARD—Quiet and without change; sales at 15 @15¼.

BUTTER—Firm at 25@33; Ohio 35@38.

CHEESE—Commands from 15 to 18c.

Money is quiet at 6@7; Sterling lower and nominal, Gold heavier and lower, opening at 98 and declining to 93.

Philadelphia Market.

PHILADELPHIA, June 11.

FLOUR—Firm, and better demand for export; superior, $7 25.

WHEAT—Steady, at $2 00@2 12 for White, and $186@1 88 for Red.

CORN—Firm; sales of Yellow at $1 57@1 59.

COTTON—Advancing and excited; sales of Middling at $1 15@1 16.

MESS PORK—New, $43; Old, $32.

BACON—Firm.

LARD—Advanced.

PETROLEUM—Sales of Crude at 41c, and Refined at 62c.

WHISKY—Better; sales at $1 32@1 34.

Cincinnati Market.

CINCINNATI, June 11.

GOLD—Having fallen back somewhat instead of advancing, as was generally supposed, made the market quiet, without decided change.

FLOUR—Sold at $6.80@6.85 for superfine, with buyers at $6.75.

WHEAT—In fair demand at $1.40@1.50 for red.

OATS—Steady, at 82 cts.

CORN—Very dull. Ear offered at $1.08, and shelled at $1.17.

RYE—$1.60.

WHISKY—Lower and unsettled. Sales of 600 barrels at $1.26½@1.27.

MESS PORK—Held at $32.50@33. No sales.

LARD—Advanced to 15c, with sales of 700 tierces.

No sales of bulk meat or bacon of importance, but both held firmly.

GROCERIES—Steady.

GOLD—95c.

SILVER—81@85c.

EXCHANGE—Dull. Money tight.

LAKE SUPERIOR MINING NEWS.

[From the Lake Superior Miner, June 4.]

KEWEENAW DISTRICT.

EAGLE RIVER MINE, May 20, 1864.

MR. TYLER:—Having just returned from a visit to the New York, Providence, Hope, Manhattan, Cliff, Atlas, Phœnix and Bay Slate mines, I send you briefly my observations at each:

SOUTH OF THE GREENSTONE—Late openings have exposed a vein of very soft sugar spar and chloritic matter, soft clay, &c., four to five feet wide, and though it carries no mineral at present, it is almost beyond a doubt a legitimate member of the copper bearing fissures of this range. At present they are barely working through the out-crop, and apparently on the out-crop also of an amygdaloid floor so much decomposed as to be shoveled up and wheeled out. This vein is not yet sufficiently opened to determine its bearing, but the point opened is just east of Paul's Creek, and about one-fourth of a mile below the old saw mill.

At the Providence, their main working shaft is sinking on the north wall of the south Ashbed, and is not at present showing much mineral; the bed being hard and unproductive. Another shaft, east some 400 feet, is about down to the rock, the depth of drift or soil being 80 feet on the lode. Small bolders of native metal are found, indicating their near approach to the lode. There is an upheaval a short distance south of these shafts, where, if the soil is not too deep, I should advise an east and west costine made to cut some of the fissure veins known to cross the greenstone on this property. The ashbed is so hard, or is intermingled with a slaty kind of sand stone, so hard as to shake the confidence of almost any one familiar with its characteristics at points further east, unless the intersection of "fissures" be found.

On the Hope property, Mr. Merryweather has been successful in finding the intersection of the Manhattan vein with the ashbed, and also a vein west of it about 300 feet. At the former point it is showing some mineral, though nothing but the outcrop has been cut; but at the latter a shaft has been sunk some 16 feet, every blast in which has shown paying vein matter in the character of rich stamp and barrel work. This I deem a very promising new show, and will certainly warrant the preparations already making for immediate and active mine openings. They have the Manhattan vein opened at another point, probably about 2,000 feet south of this, and about 1,500 feet north of the "slide," where it also shows well, being composed of copper bearing vein material, with a slight percentage of mineral, and some small nuggets of copper.

CLIFF MINE.—The L fms. level is wrought on a side or branch vein 10 to 12 inches wide, portions of which has yielded well in mass copper, the average monthly product from it the past year being about six tons.

The back of the XC level, south of No. 4 shaft, has a "horse" of ground between two veins, carrying good masses, though rather thin. On this same level, on the west vein, stoping 250 feet in width, on a good paying lode, chiefly stamp and barrel work.

On the C level, north of No. 4 shaft, the lode is 2 feet wide in stamp copper, mainly. The continuance of the drift north shows a vein of about the same appearance.

The drift on the CX level north of No. 4, has passed through 200 feet of very poor ground, in the 330 feet it has been extended; the last 100 feet has improved. The stopes over this level are making more copper than was expected—is a paying lode at present prices of copper. South of No. 4 shaft, there are six parties of stopers in a "fair to middling" stamp lode, two of which, near No. 4 shaft, are producing barrel work and some good masses of copper.

The north drift, on the CXX level, now 220 feet north of No. 4 shaft, has been poor, but is improving. The drift south 190 feet from the shaft is in poor ground. Over this are three parties of stopers, vein as above described. This level north of Avery shaft 550 feet, are working three parties of stopers, in a lode two feet wide, of stamp and barrel work. The continuance of the level north shows a better lode than usual in the mine.

No. 4 shaft, the deepest in the mine, is now 70 feet under the CXX level, over 1200 feet from the surface. This shaft is not now on the vein, and a winze is sunk by the side on the vein.

They are preparing two additional washers in the Stamp Mill, making six in all, and doing much other needed improvement. The Man Engine is progressing favorably, and will probably be in running order by the 1st of August.

They are pumping out the old North American mine, water now out below the XX level.

PHŒNIX MINE.—Evidences of almost unlimited mineral wealth continue to characterize the openings on the new vein, and they have been carried forward with a will that we have seldom seen equalled on the Lake. It is now about ten months since the mine openings were commenced. During this brief period they have sunk, on the various shafts and winzes, 310 feet, and driven in levels and crosscuts about 400 feet. This ground, with the comparatively moderate amount of stoping that has been done on it, say 250 fathoms, has yielded nearly 200 tons of mineral.

They are now working three parties of stopers—12 men over the adit level, and four parties over the X fms. level, all in a very rich vein. They have also a party over the upper level—over the adit, making 32 stopers in the mine. There are many very rich points now exposed in the mine, that near the bottom of No. 2 shaft being the richest. Besides a number of smaller masses, they have recently taken out three of the following respective weights each, 6,000, 9,700 and 10,000 lbs.

Incline shaft is now 180 feet deep, and is being continued with all the force that can work in it. The angle of the main vein has caused a large amount of speculation in Bay State stock, the impression being very general that its dip at surface would eventually carry it to that property. From the surface to 30 feet under the X fms. level, evidences were in favor of this hypothesis, but from this point the vein dips more vertically than it did above, having, we should judge, less than half the inclination. Captain Vivian says that for 20 feet above the XX level the inclination is only 8 degrees from vertical, and as his observations are based on instrumental measurements, they are doubtless correct.

The West Branch, discovered late last season, continues to attract a large share of public attention. The 100 feet that has been driven on it, shows a strong vein 12 to 15 inches wide, and rich in mineral. Where it unites with the main vein there must be immense deposits of mass copper.

BAY STATE.—The adit level is now open 260 feet, and the X fms 180 feet. The south shaft—Tyler—is down 30 feet under the X fms. level, and a winze south of it is to the level and connected. Crocker shaft is sunk vertically 80 feet calculating, I believe, to meet the vein at a depth of 140 feet from surface. But this calculation being based on an angle or easterly dip in the vein of three or four times greater than it is at the bottom of the Phœnix, will probably prove erroneous.

PETHERICK MINE.—Present openings are confined chiefly to a line of shafts, starting from one sunk many years since near the out-crop of the "Ashbed" and extending south on what has long been called the Northwestern vein, the intention being, we learn, to prove the value of the vein in depth and also to ascertain its quality in the Pewabic-Ætna rocks. From one or two of these shafts some 4500 to 1800 feet south of the Bed, we noticed some quite rich portions of vein rock, well charged with barrel and stamp work.

COPPER FALLS continues to sustain the enviable reputation it has established for itself and the bed on which it is based, the openings being rich and improving as they deepen. The Company are now in excellent condition, we should think, for examining the value of the Owl Creek vein at its intersection with the more southern belts, and as its value wherever opened warrants the expectation of good results in all the mineral bearing bends that it crosses, we should deem a moderate sum judiciously expended in that way money well laid out, and expect paying returns therefor.

CENTRAL.—Beside a large pile of very rich barrel and stamp work south of No. 1 shaft, we counted over 20 masses that would average over a ton each, and three or four that would weigh over two tons each. Those who have supposed that there are no evidences of very rich vein in the belts that out crop south of south conglomerate in the Central, are vastly mistaken.

The incline shaft is now completed to the XXX fms. level, and efforts are being made to have it in operation to the XL level the present month. They now have a large capstan in operation at No. 4 shaft engine, for relieving that portion of the mine of its immense masses of copper. The large mass at the bottom of No. 4 is being cut into masses of 8 tons and under, each.

PASSING SKETCHES.—Twenty four heads of the Amygdaloid Stamp Mill were started last week, and worked admirably. Some of our Companies contemplate the erection of mills this summer, and we recommend them to this mill as a model. They use Seherman's Washers, and we believe the Pennsylvania mine are preparing to do the same.

The vein in the Deleware, and also those in the Pennsylvania, are showing remarkably well. The product from the former will be chieflly mass copper, and if the vein under of the XXX fms. level in the latter is a fair test of its future, 30 to 40 per cent of the result there will be mass copper. The north winze from the XXX to XL passes through a very rich body of ground.

The Ætna continues to show the same brilliant results that have crowned its openings from the commencement,

ONTONAGON DISTRICT.

In our own district, supplies and equipments in abundance are arriving for the new mines.

Mr. A. H. Byerly, engaged as Superintendent of Penn, Coulter and Ontonagon Companies, was for a long time employed by the Cliff Mining Company, and stands very high as a gentleman of practical experience and perseverance in his profession. The Penn Mining Company, recently remitted him $5,000 in greenbacks, and two cases of steel for drills. The Directors, in connection with him, are determined to develop the value of their property as rapidly as possible.

The Flint Steel has also a new Portable Engine and fixtures here for use at their mine. We learn that openings have been made on the course of lodes that are now being wrought on this property, some 1500 feet west, the lode being equally wide and rich as at other points.

PORCUPINE MOUNTAIN DISTRICT.

Last month, (ending May 15th,) the product of the Carp Lake mine was 4 tons 249 lbs stamp Copper, a falling off of quite an amount from April, owing to the accident of having one of the engine drivers killed, and stamps lay idle twelve days. The mine is now looking quite as well as any time during the winter. Copper in X fms. level is much heavier than in the adit above. The last end of the adit is showing a good deal of copper all through.

Lafayette Mine is looking well, and the vein now working some 5 feet wide, is well filled with heavy copper in stamp and barrel work all through, and as soon as the present shaft and adit is connected, which will be in next month, they can easily take out vein material enough to keep 8 heads of Stamps running.

The Pacific, half a mile east of Lafayette, has commenced work with a small party of men, and will open at once on the same vein that the Lafayette is sinking and driving on. They have also several other valuable veins passing through their property, all of which will be opened as soon as possible.

On the Republic, I learn that a party of explorers has just been set to work. This property, you know, occupies the northern slope of the south range here, and is, I think, very favorably located for working any of the numerous veins known to cross it. An adit level on a north and south "fissure," of which there are several on the property, can be carried in, that will intersect all the east and west belts, and their value thus be determined without the cost of sinking on each one. This policy is now being pursued at the Caledonia and Mass mines with great advantage, and will yet be practised at other mines in the county.

ARMY OF THE POTOMAC.

Movements of Part of the Fifth Corps—Operations of the Fourth Division on the Chickahominy—Erection of Fortifications—Rifle Pits Dug—Strategy of a Good Sharpshooter—Sheridan's Cavalry on Another Raid.

DISPATCH STATION, June 8.

The First and Fourth Divisions of the Fifth Corps reached here this morning. It was three o'clock a. m. when the men began the march. When day dawned, the rebels on the south side of the Chickahominy observed the moving column, and opened on it with two guns of very heavy calibre. Several men were injured while marching in the ranks.

Colonel Hoffman's brigade, of the Fourth Division, immediately took possession of this side of the railroad bridge. A barricade was thrown across the railroad about half a mile below this station. Between us and the rebels flows the Chickahominy, a sinuous, sluggish stream, bounded on either side by jungles and morasses, from which is continually arising unwholesome dampness and noxious vapors. At this point the stream is not more than one hundred yards in width; the bridge is three times as long.

All the track is in excellent running order. A little rusty from long disuse, but still quite complete, with switches and side tracks in good repair. During the afternoon, the Rebels mounted a heavy piece of ordnance upon a truck, and approached within a short distance of the bridge. They threw some six-inch shell over our men, which elicited considerable criticism from those happening to make narrow escapes.

Rifle pits were dug, and a long line of fortifications begun. For a time the skirmishers were friendly and conversed with each other across the river. Before dark they were using every species of *finesse* to cause each other to expose their body to be shot.

Few of our peaceful readers imagine how skilful and inventive a successful sharpshooter must be ere he enters the rifle-pit, which may prove his grave. It is not enough that he be an excellent marksman. Your good sharpshooter is always a fine strategist. In front of the Second Corps, Barlow's Division, I believe, is a rebel battery. Our fortified skirmish line is within a few rods of the enemy's entrenchments. This battery for some days annoyed us exceedingly. Throughout the entire day shell after shell would be dropped among the troops in reserve. Shells are noisy missiles. They seldom effect great damage, unless used upon heavy masses, within easy range.

A screaming shell is little more than moral effect. I have known a brigade of infantry to be concealed in the woods, while the rebel shells appeared to burst with wonderful precision in their very midst. Scarcely a man would be hit. Upon new troops the effect is terrifying. There is no man, however brave or courageous, but will wince and shrink when he listens, for the first time, to the bursting of shells. One soon gets accustomed to them, and an old soldier will calmly smoke his short pipe and speculate upon the chances of one bursting in some spot close by which he has selected.

One morning the Rebels around this battery discovered a small lunette immediately in front. It had grown up in a single night. Twenty men lay concealed in this small trench. They were but a few yards from the dark muzzles of those threatening cannon. The Rebels attempt to work the guns. All efforts are futile. When a Rebel shows his head a small jet of white smoke curls slowly above the small semi-circle where our men are concealed. The Rebel falls. In this way we render the once formidable battery useless. During the day it is quiet—at night they use it freely.

All the old dodges are freely practiced. A man puts his hat on the end of a ramrod, and holds it above the pit. In a trice it is pierced with a dozen bullets. Another exposes his own person slightly, that an associate may get a "single fair pop at a rebel." Great quantities of powder and lead are thrown away. About sunset every night, both sides endeavor to push out their respective skirmish lines. It frequently happens that both sides open with cannon and musketry, and keep up a continual uproar for half an hour.

Already there have been two such occurrences, which, to those not upon the spot, would assume the magnitude of a fearful night attack. Barlow's and Gibbon's divisions, of the 2d corps, are so near the enemy, great precautions are necessary to ward off a collision. Two nights ago there was a savage rattle of musketry and showers of grape and canister exchanged. Every one thought a bloody battle had been fought. Next morning I discovered that scarcely a dozen men had been struck.

Bottom Bridge is not quite two miles from here. The rebels had cut the supporting timbers, but were driven away before they could complete their work of destruction upon the timbers of the bridge.

A train of cars came to the station to-day from the White House. Near the river is a large saw-mill. A large quantity of lumber was here. It was loaded on the cars and carried off.

The cavalry have gone on another raid. Whatever they undertake to do will be well done.

Weekly Review of the Oil Business.

The price of oil has went up steadily since our last report. The ruling price at the wells is now from $8 50 to $8 per barrel, the highest reached since the business fairly commenced. The ruling prices at this point are $8 50@8 75 in bulk, and $12 25@12 50 packages included. The Hammond Well stopped on Sunday last. This will make a loss to the daily production of between 500 and 600 barrels a day. The New Jersey Well, just above the Maple Shade, on Hyde & Egbert farm, is now estimated to flow from 450 to 500 barrels per day. The amount of oil brought to this point and sent to Franklin, for shipment by railroad is large. Our wharves are filling up rapidly with barrels of oil. The low stage of the river retards shipping, but, notwithstanding, a considerable quantity has been sent forward. The oil from the boats in the jam is being removed as fast a possible. Prices of teaming range from 75 cents to $1 50 per barrel, according to the distance, Our main streets, and most of the roads leading to and away from Oil City, are crowded with oil teams. The market closes active and firm, with brisk inquiry, but little or none to sell. We should estimate that at least three times the amount of oil could be sold, if producers had it, at probably enhanced prices. We are not prepared to state how high the price will go, but we don't look for much of a decline at present. Freights to Pittsburgh are high, on account of the scarcity of river boats. Price of freight, $1 35@1 50. Barrels, $2 50@2 75 for prime second-hand and new. There is only about 16 inches of water in the river channel. It commenced raining yesterday evening. It is still cloudy, with an occasional shower.

The following is the amount of receipts for the week ending Tuesday evening last:

SHIRK & CO'S WAREHOUSE.	
Number of barrels oil received	3,180
" " shipped	2,311
Empty barrels received	2,463
J. BURGESS & CO'S WAREHOUSE.	
Number of barrels oil received	4,151
" " shipped	3,301
Empty barrels received	
PARKER & CASTLE.	
Number of barrels oil received	2,890
" " shipped	1,878
Empty barrels received	2,608

—*Oil City Register.*

Oil Items.

Thad. E. Summer, Esq., has sold to Messrs. Monk, Foulke & Co., of Philadelphia, his oil interests on the Blood, Widow McClintock and Stony.

The Hammond Well, on the Widow M'Clintock Farm ceased flowing on Sunday morning last. It is supposed to have been tapped by a new well that is being sunk a short distance below it, by Messrs. C. J. Lloyd and C. M. Titus. The new well has not yet been tubed. It is supposed by some that as this is done, the Hammond well will commence to flow again.

The Hammond well was flowing, at the time of this disaster, between 500 and 600 barrels, and bid fair to be as permanent as any that has been struck upon the Creek. It is also rumored that the landed interest of this well, being one-half the oil, had been sold within the past few days, to a New York Company, for $200,000, and that a portion of the money was already paid by the purchasers, the payments to be made monthly.

Chicaco Market.

CHICAGO, June 11.

FLOUR—Qiet.

WHEAT—Very dull; opening at $1 37@1 37½ for No 1, and $1 31@1 32 for No 2. Sales to-night at $1 35@1 36 for No 1, and $1 28½@1 30 ⅌ bushel for No 2.

CORN—Dull at $1 14@1 14½ for No 1, and $1 10@1 10½ for No 2.

OATS—Quiet at 70@71c. The Journal this evening says that oats are sustained under a strong combination to keep the prices up until Government contracts which speculators are advised will be advertised before long at Cairo and St Louis. This combination has operations in New York and Buffalo to keep up prices in these markets.

HIGHWINES—$1 24½@1 25.

PROVISIONS—Active.

FREIGHTS—Unchanged.

RECEIPTS—6.000; flour, 6,200; wheat, 100,000; corn, 3,400; oats shipments, 4,800; flour, 114,500; wheat, 101,000; corn, 49,500.

Buffalo Market.

BUFALO, June 11.

FLOUR—Steady and only moderately active.

WHEAT—Dull and heavy. Small sales at $1 57½.

CORN—Dull and nominal. No sales Saturday.

OATS—Nominal and held at 84@85c.

WHISKY—Dull. Small sales at $1 27.

CANAL FREIGHTS—Firm. Wheat, 19c, corn and oats 11c.

RECEIPTS—Flour, 2,166 bbls; wheat, 3,054 bushels; corn, 3,116 bushels.

CANAL EXPORTS—Wheat, 14,855 bushels; corn, 75,210 bushels; oats, 9.000 bushels.

City Intelligence.

THE GREAT FAIR.

THE NINTH DAY.

SUCCESS UPON SUCCESS.

New Attractions Arriving Daily.

CHARGES OF ADMISSION REDUCED.

It Will Continue all this Week.

CONTESTS FOR THE FIREMEN'S TRUMPET, PISTOLS, SWORD, &c.

RECEIPTS, $257,000.

We are happy to be able to state that the attendance at the Fair on Saturday was equal to the preceding day, and that the sales of goods in the various halls were very heavy. Our people seem not to grow weary of visiting and examining the countless articles of beauty and utility, nor are they by any means close fisted with their money, but seem to take a pleasure in spending it freely, believing that it goes in a noble cause.

During the present week we confidently expect to see every hall crowded with visitors, from the fact the prices of admission have been reduced, and placed so low that all can avail themselves of the pleasure of a visit. We read that in one day, in St. Louis, over twenty thousand children visited the Fair, and may we not expect to see thousands of the little girls and boys of Pittsburgh, Allegheny, and the surrounding boroughs avail themselves of the opportunity thus afforded them of seeing the sights?

In this connection it may not be amiss to state that the Mississippi Valley Sanitary Fair, at St. Louis, virtually ceased on the 4th, but the big building is to keep open during another week for a promenade concert hall and for a variety of recitations, such as tableaux and amateur concerts, which will swell the receipts several thousand dollars. The entire receipts of the Fair to Saturday night, were $575,000, which is a larger sum already netted in proportion than in New York. The sword controversy yielded over $4,500. Hancock came in ahead by 1,300 votes, McClellan was next. Would it not be well to keep our Fair building open for a time after the close of the Fair, for a promenade concert hall, recitations, tableaux and amateur concerts?

The Freeport Table.—The Freeport table in charge of Mrs. Thos. J. Bigham and Mrs. John S. McMillen, is situated near the exit of the Dining Hall. The assistants, the Misses Emily Smith, Mabel Noble, Bella Golding and Mary Whipple, are young ladies of engaging manners, and have contributed no little to the popularity of the table. We have said so much in commendation of the Dining Room generally that but little is necessary to be said of any particular part of it; but we cannot avoid bearing our testimony to the untiring exertions of the ladies connected with the Freeport table. The wants of all their patrons are promptly and fully ministered to. The ladies mentioned have charge of the table on Monday, Wednesday and Friday, and we would suggest to visitors to the Fair this morning, that if they have no other preference, they dine at the Freeport table.

The Committee on the Firemen's horn have decided to close the open voting this evening, and to-morrow and Wednesday evening the voting will be by secret ballot. As the Fair will most probably close by Wednesday evening, those who desire to vote openly and above board will deposit their ballots this day or evening. The contest seems to be between Pittsburgh and Allegheny, and the friends of the various fire companies are exerting themselves manfully to secure the apparently much coveted trumpet.

The following is the vote for the Firemen's trumpet at the closing of the Fair on Saturday night:

Allegheny	1,342
Hope	1,451
Vigilent	822
Neptune	160
Eagle	158
Niagara	14
Duquesne	48
Relief	5
General Grant	5
Total vote	3,985

For the military chair the vote stands: Hays, 114; Herron, 14; Jackson, 9; Negley, 58.

The contest for the Grover & Baker Sewing Machine continues to be spirited, and at the closing of the Fair, stood as follows:

Passavant's Hospital	117
German Orphan Asylum	80
Home of the Friendless	53
Church Home	48
Scattering	19

The magnificent pair of gold and silver mounted pistols are causing quite a spirited contest. At ten o'clock on Saturday night, the vote stood:

Major General Negley	77
Major General Herron	11
Major General Hancock	18
Major General Meade	2

The votes for the splendid dressing gowns, gotten up by the respective admirers of Gens. Grant and McClellan, have reached the following figures: Lieut. Gen. U. S. Grant, 1,000; Major General George B. McClellan, 700. The price of a vote is one dollar, so that those gowns will yield a handsome sum to the treasury of the Fair.

It has been suggested that the beautiful portrait of Rev. Col. J. B. Clark, on exhibition in the Art Gallery, painted by Messrs. Alfred Wall and Jasper H. Lawman, be purchased by subscriptions, and presented to the worthy Colonel, whose lineaments it so truthfully portrays.

H. Ruh, No. 482 Penn street, has a magnificent cake, which is to be disposed of by subscription, and presented to the Fire Company winning the silver trumpet. The design and workmanship of the cake are really exquisite, and reflect much credit upon Mr. Ruh.

The sales at the East Liberty Booth up to Saturday night had reached the handsome sum of $3,800. Many others had done nearly as large a business, and all have thus far exceeded the most sanguine expectations of those who have labored so zealously to make them a large source of revenue.

We notice at the Scottish Booth a splendid dressing gown, intended as a present for Father Abraham. Mrs. President Lincoln will hardly know her husband when she sees him in such fine toggery.

There is a splendid silk flag on exhibition at the Fair which is to be given to the favorite military company receiving the greatest number of votes. The flag hangs in front of a booth near the first entrance.

Subscriptions to the splendid sword manufactured of steel from Hussy & Wells establishment, to be presented to Major General Sheridan, still continue brisk.

That "same old coon," which is a donation to the Fair from Butler county, still continues to afford great amusement for the little folks who visit this department. Two dollars has been bid for the coon. Who will bid higher?

The Grand Oratorio of the Messiah, given on Saturday evening in Audience Hall, was, as properly intended by the Committee, the climax of the musical entertainments. Nearly two hundred chorus singers, assisted by the Germania Orchestra, produced an effect upon the large and appreciative audience assembled not soon to be forgotten. We have had the good fortune to hear this Oratorio twice before, but, considering that it is one of the most difficult musical compositions, the short time for rehearsal, and the fact that the vocal and instrumental performers were brought together for the first time, we believe it to be the greatest success of the season, reflecting great credit alike upon the Germania Orchestra and our native talent.

Umbrellas and Parasols cheap at Barker's.

Railroad Accident.—There was a rumor current on the street yesterday, but which we could not trace to a reliable source, that an accident had occurred near Guffy's Station on the Connellsville Railroad, by which a brakesman was killed and one or two others badly injured.

Shirtings and Sheetings, at less than Eastern Prices, at Barker's, 59 Market St.

Grand Closing Entertainment.—We direct the attention of our readers to the advertisement, in another column, of a grand closing entertainment of the Literary and Musical societies of Allegheny County, at Audience Hall, on Tuesday evening, June 14.

Circulars and Saques, the largest stock in this city at Barker's, 59 Market St.

Cool Weather.—The weather was remarkably cool yesterday for the season of the year. We have not heard, however, that the coming fruit crop was injured.

Dress Goods—the greatest variety of all styles, at Barker's, 50 Market Street.

See advertisement of check stolen in another column.

That Spinning Wheel.—Steam power has been applied to the old fashioned spinning wheel in Mechanics' Hall. What next?

Prints cheap at Barker's.

CITY NOTICES.

Subscriptions to the Firemen's Trumpet.—Notice is hereby given to the several Fire Companies of Pittsburgh and Allegheny city that the subscription book for the Firemen's Trumpet, now open in the Ladies' Bazaar, will be closed on Tuesday night, 14th inst., at 10 o'clock, after which time subscriptions in sealed envelopes will be received from the several companies up to Wednesday night, 15th inst., at 10 o'clock, when the voting for the trumpet will be closed.

P. S.—Sealed subscriptions must be addressed to James Miller, for Firmen's Trumpet, and left at the Firemen's Booth in Ladies' Bazaar.

Grover & Baker's Sewing Machines, for family and manufacturing purposes, are the best in use. A. F. CHATONEY,
General Agent, No. 18 Fifth street.

THE SATURDAY COMMERCIAL,
A LARGE SHEET CONTAINING ALL THE
CURRENT NEWS, MISCELLANEOUS, LITERAR AND SCIENTIFIC INTELLIGENCE, AND VALUABLE READING FOR THE FAMILY!

TERMS OF THE WEEKLY:
Per Year, (52 issues,)............$1 50
In Clubs of Twenty............1 00

The money must always accompany the order and in no instance can these terms be deviated from.

☞ Postmasters are requested to act as agents for THE COMMERCIAL.

Sanitary Fair—Treasurer's List.

N. Holmes, Treasurer Sanitary Fair, acknowledges receipt of the following additional contributions:

J Murphy	$ 5 00	T Earnest	3 00
Chas Call	5 00	J Mason	2 00
J McAfee	5 00	H Wagoner	1 00
H A George	8 00	J C Appleton	2 00
Jas Kerr	5 00	A Keiffer	1 00
J Coats	1 50	C Reisinger	1 00
F Welsh	5 00	D Duvall	5 00
Jas Whitesides	5 00	J Sogee	1 00
Wm Hopkins	5 00	V Miller	1 00
T Dunn	5 00	D D Jones	1 00
Geo Brown	5 00	J Mulhatten	1 00
J Fullerton	2 00	— Moncrief	50
C Kemmer	1 00	B McGraw	50
H Sorrick	1 00	J Hartswick	50
R J McGowan	5 00	Otto Glasers	1.00
G W Scott	5 00	D Aiken, jr	25 00
A J Scott	3 00	A McClure	25 00
J C Morrison	2 00	H Lambert	25 00
H Earnest	3 00	J H Walter	10 00
J J Duvall	2 00	E Williams, jr	5 00
M Kearns	2 00	J Ross	5 00
P H McQuillan	2 00	W Swissheim	5 00
W Rossiter	3 00	H Criswell	5 00
G Fritch	2 00	W J Richardson	10 00
A Crawford	2 00	T D Patterson	5 00

From a part of the employees of the following Iron Works, owned by Lyon, Shorb & Co.:

Bald Eagle Furnace, Blair county Pa	$120 00
Tyrone Forges, Blair county	63 00
Colerain Forges, Huntingdon county	77 00
Pennsylvania Furnace do do	125 00
Sligo Furnance, Clarion county	75 00
Madison do do	75 00
	$535 00
Chicago Committee, additional	$45 00
Baptist Church, Uniontown	4 50
Engineer Committee, additional	31 00
Employees German Republican	20 00
Thayer & Noyes, Circus proprietors	100 00
Collins' Park Exhibition	30 00
Holenshade, Morris & Co., Cincinnati, per Hailman, Rahm & Co	100 00
Citizens of Harrison township	65 00
First Baptist Church, E. Birmingham	9 75
Employees Robinson, Rea & Co	172 20
Employees Quartermaster's Dep't	140 00
M. E. Lucas, Military storekeeper	20 00
A. Rosenthal, Brady's Bend	5 00
W. Hart, do	2 00
Robert Arthurs do	2 00
German Trinity Church, Third Ward per Miss Callie Smith	30 00
Rev. Walter's Ch, per Miss Demmler	242 00
	$1,782 45
Previously reported	228,269 68
	$230,052 13

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

BOY WANTED TO FOLD PAPERS.—Apply at the COMMERCIAL OFFICE.
je14

SANITARY FAIR—PRICE REDUCED—On Monday, and until further notice, tickets to Floral Hall, Bazaar, Mechanics' Hall, Monitor Hall, Picture Gallery, and Curiosity Shop. 75 cents for six tickets, or single tickets, 15 cents each. By Order.
je14 W. D. McGOWAN, Sec'y.

NOTICE.—STOLEN FROM THE SUBSCRIBER, on the 11th, a Portmonnaie, containing a check drawn by Andrew Ackley, to the order of Wm. Evans or bearer, on the Allegheny Savings Bank, for two hundred and three dollars and forty-two cents ($203 42). All persons are cautioned against negotiating this check, as payment has been stopped at the Bank.
WILLIAM EVANS,
je14-1t Point Steamboat Lumber Yard.

SANITARY FAIR.

GRAND CLOSING ENTERTAINMENT!
BY THE
Literary and Musical Societies
Of Allegheny and Pittsburg,
AT AUDIENCE HALL,
On Tuesday Evening, June 15th,

Prof. Wamelink and Messrs. Appelbaum, Dingeldini and Digby, have kindly volunteered their services.
Admittance—50 cents. je14

ELECTRICITY. WHAT IT IS.—ELECTRICITY is the natural element of the nervous system—the connecting link between mind and matter—the most subtle substance known. It circulates the blood; is the cause of voluntary and involuntary motion; producer of all the known phenomena in the universe; the life of all things.

"It warms in the sun, refreshes in the breeze,
Glows in the stars and blossoms in the trees;
Lives through all life, extends through all extent,
Spreads undivided, operates unspent.
Breathes in our souls, informs our mortal part,
As full, as perfect, in a hair as heart;
As full, as perfect, in vile man that mourns,
As the rapt seraph that adores and burns.
It claims all high, all low, all great and small;
It fills, it bounds, connects, and equals all."

Health is an uninterrupted course of this electric or nervous fluid to all parts of the nervous system—governed by the positive and negative polarities. Disease on the other hand is a changed or disturbed condition of the electric fluid in the nervous system, causing blood, muscle, nervous and a host of other derangements of the various systems which constitute man.

Then, come, ye afflicted, come! as life is dear to all, to No. 251 PENN STREET, where all diseases to which flesh is heir, whether Acute, Chronic, Inflammatory or Paralytic, are speedily cured without pain, shocks, or any inconvenience through the uses of Galvanism, Magnetism and other modifications of Electricity. The rapidity in which cures are sometimes effected, oftentimes astonishes the patient as well as the operator.

A case of Neuralgic Sciatica cured in two treatments which was of five months duration, on the person of Mr C. Brooks, who resides in Manchester, on Locust street, who has given me permission to state his case for the benefit of those that are afflicted likewise.

Sciatica is characterized by severe shooting pains in the region of the hip, extending sometimes to the foot, and even to the toes, as was in this case.

The afflicted are invited to call at this office and see other certificates of cures that have been performed upon persons residing in this city.

☞ No charge for consultation. ☜

To those residing at a distance all letters must be addressed to 251 Penn street.

Electricity with its various modifications cures the following: Affections of the Head, Eyes, Ears and Throat, (Diptheria); Diseases of Lungs, Heart, Stomach, Liver, Kidneys, (Diabetes); and other Organic Difficulties peculiar to male and females; all affections of Nervous, Circulatory, Muscular, Glandular and Digestive system, Cutaneous Diseases, Fevers and all other diseases not here specified.

See circular—get one at the office. Cures guaranteed by special contract when desired.

Office hours from 9 a. m. to 6 p. m.
DR. J. A. REESE,
ju12-3m-W&S Medical Electrician.

IN THE ORPHAN'S COURT OF ALLEGHENY COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA.—In the matter of the Estate of SAMUEL W. HAMILTON, deceased, No. 4, March term, 1864. Writ of Partition or valuation.

To Sarah Hamilton, widow, Joseph Hamilton, John Hamilton, by their attorney in fact William Cowan, Samuel Hamilton, John Hamilton, Joseph Hamilton, Sarah Ann Snyder (late Hamilton), intermarried with Peter Snyder, Rebecca Jane Shoup (late Hamilton), intermarried with William Shoup, and Alexander Hamilton, a minor child, who has for his guardian John H. McElhenny, heirs at law of Samuel W. Hamilton, late of Mifflin township, Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, deceased. You are hereby notified that an inquisition will be held in pursuance of the above-mentioned Writ of Partition on the premises described therein, to assemble on the premises in Mifflin towhship on THURSDAY, July 7, 1864, at 10 o'clock, a. m., to make partition to and among the heirs, etc. of said deceased, in such manner and in such proportions as by the laws of this Commonwealth is directed. If such partition can be made without prejudice to or spoiling the whole, but if such partition cannot be made thereof as then to value and appraise the same according to law, at which time and place you may attend, if you think proper.
JOHN H. STEWART, Sheriff.
SHERIFF'S OFFICE, Pittsburgh, May 26, 1864.
my27:6tw

NOTICE.—The Stockholders of the Pennsylvania Salt Manufacturing Company are hereby notified that a Special Meeting will be held at the Company's Office, No. 127 Walnut street, Philadelphia, on Wednesday, July 6, 1864, at 12 o'clock, m., to consider the propriety of increasing the capital stock of the Company, in accordance with the supplement extending the charter of this company, approved the 27th day of April, 1864, and for such other business as may then be presented.
THOS. SPARKS,
CHAS. LENNIG,
GEO. T. LEWIS,
ELIJAH DAVIS,
GEO. C. CARSEN,
JAS. C. FISHER,
ju8-td-w Directors.

ROBERT ARTHURS............JOHN W. RIDDELL
ARTHURS & RIDDELL,
SOLICITORS FOR
PENSIONS, BOUNTIES,
ARREARS OF PAY,
AND ALL
Military Claims,
OFFICE............No. 135 FOURTH street,
mh3:3m-e-o-d PITTSBURGH, PA.

DISSOLUTION OF CO-PARTNERSHIP—The co-partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned, under the firm of SCHOCK & ANDRIESSEN, was dissolved May 30th, 1864, by mutual consent. Simon Schock having purchased the interest of Frederick Andriessen, will settle all the business of the late firm, and will continue the business of wholesale and retail Liquor Trade.
SIMON SCHOCK.
FREDERICK ANDRIESSEN.

Recommendation.

Having disposed of my interest in the firm of Schock & Andriessen to Simon Schock, who will continue the business, I would cheerfully recommend him to the former customers, and the public in general.
FREDERICK ANDRIESSEN.
Pittsburgh, May 31—6t-1taw.

EXECUTORS NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that letters testamentary upon the estate of Thomas McKee, late of the Borough of Birmingham, deceased, have been duly granted to the subscribers.

All persons indebted to said estate will make payment, and those having claims will present them duly authenticated to WILLIAM S. McKEE,
HENRY SELLERS McKEE,
Executors,
ju8-6t-w No. 17 Wood street.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that letters testamentary upon the estate of James M'Kee, late of the Borough of Birmingham, deceased, were granted to the undersigned, by the Register of Allegheny county, on the 22d day of April, 1864.

All persons having claims against said estate will present them duly authenticated, and those indebted will make payment to WM. VANKIRK,
No. 30 Wood street., or
ap25:6tw JOHN GALLAGHER, Ex

AGENTS, LOOK TO YOUR INT
Call and examine something urgently
every person; or ten samples sent
twenty cents that retail for two dollars
R. L.
de23:lyw No. 70 Chatham

BARGE FOR SALE.—One No
good order: 160 feet long: 16 fe
deep, and decked: gunnels 7 inch
once for oil: D. M.
je3-1w

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Purviance's New Photograph Establishment, corner Penn and St. Clair streets, Pittsburgh, Pa. (entrance on Penn street.) Reception Rooms and Skylight on second floor. Operating Department under the charge of Mr. Rorah, well known as one of the most successful Photographers in the country, with a full corps of skillful and experienced assistants. Photographs of every style and size, from the smallest card to life-size, plain or colored, in oil, water or ink. Careful attention given to copying old Daguerreotypes, Ambrotypes, &c., to any size Photograph desired.

Purviance's Photograph Rooms, corner of Fifth and Market streets, second and third stories, over Richardson's Jewelry store, Pittsburgh, Pa. Photographs of every style, plain or colored, from the popular carte de visite to cabinet and life-size. Mr. Purviance would particularly call the attention of the aged and infirm to the easy accessibility of this establishment, being reached by a single short flight of stairs. Prices moderate, and satisfaction guaranteed.

The Daily Commercial.

MONDAY, JUNE 13, 1864.

NATIONAL UNION NOMINATIONS.

For President:
ABRAHAM LINCOLN,
OF ILLINOIS.

For Vice-President:
ANDREW JOHNSON,
OF TENNESSEE.

The Union State Central Committee.

The members of the Union State Central Committee will assemble in the city of Harrisburg on the 6th day of July, ensuing. A punctual attendance of all the members is earnestly requested in order to effect a thorough organization.

SIMOM CAMERON, Chairman.
WIEN FORNEY, Secretary.

Shall Traitors be Punished?

Although treason is the highest crime known to the law there are not a few who are wanting in an adequate appreciation of its heinousness. While they may not look upon it as being a merely venial act, they practically class it among those offences which come within the category of political aberration from the strict line of moral rectitude, which they scarcely deem to be justly obnoxious to either censure or punishment.

This obtuseness of the moral sense in minds of this class to the enormity of the crime under consideration, is, without doubt, in part owing to the great freedom of discussion permitted under our form of government, on politics, and the frequent changes of our rulers and of their policy. But there is a wide difference between these changes which are allowed and provided for by the organic law of the nation, and the destruction of the government itself.

These truths to most men would seem to be so self-evident that it might be thought to be unnecessary to dwell upon them, did we not meet, in both print and speech, with sentiments which either directly or virtually ignore them. Murder is the greatest crime that can be committed against an individual, but treason is not only the cause of myriads of murders, along with a host of the worst offenses known in the calendar of crimes, but it strikes a death blow at the life of the nation. As every one, whose life is aimed at, instinctively repels the assault, even though it be at the expense of the life of the assailant, so every government, not sunk into hopeless imbecility, will put forth all its strength and vigor to suppress insurrection, no matter if the extirpation of the offenders become necessary to the accomplishment of that end.

There is a fanciful sentiment that obtains with some, that every individual has a right to adopt and endeavor to carry into execution by any means such political views as best please him. But this is so far from being the fact, that not even a majority of the nation can change its constitution, which requires the ratification of so large a proportion as that of the legislatures or conventions of *three-fourths* of the States, to amendments proposed by *two-thirds* of both houses of Congress, or on the application of the legislatures of two-thirds of the several States. Change *per se* is an evil, and should be resorted to only when compensated for by preponderating benefits.

We not unfrequently see and hear the example of our own Revolutionary fathers cited in justification of the revolt of the Southern States from their allegiance to the National Government. But the cases are in no wise parallel ones. That a nation has a right, when oppressed by a hideous despotism, to wrench the yoke from its neck, no one is so fool-hardy as to deny, but no person, in the possession of his mental faculties, unswayed by prejudice, can with the least show of reason pretend that the Slave States were suffering under so rigorous an oppression as could justify them in their insurrection. This was in terms acknowledged and pressed upon the minds of the leading men of the South by Alexander H. Stephens, the present Vice President of the Confederacy, before his own defection from his fealty to the Government and before his commission of perjury against the Constitution. Nay, so far was this from being the case, that the truth is, that the real cause of the rebellion was the long-plotted and matured determination of the leaders of the South to break asunder the ties that bound them to the North so soon as they should discover that the sceptre of power was departing from their grasp. Even the grandfather of the present Gen. R. H. Lee, towards the close of the last century, while giving in his adhesion to the union of the States for the time being, expressed, in writing, his hope that the day would come when Virginia would be in such a condition of strength as to be able to assert her independence. And ever since the days of John C. Calhoun, the people of the South have been carefully and systematically indoctrinated with sentiments calculated to prepare them, if necessary to success, for the bloody tragedy which they are now enacting.

We have thus briefly alluded to a subject which we have been much surprised, has not been oftener discussed by our publicists and clergy. One or more well argued, lucid and popular treatises, setting forth the gigantic enormity of Rebellion, as a sin against politics, morals and religion, scattered broadcast over the North, as well as the South, would, we feel confident, be productive of immense good, not only in aiding to put down the insurgents of the South, but in preparing the public for the discussion of those difficult questions which will have to be settled, when "this cruel war" shall be over, and calmer deliberations succeed to the clash and clangor of arms.

Before Richmond.

Beyond the fact that, by the persistent movement of Grant by the left flank, he has reached the Chickahominy at the railroad bridge, near Dispatch Station, we have little of interest from that quarter. To prevent this, the rebels made strenuous efforts, and constructed strong batteries, all of which were overcome.

The rebels are surmising that Grant means to push his movement by the left flank to the James river, and thus transfer the scene to the south side of Richmond, where they have everything to defend, but are least prepared. In this they may not be entirely wrong. If Grant intends this, he will abandon White House as a base—transfer it to the James, in the neighborhood of Charles City, perhaps,—push his army across the Chickahominy and the Peninsula, and fall upon Richmond on the south side. In this case, Lee would do what he was forced to do at Spottsylvania and the South Anna, abandon his present position, and make a corresponding movement to confront Grant.

As yet, however, this is mere speculation.

Coming to Pittsburgh.—The Ohio State Society of Fruit Culture is holding its sessions in Cincinnati, visiting strawberry grounds and discussing these delicious fruits. They met with the Horticultural Society at the latter's exhibition on Saturday. They are coming to Pittsburgh. They expect to reassemble in this city, on next Friday, to examine the Knox Fruit Farm. Some of the distinguished fruit growers of the State are in attendance.

General Scott at West Point.—General Scott is at Cozzen's Hotel, West Point. Since his arrival there he has materially improved in health, and his appetite, which was failing him is quite restored. The General rises early and breakfasts at seven o'clock; an hour when most of the guests are still in their rooms. At about nine o'clock he rides up to the Military Academy, where he spends the morning in the library, occupied, it is understood, in obtaining and preparing materials for his "Life," on which he has been engaged for several years. This work will be a valuable addition to the historical literature of the country. The General returns to the hotel in time to dine at the public table at three o'clock, and afterwards, if the weather permits, occupies his accustomed seat on the piazza where clusters of guests gather around to engage him in conversation. The General is in his seventy-eighth year.—*N. Y. Post.*

The St. Louis *Democrat*, the Radical organ, speaking of the Baltimore Convention, says:

We can designate points in which we would have amended the action of the Convention. The nomination of Grant, Butler or Chase would have pleased us better than that of Mr. Lincoln. But it is now our plain duty, which we accept with cheerfulness and intend to discharge to our best ability, to seek the re-election of the lately designated nominee of the [illegible] of the country, and to carry to a triumphant conclusion the Radical policy to [illegible] committed.

The Rebel Press and Prospect.

It is evident from the comments of the Richmond papers on General Grant's movements, that the rebels are much confused as to his intentions. They affect a confidence, but it is plainly to be seen that they are but acting. We hear nothing more about the "calamity" which, four weeks ago, they admitted the falling back of Lee on Richmond would be. So long as they supposed that to be an impossibility, they freely admitted that should Lee be unable to maintain himself on the Rapidan, and was forced back upon Richmond, it would be a disaster for which they were not prepared. But since it has happened, and Lee is barely able to keep Grant from entering the city, with little prospect of doing so long, these same journals, with a melancholy attempt to keep up their spirits, assert that all is well—that Lee's retreat has been an advance; that Grant's advance has been a retreat, and that victory has attended their cause at all points!

The rebel journals have not, however, been able to keep back the confession that Grant has disappointed them, in the fact that he has shown better generalship, and fought harder, than they expected. That is something. But to make up for this, they are now insisting that Grant can come no farther, that he has done all he can do, and that the game is as good as won. It will be observed, however, that the same pens which write this, also wrote the defiant boast that Lee would never be forced from his position on the Rapidan, and it should not be forgotten that the ink with which this boast, and the coupled admission that his falling back would be an indisputable "calamity," was hardly dry when the failure of all these promisses and expectations imposed on them the necessity of putting forth other boasts and new promises, to be proved to be as delusive as those that preceded them.

The rebels have some reason for elation in the fact that Grant has not yet captured Richmond. It is but natural that they should show it; but in doing so, they cannot disguise their anxiety, though they swagger never so much, about what Grant will do next. They discusss the probabilities and possibilities, and draw the encouraging conclusion that everything is favorable for their side. In spite of whatever the papers may say to keep up appearances, the rebel leaders know that things have arrived at a pass where their greatest difficulties commence; and furthermore, that the present point has been reached simply because, although Lee did his best, he could not prevent it.

Lee's intention was to make a stand on the Rapidan, knowing very well that it was there he could defend Richmond best. Failing in that, he made other stands, all of which were equally unsuccessful in checking the steady advance of Grant toward Richmond. It is true that he did not proceed over the precise route or do everything in just the way the rebels wanted to have him, and if the events of the last few weeks have taught them anything, it is, that Grant if he is not able, or does not choose to do a thing in one way he will do it in another, but *that he will do it.* This is the lesson of the campaign, the secret of the confidence of the loyal North in Grant. This, no doubt, explains the confusion and hardly disguised apprehensions of the rebels as to Grant's future movements. From the campaign, as it has progressed, there is but one logical conclusion, in regard to which no degree of bragging by the rebel press can blind the intelligent man either North or South. The North is content to wait for Grant to accomplish the result in his own time and way. The South must do the same, though with the rebels the period of waiting must be one of torture.

Hunter in the Virginia Valley.

The junction of Crook and Averill with Hunter in the Virginia Valley at the terminus of the Virginia Central Railroad, on Jackson's river, a point not far from Staunton, has probably taken place. It is probable that the railroad from the river to Staunton has been destroyed. At Harrisonburg Hunter halted to await the rebuilding of a bridge across the North river which the rebels destroyed, but it was soon done, and he then crossed and beat Jones' force. His pause at Stanton was doubtless to await a junction with Averill and Crooks. It has been ascertained that Hunter captured six guns, one hundred prisoners and a million dollars' worth of stores, and a large amount of railroad property. His loss was small.

The position of affairs in the valley is now in fact, threatening to Lee, and it will be necessary for him to gather up forces from some quarter to oppose ours. His readiest resource would be to send Breckinridge back to the valley with one or two divisions; but these he might now find it difficult to spare from his main army, and he has no force available otherwise than to recall Morgan from Kentucky, and send him and General Sam Jones to join Imboden, and the wreck of the forces lately commanded by General W. E. Jones.

During McClellan's campaign against Richmond, when Banks had pushed on South through the valley, as Hunter has now done, Lee detached Jackson, with a full corps against him, and was successful in clearing the valley. Should he resort to a similar expedient now, with so formidable an antagonist as Grant pressing him in front, the result might be disastrous and cause the capture of Richmond by *coup de main.* But it is not to be disguised that the situation is one demanding prompt and energetic action from all parties. If Averill and Crooks join Hunter, he will be strong enough to fight a full rebel corps, and will not hesitate to accept battle if it is offered. We have still a force in reserve along the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad under the command of Sigel.

Fete Dieu.

A correspondent, writing from Montreal, C. E., under date of June 3, 1864, to one of the eastern papers, describes the imposing religions witnessed in that city, on Sunday. The *Fete Dieu*, (the feast of God,) never occurs in the United States, and being peculiarly a French Catholic ceremony, we transfer his description, believing that it will prove of interest to many readers. The writer says:

"The prevailing religion here is Catholic, and the French Cathedral of Notre Dame, in this city, is the largest church edifice on this continent. Over twenty thousand people last Sunday were within its walls to witness the concluding ceremonies of the *Fete Dieu*. The leading feature of the ceremonies was a grand procession through the principal thoroughfares. Triumphal arches, evergreens, flags and banners decorated the streets. The procession was formed with banners and bands of music, and was one of the most imposing affairs I ever witnessed. First came the school children of the friars and those of the nuns and the pupils of the colleges, headed by a band of music, the several religious societies of both sexes, amongst them several bodies of nuns. A great many banners were carried, and here and there choruses were singing. Then came the holy sacrament, enclosed in a radiating gilded pyx, and carried in the hands of the venerable old Bishop. He was supported on each side and preceded by a large portion of his clergy, dressed in canonicals. Over his head was carried an immense and most splendid gilt canopy, ornamented with white plumes. A large body of police and of volunteers in uniform marched in close proximity to this, as it was feared that the Protestants might interfere with the procession. Behind followed legions of men and women, who closed the procession. A great many of the people were reading prayers: most of them wore silk badges, on which were the images of the Virgin, with these words:—"Mary is our mother; we are her children." The nuns and many devotees carried each in their hands long extinguished tapers. All the paraphanalia of the Roman Catholic Church were displayed, the grandeur of which was most sublime.

The origin of this fete is derived from the article of Catholic faith which teaches that the humanity of the Savior is really and substantially present in the Host, consecrated at Mass, and present in the tabernacle upon the Catholic altar. The institution of the sacrament was always celebrated with solemn thanksgiving on Thursday in Holy Week, but that time being mostly taken up with the commemoration of the sorrows and suffering of the passion, its solemn festival was established by the zeal of pious persons to celebrate this mystery. It was first ordered to be celebrated in a Synod held at Liege in 1264. Pope Urban, in 1264, commanded it to be observed by the whole church with a solemnity equal to the four peal festivals of the year. The bull of the Pope was confirmed by many of his successors, especially by Pope Clement V., in the General Council of Vienna, in France, in the year 1311. Its religious observance is strictly maintained in every town and city in Lower Canada.

Foreign Loans.—The New York *Times* makes the following definite statement as to some reported proposals for a foreign loan, by accepting which it is believed that the Secretary of the Treasury may affect materially the gold market:

"He will be respectfully urged to accept certain offers of money from Europe, which have been under his consideration for several weeks. These offers we understand to be coupled with no conditions that reflect upon the dignity of the public credit, or that imply any advantage to foreigners in the purchase of or by way of advances upon the stock of 1881 over our own bankers or the people of the United States at large. We hear that in one instance $25,000,000 are offered, jointly, by certain firms in England, Holland and Germany, on no other stipulation different from the ordinary federal tenor of the stock, than that the gold should be paid on the half-yearly coupons in the commercial capital of Holland—a State always friendly and ever likely to be in accord with the United States—in place of New York. The difference, in any event, would be the trifling one of the freight and insurance."

A law recently passed provides that if any person or persons, except as now authorized by law, shall hereafter make or cause to be made—shall utter or pass, or attempt to utter a pass, any coins of gold or silver, or other metals, or alloys of metals, intended for the use and purpose of current money, whether in resemblance of coins of the United States or of foreign countries, or of original design, every person so offending, shall, on conviction thereof, be punished by fine not exceeding three thousand dollars, or by imprisonment for a term not exceeding five years, or both, at the discretion of the court, according to the aggravation of the offence.

The National Union Committee.

That the Baltimore National Union Convention clearly understood the character of the ensuing campaign, and felt that there was as great a necessity for having experienced civic as military generals, is evident from the selection of the Hon. Henry J. Raymond, of the N. Y. *Times*, to be chairman of the National Committee.

The plan of the campaign is embodied in the resolutions of the Convention, of which Mr. Raymond is the author. In other respects he has rendered signal service in arranging the preliminaries, and his selection for the responsible position at the head of the committee is at once an earnest of a vigorous campaign and a recognition of his great ability and services.

The selection of the Hon. S. A. Purviance, of this city, to represent Pennsylvania in the committee, secures the services of a gentleman familiar with the duties, and in full accord with the great principles and objects that enter so conspicuously into the contest.

The Committee, as appointed by the Convention is as follows:

Maine—Samuel F. Hersey. New Hampshire—John B. Clarke. Vermont—Abraham B. Gardener. Massachusetts—Wm. F. Chaflin. Rhode Island—Thomas G. Turner. Connecticut—N. D. Sperry. New York—Henry J. Raymond. Pennsylvania—S. A. Purviance. New Jersey—Marcus L. Ward. Delaware—N. G. Smithers. Maryland—H. W. Hoffman. Florida—Calvin L. Robinson. Louisiana—Cuthbrest Bullitt. Arkansas—James L. Johnston. Missouri—S. H. Boyd. Tennessee—Joseph S. Fowler. Kentucky—R. K. Williams. Ohio—G. V. Senter. Indiana—J. D. Defrees. Illinois—Burt C. Cook. Michigan—R. Giddings. Wisconsin—S. Judd. Iowa—D. B. Stubbs. California—James Otis. Minnesota—Thomas Simpson. Oregon—Erasmus D. Shuttuck. West Virginia—A. W. Campbell. Kansas—James H. Dane. Colorado—Jerome P. Tayler. Nebraska—W. H. H. Waters. Nevada—H. D. Morgan. Dakota—G. M. Binney. Utah—John W. Kerr. Washington—A. A. Devin. Idaho—Wm. H. Wallace. Arazonia—Jas. S. Turner. Montano—N. P. Lanfork.

A meeting of the Committee was held in Washington Tuesday last, when, on motion of Mr. Senter, of Ohio, it was resolved that the Chairman appoint an Executive Committee of five, and that the headquarters of the Committee be in the city of New York.

On motion of Senator Lane, of Kansas, it was resolved that the Chairman of this Committee be a member and Chairman of the Executive Committee.

Hon. E. McPherson declining to accept the office of Secretary, it was resolved that Hon. N. D. Sperry, of Connecticut, be appointed in his place, and that he also be a member and Secretary of the Executive Committee.

On motion of Senator Lane, of Kansas, it was resolved that an advisory committee of five be appointed by the Chairman, to have its headquarters at St. Louis, for such purposes and with such powers as the Executive Committee may deem expedient to confer upon it.

The Chairman then appointed as the Executive Committee: Messrs. Glaflin, of Massachusetts; Ward, of New Jersey; Senter, of Ohio; Purviance, of Pennsylvania, and Clark, of New Hampshire; and as the Advisory Committee, provided for by the resolution: Messrs. Lane, of Kansas; S. H. Bond, of Missouri; B. C. Cook, of Illinois; D. P. Stubbs, of Iowa, and Thomas Simpson, of Minnesota.

On motion, it was resolved that the Chairman of the Committee be also Treasurer.

On motion of Senator Lane, it was resolved that the Chairman be authorized and requested to correspond with the President of the National League in regard to the Presidential campaign.

The Committee then adjourned.

HENRY J. RAYMOND, Chairman.
N. J. Sperry, Secretary.

The London Times on Grant's Campaign.

The campaign now going on in Virginia amazes the world. Europe looks on in wonder at the reports of battle succeeding battle, and at the persistence and obstinacy with which General Grant fights. Grieving, as we do, at the fearful sacrifices made for the preservation of our National Union, we cannot help a certain feeling of satisfaction at hearing English authorities acknowledge that nothing is equal to the fighting of our army. Even the London *Times*, which loves to ridicule and disparage us, in noticing the early battles of the present campaign, is constrained to pay our troops the highest compliments. In its leading editorial of May 25th, it says:

"Perhaps the Americans may be proud of the pre-eminence, but they have certainly fought more desperately, for a longer time, and with more dreadful slaughter than any nation before them. It would not be impossible to match the results of any one day's battle, with stories from the wars of the Old World; but never, we should think in the history of man, were five such battles as these compressed into six successive days. It is hard to conceive how nature could have supported the exhaustion and the strain. We have been told that after a single day's fighting the lassitude and reaction in even a victorious army are such that any fresh force might snatch its laurels from it; whereas, here are two large armies hotly engaged in the work of slaughter from the morning of Thursday till the night of Tuesday, with scarcely the intermission of an hour. On every day except Saturday there was a pitched battle, contested with the utmost fury; and even Saturday was devoted to marching and fighting on the march. Nor were these prodigious operations divided among immense numbers brought into action by relays. Neither army numbered apparently above 100,000 men, and of these every man seems to have been engaged in every battle. Indeed, we are expressly told that the Federal 'reserves' were brought up on the very first day.

"The desperate ferocity of the fighting may be inferred from the fact now reported that the slaughter was produced without the aid of artillery. No rifled guns or murderous shell did execution among crowded masses. The great battle of Friday, which is said to have cost the Federals alone upwards of 10,000 men, was a hand-to-hand fight. The Confederates were posted in the well-known woods in the vicinity of Chancellorsville, where Hooker once received so bloody a repulse, and so dense was the thicket that cannon could not come into play. Regiment against regiment, and man against man, the combatants fired and hacked at each other in this tangled wilderness till night closed in; and an intercepted report from General Lee actually tells us that on his side the heaviest loss was in men killed outright, and that he had comparatively few wounded. If this be a correct version of the dispatch, it gives a more impressive idea of the fury of the conflict than any other of the incidents reported. It is clear, indeed, that whatever may be said of the composition of the Northern armies, and of their inferiority in this respect to the patriot legions of the South, they have fought in this campaign with a valor as obstinate as that of their enemies. No more indifferent or disaffected mercenaries could have been led from a battle like that at Wilderness to three more such battles at Spottsylvania. Be the impulse what it may, the Federals are fighting in stern reality, and with a spirit as resolute as that of their adversaries."

This much the English organ of our enemies concedes to the valor and endurance of the glorious army of the Potomac. It goes still further to compliment General Grant. After speculating as to the possible results of the campaign, and what may be the next movements of Grant it says:

"He has stamped a new character on the tactics of the Federals. No other General would either have advanced upon the Wilderness after the severe battle of the 5th, or followed up an almost victorious though retiring enemy after the still harder fighting of the 6th. No other general but he, again, would have attacked his adversary so resolutely on the 8th and the 9th, or held his ground so tenaciously in spite of failure. Under his command the Army of the Potomac has achieved in invading Virginia an amount of success never achieved before, except in repelling invasion. The Confederate forces were once arrested by McClellan and once by Meade, but that was when they thought to carry war into Northern territory. Grant alone has done more than this. He has advanced towards Richmond, and though he has made but little way, and has lost half his army, he has not been driven back. Whether his position can be retained, or his success improved, is a question which the next mail will resolve for us."

Personal.

Mr. Samuel W. Haverstick, a prominent business man of Carlisle, Pa., died suddenly in his store on Wednesday last. Just after his return from market was in conversation with a gentleman, when suddenly his head dropped, and upon examination he was found to be dead.

Mr. Lincoln was about the last man in Washington to hear of his nomination on Thursday. A dispatch was sent to him, but it failed to reach him, announcing that he was nominated by acclamation. Towards night he was looking over the war telegrams in Mr. Stanton's office, when a dispatch was brought to him stating that Mr. Johnson was nominated as Vice President. Mr. Lincoln asked, "Is it customary to nominate a Vice President *first?*" A friend asked him in astonishment if he had not heard who was nominated for President? and Mr. Lincoln replied that *he had not!* There probably were few men in Washington who had not heard of the action of the Convention at that time.

Bishop Potter, of the New York diocese, has, among his regular list of Episcopal appointments, appointed next Tuesday for his visitation of the Episcopal church of Glen's Falls, the scene of the recent great fire. On the same day he is to hold a consecration at Lonely Hill. The next appointment of the Bishop for New York is for Sunday, the 26th inst., when he will hold a confirmation at St. Michael's Church.

A writer thus describes an interview with Major Pauline Cushman, the great lion of the present time: Miss Cushman is a lady of magnificent physique; tall, commanding, and graceful. Possessed of one of those calm, self-asserting faces, which is masculine without surpassing an actual femininity, with thin, determined lips, and pleasant eyes, she in no wise disappoints the observer who may have formed an ideal conception of her appearance from the suggestive events of her singular career. In conversation she is slow and exact, and almost sententious in her method of expression. All this is somewhat surprising, when we remember the apparently inflexible nature of that rule, established by experience, which teaches us that to be notable and high-minded is equivalent to being execrably homely and shockingly awkward. Homeliness and eminence are the gemini that walk the world hand in hand. The "Major," having retired from the military service, is about adopting the profession on which she relied previous to the outbreak of the rebellion—that of the stage.

The arrival of Gen. Kilpatrick in Newburgh, N. Y., is announced. His looks show the many sufferings he has endured since the painful wound he received in one of the late battles. He walks with crutches.

Ex-Congressman Keitt, of South Carolina, lately a General in the rebel army, was, according to the Richmond *Examiner*, killed in the battle of Wednesday.

General Intelligence.

Colonel Marshall Lefferts, late commander of the 7th New York regiment (National Guard), has been appointed a brigadier-general by Governor Seymour. It is understood that his new command is to be the twenty-second brigade, but is not yet known whether his assignment is to duty in the field or the State.

The Navy Department has received information of the capture, off Velasco, Texas, on the 28th ultimo, of the blockade running steamer Isabel by the steamer Admiral. She had made upward of twenty successful trips between Havana and Mobile and Galveston. The captain and crew of the Isabel fought with desperate courage before they were captured, and did not surrender until they had received two broadsides at short range. The cargo consists of powder, arms, percussion caps, hardware and medicine.

It is not expected that the call for more troops will be made till Congress has decided whether it will repeal the commutation clause of the Enrolment act.

A rumor is current in political circles here that the National Democratic Convention, called to meet in Chicago on the 4th of July, will be postponed.

The National Democratic Committee, it is understood, have the subject under consideration, and will arrive at some definite conclusion before the 20th inst.

Maryland has obtained the hundred day men called for by Gov. Bradford.

The *Echo of Honfleurs*, France, states that for some days past a stranger from Paris, with an official introduction, has been making experiments with electric light in fishing. The fish, attracted by this great light, arrive in shoals at the surface of the water, and are taken without any difficulty with a net.

A Paris correspondent says: "A belligerent encounter between North and South took place at the close of a lively discussion of the question in dispute between two young gentlemen, at the Grand Hotel a few days ago. South struck the first blow, but North, in the language of a very young gentleman who witnessed the *rencontre*, punched South's head and smashed it, putting him *hors du combat* in a twinkling."

The consumption of meat in New York has fallen off one-quarter under the high prices. People eat fish and vegetables,—cheap and "werry filling at the price."

A little boy running along stubbed his toe and fell on the pavement. "Never mind, my little fellow," said the by-stander, "you won't feel the pain to-morrow." "Then," answered the little boy, "I won't cry to-morrow."

The National Union Ratification meeting in Chicago on Friday night was a grand success. The south side of Court House Square was packed full of people. The enthusiam of the occasion indicated that Abraham Lincoln has the love and confidence of the patriotic masses to an eminent degree. Chicago heartily endorses the Baltimore platform and the Baltimore candidates.

It is said that a man residing in Western Massachusetts recently went to Washington, and told Secretary Stanton that he would take Richmond if the Secretary would "take charge of the Congregational Church on Chester Hill." The citizen had been as much troubled in regulating his church affairs as the Secretary had with military matters, and he thought if an exchange of work could be made, it would at least be a relief to him.

There are none braver in the Federal armies than the stretcher-bearers. One was killed and five wounded of those attached to the Sixth corps, Wednesday, for they press to the very front for the wounded. Twenty-six of them have been killed and wounded in this corps during the campaign, and scarcely less than a hundred in the army altogether.

A number of citizens of Trenton, N. J., have formed themselves into an association to be called the "Anti-Extortion Society," having for its object a reduction in the prices of the necessaries of life, by refusing to purchase articles of consumption above certain prices and figures. Quite a number of names have been placed upon the rolls.

The daughter of A. B. Wade, Esq., of Kansas a little Miss scarcely four years old, spun yarn enough last fall to make a full suit of clothes for herself. She spun on a large wheel, and is so short that she cannot follow it with her hand over the axle, but very skilfully propels it by running it as far up as she can reach, and then catching the arms on the opposite side as high up as she can reach. This is a most remarkable feat, and the little worker deserves the admiration of all those who desire to see stimulated into renewed activity the home industry of the old time. She, however comes by her habits of industry and her wonderful skill in the line of domestic manufacturing naturally. Her mother has woven 125 yards of woolen cloth since August, and spun enough yarn to make 75 yds more.

Late Military Intelligence.

On Thursday last, a force under General Gillmore made a demonstration on Petersburg, and succeeded in carrying the enemy's outer earthworks with the loss of only a few. While this was being done, Butler sent a force which succeeded in destroying three or four miles of the Petersburg and Richmond Railroad without any loss.

The steamer Emperor, at Cairo from New Orleans, brings intelligence that when she passed Columbia, on the 7th, she learned that Gen. A. J. Smith had had an engagement with the rebels and defeated them, with a loss of some forty or fifty on our side. When the Emperor passed, the Marine brigade boats were lying at Columbia, and the town was burning, as were the buildings on several plantations above Smithfield, which lies about two miles above Columbia.

On the first of June Gen. Gordon made a brilliant dash on the rebels in front of Jacksonville, Fla. The rebel camps Finnegan and Mitton were flanked, while another party attacked in front. The enemy fled in confusion.

On the 22d ult., Colonel Vongilsa, with detachments from various regiments—among others the 55th Massachusetts—proceeded towards Secessionville, near Charleston. At Battery Island the rebels were charged upon and driven from their earthworks. The 55th Massachusetts nearly annihilated one rebel regiment. The reconnoissance being satisfactorily effected, our troops were withdrawn. The firing on Charleston and Fort Sumter is kept up at intervals. General Beauregard had called for five thousand men to reinforce him, but was told they could not be spared. There is a prospect that the Keokuk will soon be raised.

A dispatch from the army of the Potomac the 11th says: Our left wing now extends across the railroad on the eastern bank of the Chickahominy. The advance in that direction was made yesterday morning by Griffin's and Cutlett's divisions, of the Eighth Corps, and Summer's Bridge was taken after a short encounter. The Eighteenth was advanced to the river, driving the enemy's pickets and occupying the bridge. Two North Carolina regiments were on the opposite side of the river and a rebel brigade at Meadow Station. Our position is impregnable against any assault.

The Crop Prospect.

From observation and inquirry of farmers, we are satisfied that the wheat in this county will not make more than half a crop. Wheat is very uncertain in this section.

Corn, potatoes, oats, grass, and most other articles look very well, though some of them would be benefited by rain. There is no danger of starvation in this country this year.—*Carlinville (Ill.) Democrat.*

The Grain Prospect.—Passing down the valley of the Illinois during the present week, we noticed that the grain everwhere looked finely, and the prospects of good crops at present are most excellent. In Hardin county we saw winter wheat, one stalk of which proved by measurement to be five feet four inches in height. In the vicinity of Farmington we learn that some little trouble has been caused in the late sown wheat by the chintz bug and hessian fly, but that the late rains have done much to destroy these pests.—*Peoria (Ill.) Transcript.*

[From the Indianapolis Journal.

The State was much interested in sending a good army of a hundred days men into the field, and as all that it is deemed advisable to do in this way has been done, the next greatest object of interest is the corps. There will be only the half of 20,000 hundred days men taken from the State, and consequently the farmers will not fee the effect of that call for troops as severely as was anticipated. The late rains in many portions of the State prevented early corn planting, but now the weather is so favorable, the lost time will not make the difference in the growth of vegetation which was apprehended. From all parts of the State we have favorable reports of the crops, both as to the breadth planted and present prospects. The Shelby *Banner* speaks of a heavy hail storm which visited the eastern part of that county, and asserts that a great many wheat fields are entirely ruined. We have seen young wheat badly cut up by hail, which recovered, making good crops, and we cannot but think the fields referred to will do the same thing. This is about the only paper we have noticed speaking in any but the most hopeful terms of the agricultural prospects. Judging from all we can learn we are of the opinion that Indiana will have a full average crop of grain and vegetables.

[From the Detroit Tribune.]

It is now pretty clearly demonstrated that the crop in the greater portion of Michigan during the present year will be exceedingly light. In this section there were no blossoms on the cherry, peach, plum, or apricot trees, and, comparatively speaking, but few on the apple trees. We shall consequently have to look elsewhere for a supply of fruit, and prices will probably hold high during the season. The cold of last winter was so intense that it completely killed the blossom buds. We shall have to look to Ohio for our finer kinds of fruit. There may be a fair supply of apples, but there is even some doubt upon this point. Quinces and grapes are not yet far enough advanced to determine with accuracy the prospect for a crop, but in all probability these, too have suffered immensely.

[From the Detroit Tribune, June 6.]

A. P. Randall, Hartford, writes us that he has been a resident of Western Van Buren county for the last five years, and has never seen winter wheat look better at this time of the year than it does at present.

R. M. Benham, of Eaton Rapids, says wheat is looking finely in Eaton county, and grass is very promising.

On the line of the Central road, it is estimated that east of Galesburg there will be half a crop of wheat; beyond Galesburg a full crop.

In Lenawee and Hillsdale counties, the prospect for wheat has improved, but the highest estimate of the crop in those counties is two-thirds of an average yield.

"Daily Commercial" Job Printing Office.—Orders for every style of Book and Job Printing promptly and neatly executed, from a visiting card up to a mammoth poster. The most rapid and improved steam presses are used in the execution of the work.

City Intelligence.

THE JEWISH SYNAGOGUE.

Feast of Pentecost.

CONFIRMATION.

Interesting Rites and Ceremonies.

The festival of Pentecost was celebrated, on Saturday, by Israelites in every quarter of the globe. The Divine commandment for its observance is found in the 16th verse of the 23d chapter of Exodus, namely: "And thou shalt celebrate the harvest feast, with the first fruits of thy labors, which thou hast sown in the field." A twofold interest is associated to the celebration of the Pentecost, because now the festival is also regarded as commemorative of the revelation of Mount Sinai. In more modern times, this has grown to be the day on which children are usually confirmed. With this understanding, we visited the Jewish Synagogue yesterday to witness the confirmation of a number of boys and girls. The Synagogue was decked with summer's brightest flowers, and wreathed all over with garlands, presenting a beautiful appearance. The peculiarity of the building, the mode of worship, and the hidden Hebrew, rendered it highly interesting to the stranger.

After the minister had finished the morning service, the scrolls of the law were borne from the ark in which they are kept, to the desk of the minister, with much pomp and solemnity. Various parts applicable to the day having been read therefrom, it was again returned to the ark with much the same ceremonies as when it was taken therefrom. The minister of the congregation, the Rev. Wm. Armhold, then left the readers' desk and took his place on the pulpit, ready to receive the children that were about to be confirmed, who then entered the Synagogue, led on by their preceptor, Prof. Cohen. Each child was accompanied by some friend. The scene was truly picturesque, the young ladies being clothed in white, their heads wreathed, and each one holding a boquet of flowers. As they entered the Synagogue the choir commenced to sing an appropriate hymn, which was finished by the time the procession had reached the front of the pulpit, from which they were to be confirmed.

The Rev. Armbold then commenced to address the congregation in reference to the confirmation. He took for his text Exodus, Chapter 19th, from verse 4 to 8, and delivered a very touching and beautiful sermon, illustrative of the peculiar manner in which they had survived the wrecks and revolutions of time. After this address the children chanted a confirmation hymn, which sounded very solemn. A prayer was then offered up by Master Isidore Myers, in the German language. We readily conceived that it was beautifully and touchingly expressed.

The examination of the children then commenced. Questions were asked in reference to Judaism, which elicited a prompt and ready reply from each one successively. It was evident that they were perfectly familiar with the Israelitish creed, and their religious proficieny reflected much credit upon their instructors, whom we learned were Rev. Armbold and Prof. Cohen.

The minister having concluded his examination he vacated the pulpit, which was then occupied by Prof. Cohen, who delivered a discourse from Ecclesiastics 12th chapter. He implored the children to remember that the vows and obligations which they had taken were not the evanescent expressions of thoughtless minds, but that they had ample time to reflect on the nature of that creed into which they had now entered, and had promised most solemnly in presence of the congregation to adhere to. He assured them their vows were already recorded in heaven, and hoped they might prove true to them. He very touchingly referred to the past history of Israel, and painted the sufferings and martyrdom of their forefathers in glowing terms. He dwelt on the cruel and despotic rule which had bound down their ancestors in Europe, illustrating his lecture by historical facts, taken from the Spanish Inquisition, and other modes of torture that human weakness had riveted on the Jews in the middle ages. He then explained the advantages of the United States Government, and showed them the necessity of being ever loyal to the Union, and to consider nothing too great a sacrifice for its defence. He prayed that they might "Remember their Creator in the days of their youth," and closed by assuring them that they should never be ashamed to own their faith. He told them prejudice was the offspring of ignorance, and not to entertain such feelings towards any, and however much may exist towards the Jews, he assured them that it was only the dark shadow which fills up the places that education should have enlightened, but that wherever the illuminating beams of education had entered, the phantom of prejudice, raised by bigotry, had vanished. The speaker, after recapitulating to them their future duties as Israelites, concluded in a very affecting style, breathing to them words of golden advice, which we hope may long remain green in the memory of the children.

The minister again entered the pulpit, and after certain interrogatories to the children, declared them members of the Jewish faith, after which the choir chanted a selection from the Psalms.

The confirmation class then arose and simultaneously offered up the following prayer, which was delivered with so much earnestness that none could help being deeply impressed. The prayer was composed by Prof. Cohen, especially for the occasion:

PRAYER.

Our most merciful Father! We look up to Thee this day, and with hearts full of gratitude for thy all-loving kindness, beg that our past errors may be forgiven. We would praise Thy great and holy name, but our feeble powers are too poor to do honor to Thee, our God. When we remember Thy mercy, Thy air we breathe, Thy food we eat, Thy garments we wear, Thy scenes which gladden our hearts, Thy wonders which fill the universe, Thy choice of Israel as Thy beloved, we know not how to thank Thee. We know that all our efforts would prove useless in praising Thee as Thou art. We know that all our treasures can purchase naught, to return our thanks, but we know that the outpouring of contrite hearts, devotion to our Maker, and obedience to our parents, are the noblest sacrifices we can lay on the altar of our faith; and knowing this we will always remember whose children we are, whose inheritance we possess, and the divine choice we represent, we will ever remain loyal to the spirit of Judaism, and prove true to the banner of Israel. Almighty God! this morn we leave the narrow walks of childhood and enter on the broad path of self responsibility; may we by our actions and religious conduct prove to our teachers that their efforts have not been in vain, and that the seeds of education implanted by them on the soils of our intellect, have not been scattered on a fruitless ground; but may these seeds present themselves fully developed and blooming in the reality and nobility of our future actions, and may our conduct henceforth be a practical reflex of the pure lessons as taught to us by our preceptors. This day is the starting point of a new era in our existence; the simplicity and sunshine of our youth makes way for the more complicated and darkened scenes of maturity; hitherto our lives have been all joy and pleasure; but henceforth we have to submit to those sorrows and trials which are natural to the mortal pilgrimage. May we ever put our trust in Thee, our Creator, in the brightest day of prosperity as well as in the darkest night of adversity. And when the foaming waves of temptation surround us, threatening to wash us into the ocean of sin, may the rememberences of this day prove the compass to guide us from such destruction. We will abide in Thee, O Lord, and calmly bow to all Thy judgments, for we know that Thou "who notest the sparrow's fall," will also watch over us, Thy children. Help us, O Lord! to preserve our present religious and moral intentions. Strengthen us, O King, that we may be enabled to endure the ardeals of life. Prosper us, O Father, that we may prove a pillar to the declining age of our parents. Grant us thy assistance, O Creator, in affording practical evidence of our love and devotion to them, and as the sun of their existence sinks towards its eternal home, may they rejoice at the successful and virtuous efforts of their children, in their earthly journey. We promise to Thee, our Heavenly Father, to be guided in all our wanderings by the doctrines we have pronounced this day, even from this morn of our new existence, till the eve of our future abode, and thus traveling through the thorny paths of life's entangled labyrinth, may we overcome all its thorns and briars of temptation, and emerge at last on the confines of eternity when natures last law—Death—shall summon us, prepared to appear at Thy tribunal, and worthy of that everlasting bliss, which awaits the faithful on the shores of the eternal world. Amen.

The prayer being finished the minister closed the confirmation by giving to each the priestly blessing, that was formerly pronounced by the high priests.

The confirmation now being concluded the minister finished the morning services, and the congregation departed to their respective homes.

After the divine service was concluded, the confirmees presented their preceptors with a testimonial each. The first was presented to Rev. Wm. Armhold, with a neat speech by one of the young gentlemen; the gift consisted of six silver tablespoons. The same gentleman was presented with a beautiful silver goblet.

One of the young ladies in a neat address presented Prof. J. Cohen with a massive gold-headed ebony cane.

The recipients replied in appropriate terms, expressing their regard for the gift, and assuring the donors it proved another link in the golden chain of their acquaintance; it was a glorious thing to feel a conscientious knowledge of having fulfilled their duties, but more glorious is that feeling when corroborated by the acts and words of those who have been the witnesses and objects of their labor.

*

Mr. and Mrs. Kleber's Concert will come off to-morrow evening at Concert Hall. A first class musical entertainment has been prepared and all who attend may rest assured of getting value received in music for their admission fee. The vocal and instrumental pieces are all of the first order of merit, and they will be performed by a choir of the best lady and gentlemen amateurs of the city. Add to this a fine orchestra, and the splendid piano performance by Mrs. Kleber, and we have the promise before us of a musical feast, rarely, if ever, equalled in this city. Secure your seats early if you would be comfortable. Hundreds of seats have already been taken up, and an overflowing house will gladden the hearts of the gentlemen of the Sanitary Commission. Seats $1, and no extra charge for securing them.

Princely Contributions.—The Franklin *Citizen* learns that Mr John Steele, of Venango county, gave to the Pittsburgh Fair the proceeds of his share of the oil produced on his farm for one day amounting to $2,000. The proprietors of the Story Farm in a like generous spirit have done the same thing, the yield in their case reaching the magnificent sum of $5,000. Very pleasant it is, indeed, to record such exhibitions of patriotic liberality.

Returned Home.—Capt. S. T. Griffith, who formerly had command of the Provost Guard in this city, having been mustered out of service by reason of expiration of term, left for his home in Washington, Washington county, on Saturday. Capt. Griffith was an excellent officer, and made a host of friends during his stay in the city.

Silks! Silks! Silks! black and colored, plain and figured, very cheap at Barker's, 59 Market St.

FUNERAL OF LIEUT. COL. MOODY.

INTERESTING CEREMONIES.

The funeral of the late Lieut. Col. Moody, of the 139th Regiment, Pennsylvania Volunteers, which took place on Saturday, was one of the largest and most imposing that ever occurred in this vicinity. The route, over which the immense concourse passed, was crowded by thousands of both sexes. The body, accompanied by the immediate friends of the deceased, was in state at St. Peter's Church, on Grant street, and the solemn burial ceremonies of the Episcopal Church, were pronounced by the Rev. Dr. Van Deusen, after which the body was removed.

The escort composed of companies of U. S. troops on duty in this city and Camp Reynolds, was formed on Grant street, opposite St. Peters Church, the right extending towards Fifth street, while opposite and in front of the escort the Typographical Union was formed in line. On the appearance of the corpse the escort was brought to a "present," when the Great Western Band, stationed on the left, opposite the entrance, commenced its solemn strains of music. The corpse was then borne from the left to the right of the escort, and along the front of the members of the Typographical Union, and placed in the hearse; the escort was then brought to a "shoulder arms" and wheeled by platoons to the left, when arms were reversed. It was then countermarched on Grant street and proceeded, by platoon with arms reversed, to the Allegheny Cemetery, via Fifth, Smithfield, Liberty, Wayne and Penn streets. The procession moved in the following order: Band, Military Escort, Episcopal Clergy, pall bearers as follows:

Capt. H. K. Sloan, Co. B, 11th Penn'a R. C.
Capt. Eli Waugaman, Co. I, " "
Capt. J. B. Clow, C. S.
Maj. Chas. Barnes, 9th Penn'a R. C.
Maj. Jas. C. Burke, 11th " "
Lt. Col. Robt. A. McCoy, " "

Hearse, members of the Typographical Union, Trades Assembly, members of the 139th Penn'a Volunteers, Odd Fellows, friends of the deceased, soldiers and citizens in carriages, &c.

On arriving near the place of burial the procession was halted, when the escort was wheeled into line opposite the grave—the members of the Typographical Union also in line on the opposite side. Arms were then brought to a "shoulder" and a "present," when the corpse was carried in front from the right to the tomb. On reaching the grave the escort was brought to a "shoulder" and "rest on arms," when Rev. Van Deusen read the impressive burial service of the Episcopal Church. Religious services ended, the escort was brought to a "shoulder," and afterwards three volleys were fired over the grave, after which the concourse returned to the city.

Ratification Meeting.

A meeting was held, pursuant to notice, at the Mayor's office, Saturday evening, June 11th, for the purpose of making the necessary arrangements for holding a Mass meeting of the Union party at as early a day as practicable, for ratifying the nominations of Abraham Lincoln and Andrew Johnson.

On motion, James Reese, Esq., of the 1st Ward was called to the Chair, and Billings G. Childs, of the 4th Ward chosen as Secretary.

On motion it was decided that the meeting be held on Saturday evening, June 18th, and that due notice of the time and place of meeting be given in the daily Union papers of Pittsburgh.

By direction of the meeting a Committee of three was appointed to procure a hall for such meeting. The Chair designated the following as such Committee: James M'Auley, 4th Ward; Wm. Phillips, 2d Ward, and Jared M. Brush, 6th Ward.

On motion it was resolved that a Committee of arrangements, to consist of twenty-five, be appointed, and that the President of this meeting be chairman of such Committee. The Committee named is as follows:

James Reese, 1st ward; G W Coffin, 1st ward; Thos. Steel, 2d ward; R W Mackey, 3d ward; Henry Hays, 3d ward; A M Clintock, 5th ward; J M Brush, 6th ward; W C McCarthy, 7th ward; J J Storr, 8th ward; W O Davis, 9th ward, Pittsburgh. W McKee, 1st ward; J K Brown, 2d ward; Casper Gaug, 3d ward; J S Jennings, 4th ward, Allegheny. W Oakley, Duquesne Boro; W S Spratt, Manchester; H K Bankard, Birmingham; J R Jaques, East Birmingham; A. Chambers, South Pitts; Richard Perry, Mong. Boro; J B Auth, West Pitts.; Esq. Gamble, Temperanceville; James Saint, Sharpsburg; J H Stewart, East Liberty; M Brown, Mansfield; G W Irwin, Lawrenceville.

The Committee were instructed to meet at the Mayor's office, Monday evening next, at 8 o'clock. The meeting then adjourned.

JAS. REESE, Prest.
B. G. Childs, Sec'y.

A New Pathology.—A new medical work, written and published in this city, by L. Oldshue, M. D. We see that our fellow citizen, Dr. L. Oldshue, is contributing to medical Literature as well as practice, and are glad to know that his labors in that line are receiving the favorable notice of medical journals. The *Eclectic Medical Journal*, of Philadelphia, speaks thus of the above work and its author: "We have received a copy of the work, and upon examination, must regard it as a volume highly to be recommended to every practitioner and student of medicine. Its great value consists in being based upon the natural laws of organization, and the reductions being made therefrom on scientific principles. So plainly are the general principles set forth, and scientifically the facts deducted, that no one can read it without great profit to himself, and feeling desirous of testing their practical results. The author gives not only the optical appearances and chemical conditions of the urine in more than sixty different diseases, and the indications of treatment these present, but the work also contains an illustrative chart of uninary deposits, arranged in the most perfectly scientific order, being the most complete, systematic and convenient chart of the kind now in use, which represents the microscopic appearance of over sixty different varieties of ingredients found in the urine. Upon the whole, it is the most valuable work of the kind that has ever been published, being peculiarly different from any other, and is worthy of a place in every medical library." Price $3: Address L. Oldshue, M. D., Pittsburgh.

For the presence in the "Old Curiosity Shop" of the Fair of the John Hancock Chair and the table on which the great Declaration of July 4, 1776, was signed, we are chiefly indebted to the courtesy of A. W. Benedict, Esq., the gentlemanly and patriotic Clerk of the House at Harrisburg, who has, officially, the care of those relics. Mr. and Mrs. Benedict paid our Fair a visit, and on their return home sent to Mr. Morrison, Chairman of the Curiosity Committee, a piece of the carpet used at Gen. Washington's headquarters at Norristown, N. J., in 1777-8, and a piece of the unfortunate sloop Cumberland, which the rebel ram Merrimac sunk off Newport News, accompanied by the following letter, which Mr. Morrison has kindly handed us for publication:—

HUNTINGDON, June 9, 1864.

Joseph S. Morrison, Esq.—*Dear Sir:* Not forgetting our promise, we (Mrs. B. and myself,) inclose the relics—a piece of Washington's carpet and a piece of the Cumberland. Not large, and of no value but such as attaches to their peculiar history, they may tempt some who value such things to give enough for them to furnish one drop of Samaritan oil for the suffering of some one soldier in the war of freedom.

Sell them for whatever they will bring. I will vouch for their genuineness. If they add a *mite* to the Great Charity of your city, we will be amply repaid for parting with them.

Yours, truly, A. W. Benedict.

Pennsylvania Wounded.

The following named Pennsylvania soldiers were wounded in the battles of the 4th, 5th and sixth of June:

S V Hutchinson, Company H, 102d Penna, leg; L H Mumah, I, 102d, back; John Lauth, A, 102d, nose; J A Weible, A, 102d, neck; Gotlieb Schemp, B, 98th, shoulder; Sergeant C Alden, C, 98th, leg; Pat Kelley, E, 102d, leg; J Schmidt, C, 102d, foot; Lieutenant I M Price, A. 61st, hip; L Gerhart, 93d, foot; G B Jones, H, 102d, arm; James Ford, G, 102d, arm; Sergeant Milton Hansell, I, 61st, head; Adam Short, G, 98th, face; John Schiminger, G, 139th; H Connor, D, 102d, thigh; C Brown, A, 102d, dead; J St Johns, K, 102d, back; F A Deal, E, 98th, thigh; W Shields, E, 102d, thigh; Lieut G Duff, 102d, eye.

Telegraph School.—The construction of so many new telegraph lines, and the consequent opening of so many new offices in the United States has created such a demand for new operators, that it has been found necessary to establish Telegraph Schools, one of which was very successfully opened at Chambersburg, about five months since, where about fifty operators were taught, all of whom are now employed on the different lines in that vicinity. A similar school will be opened here next week by the same teacher, for the purpose of qualifying and supplying operators for the Western lines. For particulars we refer to our advertising columns.

Disappointment.—The proprietor of Dow's Ice Cream Soda Apparatus shipped one of them to Pittsburgh, with the view of placing it on exhibition, and giving one-half the proceeds of the sales of ice cream and soda water to the Fair. When the apparatus arrived here it was receipted for by some irresponsible person, and could not be found. Another was sent for, which has arrived, and may be seen in operation in Monitor Hall. We may state that the one first shipped has at length been found, but by rough usage was badly broken. It has been sold and is being repaired.

Relieved.—A large detachment of Company A, 102d Regiment P. V., which has been on garrison duty here for some time past, has been relieved and will proceed immediately to the front. Lieut. Col. Young, 4th Penna. Cavalry; Major Peal, of the same command, acting Quartermaster of the post; Lieut. Kauffield, of the 102d, and Lieuts. Samsle and Pettit, of the 130th Penna. Vols., on recruiting service, have also been relieved and ordered to report to their respective commands.

Prices Reduced.—This evening, and until further notice, 75 cents will buy six tickets, viz: one for each building, except the Dining Hall. Single tickets, 15 cents each. This reduction is two-thirds on Floral Hall, and one-half on the others, and is made in order that all persons may have the opportunity to see the Fair. The children of the public schools are to be admitted during the week at a reduced price, at times to be arranged by the County Superintendent with the officers of the Fair.

Prison Inspectors.—The following appointments were made by the Court on Saturday for inspectors of the Western Penitentiary: Jas. B. Lyon, Theodore Nevin, and James Marshall. The Supreme Court will appoint two other members, when the Board will be complete. The three gentlemen appointed on Saturday are well-known citizens, and gentlemen every way qualified to fill the duties of the positions assigned them.

Concert for the Benefit of the Fair.—This evening the pupils of the Musical Academy, under the direction of Mr. D. Shryock, will give a Concert at Audience Hall, Fair grounds, for the benefit of the Sanitary Fair. The selections for the entertainment are of the best and most pleasing character, and the young lady performers possess great musical ability and good taste. The price of admission is fixed at twenty-five cents.

Alpacas, all colors and shades at Barker's.

The Remains of the Brave Col. Samuel W. Black.

Pittsburgh, always noted for its admiration of, and devotion to, the memories of the gallant men who have yielded up their lives, a sacrifice on the altar of their country, has yet a sacred duty to perform. While the bodies of Generals Jackson and Hays, Colonels Rippey, Hull, McIlwaine, Moody and other brave officers and soldiers have been brought home and buried, with all the honors due to patriot heroes, the bones of the noble, brave and gallant Black lie mouldering in the enemy's country. It is now believed that the ground where he was buried, near Gaines' Hill, is in the possession of our army. If this be so we think some action should be taken to secure Col. Black's remains, and bury them beside his venerated and respected parents. Let a meeting be held, and ways and means devised to accomplish the object. A more noble-hearted, fearless man, or braver soldier, ever drew a sword, than Sam Black, and it is due to his memory that a public *effort*, at least be made to get his remains.

Capt. Samuel C. Schoyer.—This gallant young officer arrived in the city in the noon train yesterday, in charge of his brother, S. Schoyer, jr. He is suffering from an exceedingly painful wound in the left ankle, received in the battle of Cold Harbor, June 2d—the same day that Lieut. Col. Moody was killed. Captain Schoyer has been in the service continually since September, 1862, and has participated in all the engagements in which the 139th regiment has taken part. He was wounded quite severely in the battle of the Wilderness, but, as a brave soldier that he is, he remained on duty till he received his second wound. We hope that with the loving care of his family he may speedily recover.

Pittsburgh, June 11, 1864.

This is to certify that I bought two legs from Neubert & Co., and they spoiled the whole of my leg. Afterwards I heard of Mr. Reichenbach, and got a leg from him, which does me very well. Any wounded soldiers, or others wishing to have a good leg, should call at 58 Fourth street. Neubert's legs are too heavy for a horse to carry, let alone a human being.

Yours Truly,
John E. Spahman,
Pitt Township, Pittsburg, Pa. Or find me at D. Stewart's, 26 Fifth street.

Extensive Robbery.—The house of Mr. Nicholas Jones, on Carson Street, East Birmingham, was entered on Sunday, whilst the family were at church, and robbed of $400 in greenbacks. The rascal who entered the house must have either been a novice in the business or was alarmed before he accomplished his object, from the fact that he left a sum of silver money, a set of silver spoons and two silver watches behind him. No suspicion attaches to any one as having committed the robbery.

Letting of the Connellsville Railroad.—We learn that the Board of Directors of the Pittsburgh and Connellsville Railroad Company, at their meeting on the 11th instant, awarded the whole line of their road, composed of eighty-six sections of about a mile each, to contractors of high standing, and that the work will be proceeded with energetically so soon as the questions arising out of the action of the Legislature shall have been disposed of.

Send Uncooked Meats.—We are requested *again*, to inform all who send in fresh meats to the Fair Refectory, to send them uncooked. The refectory ladies have abundant facilities for cooking all meats sent them. Those which are sent cooked are wasted.

Substitutes.—Among the substitutes forwarded to Capt. Wright, Post Commander, on Saturday, were five Canadians.

The Largest and Cheapest Stock of Dry Goods in this city is to be found at Barker's, 59 Market Street.

Mayor's Office.—Mayor Lowry had but nine common cases before him on Saturday.

Additional Local on First Page.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY!—SEVERAL GOOD SUBSTITUTES. Good prices paid. Inquire of JOHN ROTH, No. 26 Diamond Market, Or DAY & HAYDEN, No. 58 Wood Street, two doors below Fourth Street.
je13-3t GEORGE W. KIEFER.

MEDICAL PURVEYOR'S OFFICE, New York, June 9, 1864.

IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN MEDICINE, HOSPITAL STORES, BEDDING, &c., &c., are invited to submit their quotations to the Army Medical Purveyor, at his office, 466 Broom street, for his information and guidance, in the purchase of supplies. je13-3t

ADMINISTRATION.—ALL PERSONS INDEBTED to the estate of Wm. Slutchman, Sr., late of Hampton township, Allegheny county, are hereby notified that letters of administration have been granted to the undersigned, and all persons having claims will present the same for settlement forthwith.
WM SLUTCHMAN, Jr., Admininistrator.
McCandles T'p, Allegheny Co., June 13, 1864. je13-6w-1tpw

TELEGRAPH SCHOOL.—A PERSON OF MUCH EXPERIENCE as a Telegrapher and Teacher of the art, will open a school for the instruction and qualification of telegraph operators. Young ladies and gentlemen, who write a good hand, will be guaranteed situations after graduating at this school. For further particulars apply to
W. O. HUGHART, Sup't Pittsburgh & Connellsville Railroad,
J. H. ROBINSON, Manager Inland Telegraph Office, Third and Smithfield streets. Or to
E. A. DAVIS, 67 Fourth street, over Pitts. & Conn. R. R. Office, Pittsburg. j13-3t

SUMMER DRESS GOODS.
SILK GRENADINES!
WORSTED GRENADINES!
FRENCH ORGANDIES!
For sale by
WHITE, ORR & CO.,
je13 25 FIFTH STREET.

THE SULTAN'S IMPERISHABLE BATH BRUSH is a most ingenious and excellent article for the bath, has only to be seen to be appreciated. Call and see them at JOSEPH FLEMING'S Drug Store, corner of the Diamond and Market street, where also can be seen the largest and most complete assortment of Perfumery and fancy toilet articles in the city. Strangers visiting the Fair will find it to their interest to call and examine my stock.
Prime Potash. Prime Potash.
Superior Soda Ash. Superior Soda Ash.
Superior Soda Ash. Superior Soda Ash.
Alcohol. Turpentine. Camphene.
Alcohol. Turpentine. Camphene.
JOSEPH FLEMING'S DRUG STORE, Corner of the Diamond and Market street. jul1

WHITE, ORR & CO.,
25 FIFTH STREET,
Would invite the attention of buyers to their extensive stock of
SUMMER DRESS GOODS,
Which they will sell at low prices. jul1

PROVOST MARSHAL'S OFFICE, 22d District Penna., 98 Fourth street, Pittsburgh, June 6, 1864.
DRAFTED MEN ARE NOT ALLOWED TO enlist as Volunteers, after being drafted, and the credits for drafted men will remain for the sub-districts from which they were drafted, no matter whether local bounty has or has not been paid to such men upon illegal enlistments. By order of
Lieut. Col. J. V. BOMFORD, A. A. Pro. Mar. Gen. of Penna.
J. HERON FOSTER, Capt. and Pro. Mar. 22d Dis. Pa.
ju10-3td-1tw

DEPUTY QUARTERMASTER GENERAL'S OFFICE, Pittsburgh, Pa., June 10, 1864.
ARTILLERY HORSES PURCHASED IN OPEN MARKET.—$165 will be given by the undersigned at Pittsburgh, Pa., for good Artillery Horses, payable in certificates of indebtedness for not less than ten horses. These horses must be well formed, active and free from all defects; age from five years old this spring to nine years, from 15½ to 16 hands high, and to weigh not less than 1050 pounds.
White horses and mares will be excluded. They will be examined by a competent judge, and all horses presented must conform to the above specifications.
O. CROSS, ju10-tf Lt. Col. and Dep. Q. M. Gen.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.—NOTICE.—H. L. BOLLMAN & A. GARRISON having purchased the interest of JOHN CANARD in the firm of BOLLMAN, GARRISON & CO., all accounts due and all debts owing by said firm, will be settled by the remaining partners, and the business will be continued as heretofore, under the name and style of BOLLMAN, GARRISON & CO.
H. L. BOLLMAN,
A. GARRISON,
G. W. BOLLMAN,
J. H. RICKETSON,
JOHN CANARD.
Pittsburgh, June 10, 1864.—1w

CHANGE OF CO-PARTNERSHIP.—DAVID CRAWFORD having disposed of his interest in the firm of SHOENBERGER & CO., to the remaining partners, the business will be conducted as heretofore, under the name and style of SHOENBERGER & CO.
W. H. SHOENBERGER,
THOS. S. BLAIR,
W. CRAWFORD, Jr.,
EDWIN MILES,
JOHN S. SLAGLE,
DAVID CRAWFORD.
Pittsburgh, June 9, 1864 3t

M. WHITMORE...C. H. WOLFF...S. J. DUFF...T. H. LANE
WHITMORE, WOLFF, DUFF & CO., (Sign of the Anvil,) Importers and Dealers in HARDWARE AND CUTLERY, Three doors above St. Charles Hotel, No. 50 WOOD STREET, Pittsburgh. jul1

LIGHTNING RODS.—Persons wishing to have LIGHTNING RODS Put up on their Houses, &c., can have it done in a good and substantial manner by
BOEDEL & DAEWERITZ, je3-3m 139 THIRD Street.

CAUGHT.—A RAFT OF PINE LOGS WAS caught adrift in the Ohio river about the first of May, and landed at the Marine Railway. The owner or owners are desired to reclaim the property at once, or it will be sold to pay charges. The Company are filling in dirt on the landing, and it is necessary the logs should be removed immediately.
B. BOLAND, ju10-3t Superintendent.

MARVIN'S SUPERIOR WINE AND BOSTON CRACKERS For sale at every Grocery Store in Pittsburgh, Allegheny, and Birmingham. Made at 64 FOURTH Street.
je4 S. S. MARVIN.

BIRD CAGES—BIRD CAGES.—A LARGE stock of fancy BIRD CAGES of all styles, patterns and price, which we will sell cheaper than can be bought anywhere in the city. Please give us a call.
ROBERTS, BARNES & CO., 29 Third Street, Pittsburgh. ju8-1w

PITTSBURGH, June 8, 1864.
COLUMBIA OIL COMPANY.—DIVIDEND NOTICE.—The Directors of this Company have this day declared a dividend of TEN DOLLARS PER SHARE out of the profits of last month, payable to the Stockholders on and after Thursday the 9th inst. By order of the Board. B. WESTERVELT, ju9-1w Secretary.

JAMES IRWIN, MANUFACTURER OF OIL OF VITRIOL AND AQUA AMMONIA. Orders left at John Porterfield & Co.'s office, corner of Market and First streets, will receive prompt attention.

AMUSEMENTS.

PITTSBURGH THEATRE.
Lessee and Manager.....WM. HENDERSON
Treasurer.....H. OVERINGTON
Second night of the celebrated Actor and Pantomimist Mr. EDWIN BLANCHARD, and his highly trained dogs Carlo and Bruin.
This (MONDAY) EVENING will be presented the thrilling drama entitled
THE DOG OF THE MOUNTAIN;
or, THE CATTLE STEALERS.
Dugald (the felon,).....Mr. Blanchard.
The cast embracing the entire company.
To conclude with
UNCLE SAM.

CONCERT POSTPONED.
It is deemed expedient by the Executive Committee and the undersigned to postpone the
Concert
Announced by Mr. and Mrs. H. KLEBER to
Tuesday Evening, June 14,
When it will take place at
CONCERT HALL
FIFTH STREET.
td HENRY KLEBER.

WANTED.

WANTED TO RENT.—A COMFORTABLE DWELLING HOUSE, with out buildings, situated in the town part of Penn street, or on one of the commons in Allegheny, worth from $400 to $800 per annum. Possession to be given any time before November 1st. Address Penna. Salt Manf. Co., foot of Pitt street. jul1-1meod

STOCKS.—WANTED:
Iron City Bank Stock.
Eureka Insurance Co.
Western Insurance Co.
FOR SALE—Pitts. & Conn. R. R. Stock.
Pitts. & Conn. R. R. Bonds.
S. S. BRYAN, Broker and Insurance Agent, 59 Fourth street.

A FURNISHED ROOM WANTED, with or without board, in a private family, or where there are but few boarders. Address, stating location, "R. D." COMMERCIAL OFFICE. my24

WANTED IMMEDIATELY.
ARMY OF THE CUMBERLAND, Nashville, Tenn., March 15, 1864.
BY ORDER OF CAPT. CHARLES H. IRVIN, A. Q. M., Nashville, Tenn.
4,000 GOOD ABLE-BODIED LABORING MEN for six months, unless sooner discharged on account of sickness or other cause at $40 per month, and rations free.
100 first-class Carpenters, for six months, to work on Government work at Nashville, Tenn. Tools furnished and rations free. Pay $60 per month, pay to commence from the time of leaving home.
Transportation free from any railroad station in Ohio and Pennsylvania, to Nashville.
For any information, address me at Columbus, O.; Coshocton, O.; Steubenville, O.; and I will be at Pittsburgh, Pa., which you read a notice of the times in the Ohio State Journal. Address
JOHN MIRISE, A. Q. M. Agent,
Or WM. HARRISON, my Agent,
Also, at the SCOTT HOUSE, corner Irwin and Duquesne Way, Pittsburgh. je1:1m

SANITARY FAIR.

ATTENTION, LADIES.
REFECTORY DEPARTMENT.
At the following designated places the contributors to the Refectory will please leave their provisions:
On their respective days the Allegheny Wards will leave their contributions at the Dining Hall. Manchester will also leave at the Dining Hall on Friday, June 10th. McClure township, and other townships north of Allegheny river, except Shaler, will also deposit at Dining Hall.
McClure on Monday, June 12th. The others on Saturday, June 11th.
Birmingham, where Lady Solicitor has directed, on Thursday, June 2d.
Mt. Washington, where Lady Solicitor has directed, on Friday, June 3d.
Sharpsburg, at Fourth Ward School House, on Saturday, June 4th.
East Liberty, where Lady Solicitor has directed, Monday, June 6th.
Moon Township at Dining Hall, on Tuesday, June 7th.
Oakland, at Eighth Ward School House, on Wednesday, June 8th.
Lawrenceville, where Lady Solicitors have directed on Thursday, June 9th.
Minersville, where Lady Solicitors have directed, on Tuesday, June 7th.
Evergreen Hamlet, at Dining Hall, on Saturday, June 11th.
All donations should be sent at or before ten a. m. Donors are earnestly requested to be punctual in sending.
MRS. S. JONES, Chairman Refectory Committee.
Contributors will please mark their dishes by pasting their names on the bottom of each dish, as they will be returned immediately to the places from which they were taken. jul

WALL PAPER.

THE GREATEST VARIETY of elegant and cheap
WALL PAPER,
WINDOW SHADES and
OIL CLOTHS.
Are sold at
FOERSTER & SCHWARZ'S,
my18:e-o-d No. 164 Smithfield street.

WALL PAPER—Of all grades, still selling at the lowest rates, at No. 107 Market street.
p22 JOS. R. HUGHES.

PANEL PAPERS—For Halls, Dinning Rooms, Vestibules, &c., in fresco and wood colors, at No. 107 Market street, near Fifth.
ap22 JOS. R. HUGHES.

DAY & HAYDEN,
MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN
SADDLERY, HARNESS
AND
COACH HARDWARE,
58 Wood street,
SIGN OF THE GOLDEN STIRRUP;
PITTSBURGH, PA.,
Would respectfully call the attention of Saddlers, Coach Makers, and dealers in general, to their
LARGE AND WELL SELECTED STOCK
Consisting in part for Carriage Manufacturers of
Patent and Enameled Leathers,
Enameled Cloths, Damasks,
Broad Cloths, Laces,
Fringes, Bands, Springs,
Axles, Bolts, Felloes,
Spokes, Hubs,
Shafts, etc., etc.
All of which have been
PURCHASED WITH GREAT CARE.
Especially the Wood Work which will be found of the
Best Quality, Well-Seasoned and Dry.

Saddiers and Harness-Makers
Will find a full and complete Stock of
Harness Leathers, Saddle-Trees, Hames,
Webs, Full Measure Straining Webs,
of all Numbers; Bits, Buckles,
Stirrups, Spurs, Threads,
Etc., Etc.
TO THE SADDLERS.
P. S.—We do not deal in Saddles and Bridles, but leave these Goods for our customers to make and sell as they properly belong to that branch.
je2-2w DAY & HAYDEN.

OFFICE COLLECTOR OF INTERNAL REVENUE, 22D COLLECTION DISTRICT, PA., PITTSBURGH, June 6, 1864.
Having assumed the office of Collector of Internal Revenue, I am now prepared to receive all taxes due under the U. S. excise laws of the United States.
This Collection District will be sub-divided into three sub-Districts as follows:
First District will embrace the city of Pittsburgh, Pitt Township, Lawrenceville and as many of the manufacturers south of the Monongahela as have offices or warehouses in the city, and all taxes will be paid at the office No. 67 Fourth street.
Second District will consist of the Townships of Jefferson, Mifflin, Elizabeth, Versailles, Patton, Plum, Penn, Wilkins, Peebles and Collins, and the Boroughs of Elizabeth, West Elizabeth, and McKeesport, and will make payment of taxes to Mr. Wm. E. Harrison, Deputy Collector, at such times and places as he may designate.
Third District will embrace the Townships of Crescent, Moon, Findley, North Fayette, South Fayette, Robinson, Snowden, Upper St. Clair, Lower St. Clair, Scott, Chartiers, Neville, Union and Baldwin, with the Boroughs of Birmingham, East Birmingham, South and West Pittsburgh and Monongahela, excepting such parts as are assigned to sub-District No. 1, and will make payment to Mr. John A. Sergeant, at such times and places as he may designate.
Unpaid taxes due under the administration of the late Collector must be paid on or before the 15th inst., otherwise they will be placed in the hands of the proper officer for collection.
The monthly lists for April are now in this office, and payment must be made on or before the 10th inst. Due notice will be given of the times and places to pay the taxes for licenses and incomes.
WILLIAM LITTLE, Collector Internal Revenue, 22d Dist. Pa.
my12-12t

FLAGS,
ALL SIZES.....ALL PRICES.
ALBUMS,
IN EVERY STYLE.....AT LOW PRICES.
CARD PHOTOGRAPHS,
COLORED AND PLAIN.....GENERALS, &c.
POCKET BOOKS,
IN GREAT VARIETY.....LOW PRICES.
POCKET ALBUMS,
ALL SIZES.....ALL PRICES.
WAR MAPS,
VIRGINIA.....GEORGIA
LATE BOOKS,
LATE MAGAZINES.....LATE PAPERS.
PITTOCK'S,
jul opposite Postoffice.

JOHN SEIFERTH.....CHARLES WEIHL.
JOHN SEIFERTH & CO., SUCCESSORS TO LEOPOLD SAHL, IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN WINES, LIQUORS & CIGARS. 27 & 29 Market street, corner of Second, Pittsburgh.
jul

THE REV. DR. R. J. BRECKINRIDGE.

Interesting Presentation Ceremonies.

It having been the good fortune of the delegation from Illinois to the Baltimore Convention to meet with this venerable and distinguished patriot, who was a delegate from Kentucky, they determined to present him with a token of their esteem and appreciation of his great ability, lofty patriotism, and distinguished services and sacrifices in the cause of Liberty and Union. The delegation accordingly purchased at a cost of some $150, a beautiful silver pitcher on the handle of which is the American eagle, with wings extended; on the front is our country's flag, on the right side these words are engraved: "Robert J. Breckinridge, D. D., of Kentucky, from the Illinois Delegation to the Union National Convention, assembled at Baltimore, June 7, 1864." On the left the words "God and Liberty."

The Hon. B. C. Cook made the presentation in an appropriate speech on behalf of the delegation, to which Dr. Breckinridge replied as follows:

Mr. Chairman and Gentlemen: I receive with very great sensibility this token of your approbation, for you know how great a surprise it must be to me that you should have thought of bestowing on me, in a manner so kind, a public and decisive mark of your kind construction of my past conduct and my cherished principles. Next to the approval of God and that of our own conscience, that which every generous heart desires is the approval of those who are worthy of our confidence and love; and surely if there are in this world men who are good judges of what unstained loyalty to the nation and unflinching courage in the maintenance of its existence and its glory ought to be, the people of Illinois, whom you represent, have proved by their deeds that they are such men. To say nothing of the beauty or the value of this token of your regard, it is of exceeding value to me that it is you who have considered me worthy of such an expression of your feelings.

I do not pretend to have done more than I was bound to do. I am not free to say that what I have done was worthy of the notice it has attracted, but it is something, perhaps, which it will be good for our children to remember, that a simple citizen, in a private station, has been able, by purely personal acts, to influence, in any degree, the cause of a mighty revolution in one of its most important and dangerous theatres, and I need not deny that your kindness to me to-day will stimulate my heart in the new and alarming crisis that has fallen upon Kentucky, and in the renewed efforts demanded by the great dangers of that crisis. A counter revolution in Kentucky would be fatal to her, and a menace of terrible import to the nation itself.

This token you have given me is avowedly made, and is so understood and accepted by me, as signifying that love of universal liberty and that equal love of our glorious country which you and I profess to love and cherish. Highly as I cherish it, it is not the first I have received. In this very city (Baltimore) it was my good fortune to receive, at least twenty-five years ago, another from a race and a class as despised then as yours is glorious now, which the coincidence, if not your own high and generous principles, will excuse me for stating, as a proof that what you approve in me goes very far back in my life. It was my lot, aided by a band of noble men, most of whom I have survived, to defeat and crush a conspiracy of multitudes of the slaveholders of Maryland, (in which I then resided,) to reduce into a condition hardly distinguishable from slavery, or to expel from the State the great and entire class of free blacks who then inhabited it. In token of my efforts for their race, the free blacks of this city, amounting to many thousands, purchased by small contributions amongst themselves, and presented to me, an exquisite token of at once their gratitude and their good taste. You, my friends, will not consider your most beautiful gift defiled by descending along with that touching memorial as an heir-loom in my family.

Mr. Chairman and gentlemen, we know not what is to become of any man in these times of rebuke and sorrow and change. We are betrayed over and often, even where we least expect it. By the help of God, I will try to live and die in such a way that not one of you shall ever blush when you remember this day. Be slow to believe of me anything else than that which will accord with what I say to you now. Count upon me always as the man who will stand by the country as long as there is any country to stand by, and who will follow his convictions to the gates of death.

DENTISTRY.

WHY SUFFER

Pain in the Extraction of Your Teeth,

when you can have them

EXTRACTED WITHOUT ANY

AT THE

Dental Establishment, No. 278 Penn st.,

by a perfectly safe and pleasant process?

Call and examine those beautiful specimens of

ARTIFICIAL TEETH

and you will be convinced that they are superior to any made in the city.

A full set on Vulcanite, Plain Teeth, $5.

A full set on Vulcanite, with beautiful Gums, and the plate highly polished, for from $10 to $12.

Partial and full sets on Gold and Silver at proportionate rates.

Old Gold Plates purchased at their full value.

Dr. J. SCOTT has entire charge of the Operative Department.

QUINCY A. SCOTT, Dentist.

mh8 278 PENN STREET.

PROPOSALS.

HORSES! HORSES! HORSES!

War Department, Cavalry Bureau,
Office of Chief Quartermaster,
Washington, June 8, 1864.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at this office until 12 o'clock m., Monday, June 20, 1864, for two thousand (2000) Cavalry Horses, to be delivered at the Government Stables at Giesboro Depot, near Washington City, within forty (40) days from date of contract.

Said horses to be sound in all particulars, well broken, full in flesh, from fifteen (15) to sixteen (16) hands high, from five (5) to nine (9) years old, in good condition, and well adapted in every way to Cavalry purposes.

These specifications will be strictly adhered to, and rigidly enforced in every particular.

No bid will be entertained unless accompanied by a guaranty for its faithful performance.

☞ Should any United States officer guarantee the proposal of a bidder who should prove to be irresponsible, his name will be reported to the Secretary of War, with a recommendation that such officer be dismissed the service.

All bidders and guarantors will be held to the strictest accountability, and every failure to comply with terms of contract, or to make the contract when awarded, will be followed by prosecution to the full extent of the law.

Form of bid and guaranty can be had on application to this office.

Successful bidders will be prepared to enter into written contracts, with good and sufficient security, immediately on the acceptance of their bids.

The oath of allegiance must accompany each bid.

The undersigned reserves the right to reject all bids deemed unreasonable.

Bids for one hundred (100) horses and upwards will be entertained.

Bids for *the entire number* of horses required are invited.

Payment will be promptly made on completion of contract.

No mares will be received.

Proposals must be endorsed "Proposals for Cavalry Horses," and addressed to Lieut. Col. James A. Ekin, Chief Quartermaster, Cavalry Bureau, Washington, D. C.

Any other information will be promptly given on application, personally or by letter, to

JAMES A. EKIN,
Lieut. Col. and Chief Quartermaster,
Cavalry Bureau.

Purchase in the open market will be continued at Giesboro Depot until the contract is awarded. Payment made in Certificates of Indebtedness for seven (7) horses or more. jul1

ARMY CLOTHING AND EQUIPPAGE OFFICE.

Philadelphia, June 6, 1864.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at this office until MONDAY NEXT, the 13th inst., at 12 o'clock m., for supplying the Schylkill Arsenal with the following articles, required in LARGE quantities, viz.:

Felling Axes, army standard.
Felling Axe Handles, army standard.
Spades, do do
Shovels, do do
Pick axes, do do
Pick axe handles, do do

Samples can be seen at this office. Bidders must state in their proposals the price, which must be given in *writing*, as well as in figures, the quantity bid for, and *time of delivery*. Each bid must be guaranteed by two responsible persons, whose signatures must be appended to the proposal. Bids from defaulting contractors will not be received. Blank forms for proposals can be had on application at this office, and each bid must be endorsed with the name of the particular article or articles bid for. G. H. CROSMAN,

ju8-at Asst. Q. M. Gen. U. S. A.

A JOINT RESOLUTION PROPOSING CERTAIN AMENDMENTS TO THE CONSTITUTION.

Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, That the following amendments be proposed to the Constitution of the Commonwealth, in accordance with the provisions of the tenth article thereof:

There shall be an additional section to the third article of the Constitution, to be designated as section four, as follows:

"Section 4. Whenever any of the qualified electors of this Commonwealth shall be in any actual military service, under a requisition from the President of the United States, or by the authority of the Commonwealth, such electors may exercise this right of suffrage in all elections by the citizens, under such regulations as are, or shall be, prescribed by law, as fully as if they were present at their usual place of election."

Sec. 2. There shall be two additional sections to the eleventh article of the Constitution, to be designated as sections eight and nine, as follows:

"Sec. 8. No bill shall be passed by the Legislature containing more than one subject, which shall be clearly expressed in the title, except appropriation bills."

"Sec. 9. No bill shall be passed by the Legislature granting any powers, or privileges, in any case where the authority to grant such powers or privileges has been or may hereafter be conferred upon the Courts of this Commonwealth."

HENRY C. JOHNSON,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
JOHN P. PENNEY,
Speaker of the Senate.

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF THE COMMONWEALTH, Harrisburg, April 25, 1864.
PENNSYLVANIA, SS.

{L. S.} I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a full, true and correct copy of the original Joint Resolution of the General Assembly, entitled "A Joint Resolution on proposing certain amendments to the Constitution," as the same remains on file in this office.

In testimony whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the Secretary's office to be affixed, the day and year above written.

ELI SLIFER,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

The above resolution having been agreed to by a majority of the members of each House, at two successive sessions of the General Assembly of this Commonwealth, the proposed amendments will be submitted to the people, for their adoption or rejection, on the first TUESDAY of August, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four, in accordance with the provisions of the tenth article of the Constitution, and the act, entitled "An Act prescribing the time and manner of submitting to the people, for their approval and ratification or rejection, the proposed amendments to the Constitution," approved the twenty-third day of April, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four.

ELI SLIFER,
my27:ltm Secretary of the Commonwealth.

DR. J. B. SPEER,

196 Penn Street, Pittsburgh.

OFFICE HOURS—8 to 9 a. m. and 2 to 3 p. m.

Dwelling, No. 39 FEDERAL STREET, Allegheny City, where calls will be attended to at 7½ to 8½ o'clock, daily.

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Pittsburgh Commercial.

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[illegible] 15 Cents per Week.

THE TRAVELER'S GUIDE.

ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF TRAINS.

Pennsylvania Central.

Departs.		Arrives.	
Thro Accom'n	5:30 a m	Baltimore Exp'r.	12:20 p m
Thro Mail	2:50 a m	Philadelp'a Ex's.	11:50 p m
Thro Express	4:35 p m	Fast Line	12:50 a m
Fast Line	3:35 p m	Thro Mail	[illegible]
Joh'n Acm'n	3:00 p m	Joh'n Acm'n	10:05 a m
1st Wall Station	6:20 a m	1st Wall Station	6:15 a m
2d do	11:40 a m	2d do	8:35 a m
3d do	3:30 p m	3d do	1:55 p m
4th do	6:00 p m	4th do	5:05 p m

The Church train leaves Wall's Station (on Sunday) at 9:05 a. m., returns at 12:45 p. m.

Pittsburgh, Ft. Wayne & Chicago.

Departs.		Arrives.	
Fast Line	1:50 a m	Chicago Express	2:20 a m
Express	1:10 p m	Phila. "	2:10 p m
Mail Train	6:30 a m	Cin'tl "	7:50 p m
		Crestline Mail	7:00 p m

The New Brighton Accommodation leaves Allegheny Station at 9:15 a m, 12:00 m, 4:30 p m and 5:40 p m. Returning, leaves New Brighton Station at 5:50 a m, 7:00 a m, 12:30 p m, and 2:50 p m.

Alliance Accomodation leaves Allegheny Station at 2:10 p. m.

Pittsburgh and Connellsville.

Departs.		Arrives.	
Mail	7:35 a m	Mail	6:00 p m
Express	3:40 p m	Express	9:30 a m
1st McKeesport	11:00 a m	1st McKeesport	6:50 p m
2d "	6:15 p m	2d "	2:05 p m
Port Perry	7:00 a m	Port Perry	8:20 a m
Braddock's	4:15 p m	Braddock's	5:40 p m

The Sunday Train to and from M'Keesport leaves at 1:00 p m, and arrives at 10:00 a m.

Allegheny Valley.

Departs.		Arrives.	
Mail	7:00 a. m.	Mail	7:00 p. m.
Express	4:30 a. m.	Express	9:25 a. m.
Accommodation	3:00 p. m.	Accommodation	7:45 a. m.

Cleveland and Pittsburgh.

Departs.		Arrives.	
Mail	6:10 a. m.	Mail	8:30 p. m.
Cincinnati	1:45 a. m.	Cincin. Express	8:05 p. m.
"	1:45 p. m.	do do	2:10 a. m.
Wheeling	6:20 a. m.	Steubenville Accommodation	10:00 a. m.
Steubenville Accom'n leaves Allegheny	2:30 p. m.		
Cleveland	1:45 a. m.		
do	1:45 p. m.		

☞ The Excelsior Omnibus Company have Omnibusses and carriages in waiting for passengers arriving in trains from both East and West.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

Artificial Limbs.	
N. W. Newbert	13 St. Clair st.
C. Heimbold	96 Smithfield st.
Advertising Agents.	
C. Mather	Philadelphia.
S. M. Pettingill	New York.
Ambrotypes.	
J. W. Purviance	cor. Market & Fifth streets.
Banks.	
First National Bank	Wood, near Fifth st.
Exchange Bank	Fifth st.
Bank of Pittsburgh	Fourth st.
Allegheny Bank	Fifth st.
Merchants' and Manufacturers'	Fourth st.
Citizens' Bank	corner Wood and Diamond alley.
Boots and Shoes.	
H. Childs & Co.	133 Wood st.
Slater & South	54 Market st.
Book and Job Printers.	
W. S. Haven	Corner Third and Wood.
J. B. Kennedy	78 Fifth st.
Book, Stationery and News Dealers.	
J. W. Pittock	78 Fifth st.
W. S. Haven	corner Third and Wood sts.
John P. Hunt	59 Fifth st.
Bakers.	
S. S. Marvin	64 Fourth street.
Commission Merchants.	
R. H. King	211 Liberty st.
Allen & Needles	Philadelphia.
Taussig, Livingston & Co	St. Louis.
Cotton Manufacturers.	
Park, Painter & Co.	149 First and 122 Second street.
King & Pennock	29 Wood street.
Cloaks and Mantillas.	
Pittsburgh Cloak and Mantilla Store	73 Market st.
Coal Dealers.	
Meskimen & Norton	Allegheny.
Carriage Manufacturers.	
Cornwell & Kerr	5 St. Clair street.
Dry Goods.	
J. W. Barker & Co	59 Market st.
J. M. Burchfield	corner Market and Fourth st.
A. Bates	21 Fifth st.
Joseph Horne	77 and 79 Market st.
Gardner & Schleiter	92 Market st.
H. J. Lynch	96 Market st.
E. R. Gardner	93 Market st.
White, Orr & Co.	25 Fifth st.
Wilson, Carr & Co.	94 Wood st.
Druggists.	
Joseph Fleming	corner Diamond and Market st.
Chas. H. Super	corner Penn and St. Clair sts.
J. J. Bender & Co.	corner Wayne and Liberty sts.
B. L. Fahnestock & Co.	6 & 78 Wood & 91 Fourth st.
Dentists.	
G. W. Spencer	250 Penn st.
Quincy A. Scott	278 Penn st.
Foundries.	
Charles Knap	cor. Etna and Pike street.
Cadman & Crawford	cor. Duquesne Way & St. Clair
Wm. G. Price	cor. Pennsylvania ave. and Price st.
Freight Agents.	
Clark & Co.	cor. Liberty and Water streets.
Grocers.	
Wm. Bagaley	718 and 20 Wood street.
G. B. Jones & Son	191 Water street.
J. S. Dilworth & Co.	130 and 132 Second st.
Miller & Ricketson	221 Liberty street.
Cook, Pettit & Co.	corner Smithfield and First sts.
Gas Fitters.	
Weldon & Kelly	cor. Sixth and Wood street.
Glass Manufacturers.	
C. Ihmsen & Son	133 First street.
Hatters.	
Wm. Fleming	139 Wood st.
Hardware.	
Whitmore, Wolf, Duff & Co.	50 Wood st.
House and Sign Painters.	
Brown, Morrow & Co.	91 Third street.
W. A. Lyons	7 Fifth street.
Hotels.	
National	McKeesport.
Union	Philadelphia.
Girard House	Philadelphia.
Belvidere	Sharpsburg.
Jones House	Harrisburg.
Iron Manufacturers.	
Lyon, Shorb & Co.	121 Water st.
Lewis, Oliver & Phillips	cor. Market and Water st.
Spang Chalfant & Co.	91 and 92 Water st.
Jones & Laughlin	121 Water st.
Graff, Bennett & Co.	97 Water st.
Lloyd & Black	88 Water st.
Insurance Offices.	
Allegheny Insurance Co.	37 Fifth st.
Citizens' Ins. Co.	corner Market and Water sts.
Peoples' Insurance Co.	corner Wood and Fifth sts.
Delaware Mutual Insurance co.	95 Water st.
Iron Foundry.	
Smith, Park & Co.	149 First st.
Joseph Pennock	141 Wood st.
Jewelers.	
John M. Roberts	16 Fifth st.
Lawyers.	
McMaster & Gazzam	98 Grant street.
H. C. Mackrell	Grant near Fifth street.
Hampton & Moreland	93 Diamond street.
W. & J. Hall Patterson	144 Fourth st.
Arthurs & Riddell	123 Fourth street.
E. S. Morrow	114 Fifth street.
Lithographs.	
Krebs & Bro	Corner Fifth and Wood.
Livery Stables.	
James Dain & Son	419 Penn street.
Merchant Tailors.	
John S. Lee	No. 49 St. Clair st.
H. Oppenheimer	83 Wood street.
W. H. McGee	10 St. Clair street.
Musical Instruments.	
Wamelink & Barr	12 St. Clair street.
Charles C. Mellor	82 Wood street.
J. M. Hoffman	53 Fifth street.
Machinists.	
J. J. Powers & Co.	cor. Liberty and Second street.
W. P. Porter	Temperanceville.
Foster & Co.	cor. Penn and Stanwix streets.
Machinery.	
S. S. Fowler & Co.	39 Water st.
Metal Broker.	
S. M. Wickersham	124 First st.
John Moorhead	74 Water st.
Manufacturers of Shovels and Spades.	
Lippincott & Co.	118 Water st.
Notions.	
Foerster & Schwartz	Smithfield st.
T. T. Myler & Co.	Corner Fourth and Wood.
Nursery.	
John Murdock, Jr.	Oakland.
Oil Dealers.	
Ardesco Oil Company	27 Irwin st.
Pennock, Ball & Co.	31 Market st.
Richardson, Harley & Co.	19 Irwin st.
Brewer, Burke & Co.	cor Duquesne Way & Hancock st.
Wightman & Anderson	92 Third st.
Cochran & Russell	Philadelphia.
North American Oil Company	80 Third st.
Opticians.	
G. E. Shaw	54 Fifth st.
J. Diamond	39 Fifth st.
Picture Frame Manufacturer.	
H. D. Brecht	126 Smithfield st.
Planing Mill.	
Shaub & McDonald	Anderson street, Allegheny.
Physicians.	
Dr. F. DeRolette	51 Grant street.
Real Estate and Stock Brokers.	
S. S. Bryan	9 Fourth st.
F. Torrence	189 Penn st.
Railroads.	
Connellsville R. R. Depot	cor. Ross & Water street.
Ft. Wayne & Chicago Depot	cor. Liberty & Grant sts.
Pennsylvania R. R. Co.	cor. Liberty and Grant sts.
Northern Central	cor. Liberty and Grant streets.
Philadelphia and Erie	Penna. R. R. Depot.
Restaurants.	
Vierheller & Roesing	64 Fifth street.
James S. Williams	Fifth street.
John Meyer	46 Smithfield st.
Frank Wilbert	32 Diamond.
E. Reineman	67 Smithfield st.
Rueckeisen	47 Fifth st.
Steel Manufacturers.	
Singer, Nimick & Co.	83 Water st.
Jones, Boyd & Co.	corner First and Ross st.
Park, Brother & Co.	157 First st.
Hussey, Wells & Co.	37 Fifth street.
Straw Goods.	
C. & A. Strouses	29 Diamond alley.
R. H. Palmer	84 Wood st.
Soap and Candles.	
B. C. & J. H. Sawyer	47 Wood st.
Crumpton & Co.	367 Liberty street.
Sewing Machine Agents.	
Wm. Sumner & Co.	27 Fifth st.
A. F. Chatony	18 Fifth st.
E. Axthelm	Corner Wood and Third st.
Tin-Ware.	
Barndollar & Price	Wood st.
Tobacconists.	
E. Megraw	31 St. Clair st.
E. Pichl	Third st.
Upholsterers.	
E. Edmondson & Co.	96 and 98 Third street.
Vitrol Manufactory.	
James Irvin	Lawrenceville.
Vinegar Manufactory.	
Redenbach & Sons	Ohio street, Allegheny.
Wines and Liquors.	
J. Seiferth & Co.	27 and 29 Market street.
Wall Paper.	
Joseph R. Hughes	107 Market street.

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Extra fine, two, three, four and five years old, including all the old leading varieties, and many new ones.

Also, a very large stock of Pear, (standard and Dwarf,) Cherry, Peach, Plum, Evergreen, Shade and Ornamental Trees, Roses, Grape Vines, Shrubs, Greenhouse Plants, &c., &c., wholesale and retail, at very reasonable prices.

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Jobbing in all kinds of light Castings done promptly to order.

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CHARLES KNAP,

CANNON FOUNDER,

O'HARA AND ETNA STREET,

se9 PITTSBURGH.

WM. G. PRICE, BERLIN FOUNDRY, Corner Pennsylvania avenue and Price street manufacturer of all sizes and descriptions of Castings for Oil Refineries, Glass and Gas Works, Wagon Boxes, Dog Irons, Grate Bars, Fire Fronts, Sash and Clock Weights, Pullies, Hangers and Couplings. All kinds of Castings for Agricultural Implements. Also Castings of all kinds for Plumbers and Gas Fitters. Also, Jobbing and Machine Castings, light or heavy made to order. se7-1

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GEORGE E. SHAW,

PRACTICAL OPTICIAN,

MANUFACTURER OF

CARBON OIL HYDROMETERS,

Thermometers and Barometers,

SACCHIOMETERS FOR BREWERS, &C.,

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Pittsburgh.

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SPECTACLES! SPECTACLES!—Let those see which cannot see. The greatest relief and improvement on the sight can be secured by using the celebrated DIAMOND RUSSIAN PEBBLE SPECTACLES, which have proved so beneficial to thousands of people since first introduced. The genuine Pebble can be got only at my place, No. 51 Fifth street. J. DIAMOND, Practical Optician.

☞ The largest assortment in this city of Thermometers, Hidrometers, Barometers, Opera Glasses, Field Glasses, Telescopes, Stereoscopes, Magic Lanterns, &c., &c., can be seen at my place.

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ARTIFICIAL LIMBS

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A. G. NEUBERT—MANUFACTURER OF ARTIFICIAL ARMS AND LEGS. Also, all kinds of TRUSSES, SUPPORTERS and SHOULDER BRACES. Machines for deformities of every description made to order. TRUSSES carefully repaired. Ladies attended by MRS. NEUBERT. No. 13 ST. CLAIR street, PITTSBURGH. se18:1y

SOAP, SOAP, SOAP, SOAP.—

It is an established fact that the

CHEMICAL OLIVE ERASIVE SOAP,

MANUFACTURED BY

B. C. & J. H. SAWYER,

is now preferred above all other Soaps in use. It has been tried with complete success and approbation by thousands of families throughout the United States and many in Europe, and it is entirely free from rosin, clay and other adulterations, and removes oil, grease, paint, tar, etc., from the hands and clothes. It is esteemed the purest, choicest and most economical Soap manufactured for laundry and family use.

IT CHALLENGES COMPETITION.

Among the many testimonials received respecting its excellence and its adaptation for use, in hard and soft waters, we can only now refer to the subjoined certificate, emanating from gentlemen well known, and who, whilst in the discharge of their respective duties in the tented field, as quartermasters and commissaries, had every opportunity of seeing it fully tried, and consequently soon became conscious of what contributed the most pleasure and comfort to our gallant soldiery.

Quartermasters' Department of the 12th, 13th and 14th Regiments Pennsylvania Volunteers:

SAWYER'S CHEMICAL OLIVE ERASIVE SOAP having been used very extensively in our regiments, we have no hesitation in certifying that it was found admirably adapted to the use of the soldiers, and decidedly the most superior Soap which could be procured for the service.

JAMES A. EKIN, Quartermaster 12th Regiment.
ALEX. FORSYTH, Quartermaster 14th Regiment.
M. K. MOORHEAD, Quartermaster 13th Regiment.

Headquarters General McCook's Division, United States Army:

SAWYER'S CHEMICAL OLIVE ERASIVE SOAP has been used by this Division for the past sixty days, and I have no hesitation in saying that it gives general satisfaction, and is regarded the best Soap that could be procured for the service.

Captain SAMUEL GAMAGE, Depot Commissary Mumfordsville, Kentucky.

The undersigned cheerfully bear testimony to the excellent qualities of SAWYER'S CHEMICAL OLIVE ERASIVE SOAP, which has been used extensively in our regiments for the past two months, and which has been found so well suited for the service. The soldiers of our regiments have never been furnished with any Soap they liked as much as this.

Captain W. H. ECKELS, Commissary Lociniel Cavalry, Jeffersonville, Indiana.

H. BINGHAM, Quartermaster 1st Wisconsin Regiment, Elizabethtown, Kentucky. de29

TO ARCHITECTS AND BUILDERS.—By the Act of May 5th, an appropriation of Fifty thousand Dollars was made for the Extension of the Capitol Buildings at Harrisburg. Architects and Builders are hereby requested to present plans for said extension, and proposals for building the same, to the undersigned, by the fifteenth day of June. The main object to be attained by the proposed extension is to furnish additional Committee Room for the Legislature, and the extension is to conform as far as possible to the architecture of the present building.

A. G. CURTIN, Governor,
ISAAC SLENKER, Auditor General.
JAMES P. BARR, Surveyor General.
HENRY D. MOORE, State Treasu'r.

Harrisburg, May 10, 1864—my23:m.

SCHAUB & McDONALD'S

SASH AND DOOR FACTORY,

Anderson street, near Hand Street Bridge, Allegheny city, Pa.

Flooring Boards, Sash, Doors, Frames, Venetian Blinds, Mouldings and Panel Shutters made to order and constantly on hand. se30:1y

H. C. MACKRELL......S. A. JOHNSON

MACKRELL & JOHNSON,

Attorneys at Law and Soldiers' Claim Agency,

No. 89 Grant street, three doors from corner of Fifth street. de1

E. EDMUNDSON......W. R. BATEMAN.

E. EDMUNDSON & CO., UPHOLSTERERS, Nos. 96 and 98 Third street, near Wood, Pittsburgh, Pa., manufacture and keep on hand every article in their line, viz: Curtain Goods, Ornaments, Fringes, Tassels and Cords, Comforts and Beds, Patent Spiral Spring, Hair, Cotton, Husk and Straw Mattresses, &c. Also, dealers in Wall Papers, Fireboard Prints, Window Shades, &c., &c. se7

DR. F. XAVIER DE ROLETTE, of Paris.

Date of Diploma, 1828.

Office—51 GRANT STREET, St. Nicholas Hotel Building.

The following specialties attended to:

1st. Examination of the Lungs and all diseases of the respiratory organs.
2d. Diseases peculiar to the women.
3d. Diseases peculiar to men, old and young. ap30

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ja3 MILLER & RICKETSON.

POLITICAL.

☞ FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER.—DAVID COLLINS, of Penn township, will be a candidate for the office of County Commissioner, subject to the decision of the Union Republican County Convention. mh14:tc

☞ FOR PROTHONOTARY.—D. C. HULZ will be a candidate for the office of Prothonotary, subject to the decision of the Union Republican Convention. fe23:tc

☞ FOR PROTHONOTARY.—GEORGE R. RIDDLE will be a candidate for the office of Prothonotary, subject to the decision of the Union Convention. fe11:d&wtc

☞ FOR PROTHONOTARY.—JACOB H. WALTER, of the Sixth ward, Pittsburgh, will be a candidate for the office of Prothonotary, subject to the decision of the Union Republican Convention. fe3:tc

☞ FOR PROTHONOTARY.—GEO. FINLEY will be a candidate for the office of Prothonotary, subject to the decision of the Union Republican County Convention. ja29:tc

☞ FOR PROTHONOTARY.—THOS. STEEL will be a candidate for the office of Prothonotary, subject to the decision of the Union Republican Convention. ja19

☞ CORONER.—JOHN McCLUNG, of the First ward, Allegheny, will be a candidate for Coroner of Allegheny county, subject to the decision of the ensuing County Union Convention. ja21-tc

IRON.

GRAFF, BENNETT & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

IRON AND NAILS.

WAREHOUSE:

No. 97 WATER STREET, BELOW WOOD,

fe12:1y PITTSBURGH, PA.

H. SPANG......C. B. HERRON......J. W. CHALFANT.

SPANG, CHALFANT & CO.,

ETNA IRON WORKS,

WAREHOUSE:

Nos. 91 and 92 WATER STREET,

ja14 PITTSBURGH, PA.

H. LLOYD......GEORGE BLACK.

LLOYD & BLACK.

KENSINGTON IRON WORKS,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Common, Refined, Charcoal and Juniata Bar, Boiler, Sheet, Angle and T Iron.

ALSO,

SMALL T AND FLAT RAILS, FOR COAL AND OTHER MINING PURPOSES.

WAREHOUSE: No. 88 Water and No. 6 Market sts

my2:6m PITTSBURGH, PA.

AMERICAN IRON WORKS.

WAREHOUSE: Nos. 120 Water and 158 First streets, PITTSBURGH, PA.

JONES & LAUGHLIN,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Common and best refined, charcoal Merchant Bar, Plate and Sheet Iron, Nails and Spikes.

Also manufacturers of PATENT COLD ROLLED SHAFTING, PISTON RODS AND PLATES se23

LYON, SHORB & CO.,

SLIGO IRON WORKS.

WAREHOUSE: No. 121 WATER STREET,

se9 PITTSBURGH, PA.

MANUFACTURERS.

EXCELSIOR BOLT & NUT WORKS.—

LEWIS, OLIVER & PHILLIPS,

Manufacturers of, and keep constantly on hand a full assortment of

Bolts, Nuts, Washers & Thimble Skeins.

☞ Office and Wareroom corner Market and Water streets, Pittsburgh, Pa. ju6-1y

CHARLES ROEDEL......HENRY DAEWERITZ.

ROEDEL & DAEWERITZ,

No. 39 THIRD STREET,

(Between Wood and Smithfield,)

PITTSBURGH.

MANUFACTURERS OF

Brewers' Kettles, Stills,

AND ALL KINDS OF

Copper, Sheet Iron, and Blacksmith Work.

je3 3m

LAKE SUPERIOR

Copper Mills and Smelting Works.

PARK, McCURDY & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Sheath, Braziers and Bolt Copper, Pressed Copper Bottoms, Raised Still Bottoms, Spelter, Solder, &c. Also, Importers and Dealers in Metals, Tin Plate Sheet Iron, Fire, &c.

Constantly on hand Tinman's Machines and Tools.

WAREHOUSE: 140 FIRST and 120 SECOND streets, PITTSBURGH, PA.

☞ Special orders of Copper cut to any desired pattern. mh32

O'HARA BOILER WORKS,

POWERS & CO.,

attend to the manufacture of Steam Boilers, Stills, Tanks, Agitators, Salt Pans, Sugar Pans, Sheet Iron Chimneys, Breechings, and all other articles usually manufactured at similar concerns.

Prompt attention paid to all kinds of repairs on reasonable terms.

Works corner of Liberty and Second streets, Pittsburgh, Pa. oc27:tf

LIPPINCOTT & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Axes, Shovels, Saws, Picks, Mattocks, &c.

Warehouse: No. 118 WATER street, four doors below Monongahela House,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

VULCAN FORGE.

W. P. PORTER,

MANUFACTURER OF

Steamboat Shafts, Cranks, Piston Rods, Pitman Jaws, Wrists, Locomotive and Car Axles, Anchors, and all kinds of Heavy Forging.

TEMPERANCEVILLE,

my2:1y near Pittsburgh, Allegheny county, Pa.

MATTHIESSEN & HEGELER,

LASALLE, ILLINOIS,

SMELTERS OF

Slab Zinc, or Spelter,

from

WISCONSIN ZINC ORES.

fe17:6m

BARNDOLLAR & PRICE, (successors to T. J. Craig,) manufacturers and dealers in TIN, COPPER AND SHEET IRON WARE. Also, TIN AND IRON ROOFERS and JOB WORKERS. Just received, a large assortment of House Furnishing Hardware, such as Water Coolers, Refrigerators, Meat Safes, Toilet Ware, Squirrel Cages, Britannia Ware, Waiters, Knife Boxes, Cash Boxes, Knives and Forks, Ice Pitchers, Ice Chests, Bath Tubs, Bird Cages, Parrot Cages, Planished Tin Ware, Fire Irons, Spoon and Fork Boxes, Tea Canisters, Spoons. Also, a large stock of STOVES. ap6

J. M. CORNWELL......SAMUEL KERR

CORNWELL & KERR,

CARRIAGE MANUFACTURERS,

Silver and Brass Platers, and manufacturers of Saddlery and Carriage Hardware,

No. 7 St. Clair street and Duquesne Way, near the Bridge, Pittsburgh, Pa. fe2

C. IHMSEN & SONS,

Manufacturers of Every Variety of

VIALS, BOTTLES AND WINDOW GLASS,

BLACK PORTER, WINE and CLARET BOTTLES, DEMIJOHNS AND MINERAL WATER BOTTLES.

Warehouses, No. 104 Second and 133 First streets Pittsburgh, Pa. se8-1y

H. D. BRECHT & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Looking Glasses, Gilt and Rosewood Mouldings, Portrait, Photograph and Picture Frames,

No. 128 Smithfield street, between Fifth and Sixth, Pittsburgh.

VOCAL MUSIC.—H. D. BRECHT, Teacher of Singing and Cultivation of the Voice, 126 Smithfield street. de2-tf

DENTISTRY, DENTISTRY.—

In days of old, before our skill
Was to mankind imparted,
The Teeth once lost 'twas such an ill
They died quite broken-hearted.
Our prices now are moderate
Compared with other places,
Besides we have REDUCED of late
On jobs in certain cases.

Four shillings only is our charge
For common teeth extracting;
For filling, if not over large,
Eight shillings we're exacting.
We do our work for ready pay,
And if the job don't answer,
Refund the money any day
With interest and thanks, sir.

For patronage thus heretofore
So liberally extended,
We thank you all and evermore
Who have our cause befriended.
Our efforts we shall now renew,
To meet your approbation,
By doing work the best we know,
'Tis our determination

At the Steam Dental Establishment of Dr. G. W. SPENCER, No. 254 Penn street, the largest and most complete establishment in the world. Branch Office, No. 47½ Diamond, Allegheny city, near the new Market House. fe22

IN STORE AND FOR SALE AT

SEGHMYER & VOSKAMP,

No. 343 LIBERTY Street.

50 bbls Syrup.
20 do N. O. Molasses.
100 half bbls. Nos. 1 and 3 Mackrel.
20 do. do. Lake Herring.
30 bbls. extra Labrador Herring.
50 boxes W. R. Cheese.
30 tierces (Cincinnati) S. C. Hams.
20 dozen Beaver Buckets.
10 do. Tubs.
2000 bbls., assorted brands, Extra Family Flour. m27

E. S. MORROW,

ALDERMAN AND CONVEYANCER

No. 114 Fifth street.

MACKEREL—Large and medium, Nos. 1, 2 and 3, for sale by MILLER & RICKETSON.

ja2

STEEL.

BLACK DIAMOND

STEEL WORKS,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

PARK BROTHER & CO.,

Manufacturers of best quality Refined Cast Steel, Square, Flat and Octagon, all Sizes,

Warranted equal to any Imported or Manufactured in this country.

Office and Warehouse, Nos. 149 and 151 First, and 120 and 122 Second streets, Pittsburgh. se7

THE SHEFFIELD STEEL WORKS.

SINGER, NIMICK & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Cast, Spring, Plow and Saw Steel, Springs, Axles, Crowbars, Vices, &c.

WAREHOUSE: 83 WATER and 100 FIRST streets

se9 PITTSBURGH, PA.

PITTSBURGH STEEL WORKS.

JONES, BOYD & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

CAST STEEL,

ALSO,

Spring, Plow and A. B. Steel, Springs and Axles.

CORNER ROSS AND FIRST STREET. [ja12:1y

HUSSEY, WELLS & Co.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

ALL DESCRIPTIONS OF CAST STEEL.

Best Refined Tool Steel, Circular, Mulay and Cross-Cut Saw Plates, Reapers, File, Hoe, Rake and Fork Steel; Machinery, Plow, Sheet, Shear, Railroad, Spring and Frog Steel.

Office and Works Corner Harrison and Pike streets, Fifth ward, Pittsburgh, Pa.

☞ Warranted equal to the best English Steel. Orders may be left at No. 37 Fifth street. se9

PIANOS.

DECKER'S PIANOS—With new patent iron frame, acknowledged by all the best musicians to be superior to all other instruments, without exceptions. And, also, Treat & Davis' most celebrated

Melodeons and Harmoniums,

are only for sale by

HOFFMANN, HOENE & CO.,

ap30 No. 53 Fifth street.

REMOVAL.

BRADBURY BRADBURY

We take pleasure in informing the public that we now occupy the large and commodious House, 12 Bissell's Block, St. Clair st., where we have just received from the manufacturers of Bradbury, and Schomacker & Co., a new lot of their superior Pianos. Also, a complete assortment of Smith's celebrated Harmoneums, Melodeons and musical goods generally. The Bradbury Piano Forte is rapidly gaining in popularity for power, sweetness of tone, and excellence in workmanship. Schomacker & Co.'s Pianos having been so long and favorably known, need no further comment. Guaranteed for five years.

WAMELINK & BARR,
Sole Agents for Pittsburgh and Western Penna., 12 Bissell's Block, St. Clair street.

Good second-hand Pianos for rent. Tuning and repairing done promptly. ap30

RESTAURANTS.

BOWERY SALOON.—NO. 48 FIFTH ST., next door to Theatre, Pittsburgh, Pa.

J. S. WILLIAMS,
sep7-1y Proprietor.

WILLIAM RUECKEISEN'S

PHILADELPHIA DINING SALOON,

No. 47 FIFTH STREET, opposite Theatre, Pittsburgh, Pa., has refitted up his saloon in elegant style. All the delicacies of the season always on hand, served up by a first class French cook of Paris. Delicious oysters first of the season. jul0-1y

PETER WILBERT'S

RESTAURANT AND EATING SALOON,

No. 32 Diamond, Pittsburgh, Pa.

The best of Liquors, Ales and Wines kept constantly on hand, together with all the delicacies of the season. Meals served up at all hours. fe1:ly

OPEN AGAIN.—

E. REINEMAN'S

DUQUESNE EATING HOUSE,

No. 67 Smithfield street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Enlarged and fitted up in elegant style. All delicacies of the season always on hand. Delicious Oysters, first of the season. oc17:1y

VIERHELLER & ROESSING'S

BROADWAY SALOON RESTAURANT,

No. 64 Fifth street, (Odd Fellows' Building,)

se7:1y Pittsburgh, Pa.

JOHN MEYER'S

Restaurant and Eating Saloon,

No. 46 Smithfield street,

oc28:1y PITTSBURGH.

SEWING MACHINES,

WHEELER & WILSON'S

IMPROVED FAMILY

SEWING MACHINES.

WM. SUMNER & CO.,

AGENTS,

No. 27 Fifth street,

ap13 Pittsburgh, Pa.

ERNEST AXTHELM, No. 153 THIRD STREET, PITTSBURGH, Agent for PLANER & KAYSER'S NOISELESS PATENT SEWING MACHINES. These Sewing Machines are known as the very best in the United States. They are warranted, and sold at the Lowest Prices. Call and examine them before buying elsewhere. Repairing of Sewing Machines of every kind promptly attended to. se30-1y

PRINTING

W. S. HAVEN,

PLAIN AND FANCY JOB PRINTER,
PAPER DEALER AND STATIONER,

Corner of Wood and Third streets, Pittsburgh.

BOOK BINDING of all styles, from the Plain Paper to the Highly Ornamental and Rich Gilt or Antique Style. se7

KREBS & BRO.,

LITHOGRAPHERS AND PRINTERS,

Corner Wood and Fifth streets, Pittsburgh.

Bonds, Certificates of Stock and Deposit Bank Drafts and Checks executed in the highest style of the art. Orders by mail promptly attended to. se29:1y

SILVER PEARL SOAP.

CRUMPTON & CO.,

367 Liberty street.

Sole Proprietor and Manufacturers for Western Pennsylvania, Ohio, Indiana, Illinois and Missouri.

Also, Manufacturers of a superior article of

Palm, German, Olive and Rosin Soaps,

and various

Toilet and Fancy Soaps.

Of our SILVER PEARL SOAP, which we confidently recommend as better for general use than any other before the public, should be borne in mind, has neither Potash, Salt, Lime, or Rosin, or any other substance in its manufacture which can shrink or injure the finest fabric. Flannels and Woolens can be washed with the rapidity of Cotton and Linen. Clothes washed with the

SILVER PEARL SOAP

o notquire boilingo half the rubbing,' which eder course saves the wear and tear.

SILVER PEARL SOAP removes Grease, Dirt, Tobacco Stains, Printers' Ink, Smoke and the worst Bilge Water Stains instantly, by applying it with a moist sponge, thus protecting windows, carpets and furniture from suds and slops. It imparts a brilliancy to Plate, Jewelry, Glassware, Enameled Paintings and Patent Leather immediately, and for cleaning Marble and Floor Tiles it has no equal. For the bath and particularly for shampooning, the

SILVER PEARL SOAP

is a perfect luxury. In a word al who have tried its superior qualities acknowl it th greatest discovery of the age.

This Company respectfully ask a trial from all who are interested in using Soap, and in every case will refund the price of the same should it fail to accomplish what we claim for it if used according to our directions

Sold at five cents per pound in fifty pound boxes, delivered to the cars, boats, in Allegheny, Birmingham and city residences, free of charge. Directions for use on all packages.

Liberal discount to the taade.

Merchants from abroad will do well to call at

CRUMPTON & CO.'S,

367 LIBERTY street, opposite Pennsylvania Railroad Passenger Depot.

☞ Beware of all imita ions. None genuine unless bearing our trade mark, SILVER PEARL SHELL as secured by the inventor by National copy-right. mh3:tf

THOS. S. CLARKE......WM. THAW......CHAS. J. CLARKE

CLARKE & CO.,

OFFICE, FOOT OF LIBERTY STREET,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

Special Agents for Pennsylvania Railroad Company

FOR THROUGH FREIGHTS TO AND FROM ALL se7-1y] POINTS WEST OF PITTSBURGH.

GILBERT M. M'MASTER......JOSEPH M. GAZZAM.

McMASTER & GAZZAM,

ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW,

Office, No. 98 Grant Street,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

Particular attention paid to Collections in Allegheny and adjoining counties. je9-1y

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DRY GOODS.

FOURTH ARRIVAL OF DRY GOODS at

J. M. BURCHFIELD'S,

GRENADENES,
MOSAMBIQUES,
PLAIN COLORED MOZAMBIQUE,
FOULARD SILKS,
FANCY SILKS,
PLAIN BLACK SILKS,
FIGURED SILKS.

TAN, LEATHER, PEARL, DRAB, BLUE AND BLACK ALPACCAS

Sacques and Circulars.

SHAWLS,

A LARGE ASSORTMENT

ju1 N. E. cor. FOURTH and MARKET Sts.

NEW DRESS GOODS,

25, 31, 37 1-2 Cents.

BEST STOCK,

CHEAPEST GOODS,

IN THE CITY.

CLOAKS AND SHAWLS.

BLACK SILKS,

LINEN GOODS,

And DOMESTICS.

Cheap! Cheap! Cheap!

at

GARDNER & SCHLEITER'S,

92 Market street.

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CLOAKS! CLOAKS!!

SILK AND CLOTH,

In Every Variety, at Every Price,

The Newest and Most Fashionable.

A VERY LARGE ASSORTMENT OF

DRY GOODS

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION,

NOW OPENING,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

at

ALEXANDER BATES',

21 Fifth street.

my25

SILKS,

SILKS, SHAWLS,
SACQUES, CIRCULARS,
BASQUES, JACKETS,
DRESS GOODS, HOOP SKIRTS,
PARASOLS, SUN UMBRELLAS
&c., &c., &c. &c.

NEW AND CHEAP,

AT

J. W. BARKER & CO.'S,

59 MARKET STREET.

my25

77 and 79 Market street.

WE ARE NOW RECEIVING OUR THIRD STOCK OF

NEW GOODS,

They have been purchased from the Importers and Manufacturers direct, especially for this market, and are offered at a slight advance on cost.

Our assortment of STRAW BONNETS and HATS, STRAW TRIMMINGS and ORNAMENTS is particularly fine, having all the latest styles.

Of MILLINERY GOODS we have a complete line.

In SILKS, we have all the fashionable shades.

RIBBONS, unusually large and attractive, all widths, Plaids, Tartans, Pinks, Buffs, &c.

Of FLOWERS, a beautiful lot, all the Novelties.

With a full line of EMBROIDERIES, FURNISHING GOODS, FANCY GOODS, LACES, SKIRTS, CORSETS, LACE GOODS and NOTIONS.

Buyers are invited to examine, as we are confident our stock is not surpassed by any house in the West.

JOS. HORNE & CO.,
my11 77 and 79 Market street.

J. A. WILSON......J. W. CARR......D. M'CANDLESS

WILSON, CARR & CO.,

(Late Wilson, Payne & Co.)

Wholesale Dealers in Dry Goods,

No. 94 WOOD STREET.

Third house above Diamond alley,

se25 PITTSBURGH.

NOW OPENED.

The latest styles of Silk and Cloth MANTILLAS, SACQUES, TALMAS, CIRCULARS, &c. Also, CLOAKING CLOTHS of all shades. SHAWLS and DRESS GOODS, selling cheap for cash. Call and see, at H. J. LYNCH,

96 Market street, between Fifth street and Diamond ap21

STRAW GOODS,

BONNETS,

LADIES' AND MISSES' HATS,

BONNET RIBBONS,

PEARL AND GLASS ORNAMENTS,

FOR BONNETS AND HATS,

FLOWERS, &c., MANY NEW STYLES,

FOR SALE BY

R. H. PALMER,

84 WOOD STREET.

mh28

TAUSSIG, LIVINGSTON & CO.,

General Commission Merchants and Dealers in Wool and Hides,

Nos. 5 and 18 South Main street, (Merchants Exchange Block,) ST. LOUIS, MO.

We have constantly on hand a good selection of Dry Flint Hides, Kips and Calf Skins. Also, choice selection of Country Green Salt Hides, Kips, &c., to which the attention of the trade is invited. Orders solicited, and satisfaction guaranteed. Liberal advances made on consignments of Wool, Hides, or any other Produce. de8:6m

KING & PENNOCK,

Manufacturers of EAGLE and NIAGARA

Sheetings, Cotton Yarn, Twine, Wick, Batting, etc., etc

Warehouse, No. 29 WOOD STREET,

se16 PITTSBURGH, PA.

JAMES DAIN......JAMES K. DAIN.

EXCELSIOR OMNIBUS AND LIVERY STABLE, 419 PENN STREET.

JAMES DAIN & SON, Proprietors.

Omnibusses and Carriages furnished for all trains. Also, Carriages for Weddings, Funerals and Parties at short notice. Stable open day and night. ap28

S. S. BRYAN,

Notary Public,

No. 59 FOURTH STREET,

OFFICE HOURS from 9 a. m. to 5 p. m. my11

JUST RECEIVED.—

2000 LBS CLEAR SIDES,

In store and for sale by J. S. DILWORTH & CO.,

Nos. 130 and 132 Second street.

CLOTHING.

H. OPPENHEIMER & CO.,

83 WOOD STREET.

A NEW STOCK OF

SUMMER GOODS,

FOR GENTLEMEN'S WEAR.

Our stock embraces all the different varieties FRENCH, ENGLISH and GERMAN CLOTHS. An elegant assortment of light colored

FRENCH CASSIMERES

For Pantaloons, with

Cassimere Vestings

IN COLORS TO MATCH.

Also a large variety of mixtures in SCOTCH ENGLISH GOODS for

BUSINESS SUITS.

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BISSELL'S BLOCK

WM. H. McGEE,

No. 10 St. Clair Street,

WOULD CALL THE ATTENTION OF Buyers to his stock of Goods. It has been selected with great care, and contains all the Newest Styles of Goods to be found at first-class houses. Gents wishing a Suit of Clothes made to order will please call and examine our goods and prices. Also, a full and complete stock of Furnishing Goods.

W. H. McGEE, Merchant Tailor,
my27 No. 10 St. Clair street, Pittsburgh.

JOHN S. LEE,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

AND DEALER IN

GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS,

No. 49 St. Clair Street, Pittsburgh.

my18

BOOTS AND SHOES.

LADIES' CONGRESS GAITERS.
GENTS' CONGRESS GAITERS.
CHILDREN'S CONGRESS GAITERS.
LADIES' BALMORALS.
GENTS' BALMORALS.
CHILDREN'S BALMORALS.

A complete stock of Boots and Shoes, which will be sold at prices to suit the times, at

No. 54 Market Street.

my28 SLATER & SOUTH.

H. CHILDS & CO.,

WHOLESALE SHOE WAREHOUSE,

133 WOOD STREETS, PITTSBURGH, PA.,

would invite the attention of Merchants visiting the market to our large assortment of STAPLE AND FANCY GOODS, suitable

For Spring and Summer Sales.

Having purchased our stock direct from the manufacturers, entirely for Cash, and possessing long experience as to the wants of the WESTERN TRADE, we feel confident we can offer superior inducements to cash and prompt short-time buyers.

We also have a large line of PRIME CUSTOM WORK, adapted particularly to the City Trade, to which we would ask the examination of retailers.

mh3:4m H. CHILDS & CO.

GROCERS.

GEO. W. DILWORTH......JOH. S. DILWORTH.

J. S. DILWORTH & CO.,

WHOLESALE GROCERS,

Nos. 130 and 132 Second street, near Smithfield,

ja12

WILLIAM BAGALEY

WHOLESALE GROCER,

se7] Nos. 18 and 20 Wood street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

WM. MILLER, Phila......C. W. RICKETSON, Pittsb'g.

MILLER & RICKETSON,

Wholesale Grocers and Importers of Brandies, Wines and Cigars,

Nos. 221 and 223, corner of Liberty and Irwin streets, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Iron, Nails, Cotton Yarns, &c., &c., constantly on hand. se15

G. B. JONES......O. B. JONES.

GEORGE B. JONES & SON, WHOLESALE GROCERS AND BOAT FURNISHERS, dealers in Manilla Rope, Oakum, Oils, Pitch and Pittsburgh manufactured articles, No. 141 Water street, above the Monongohela Bridge, Pittsburgh, Pa. se9

JOHN MOORHEAD,

COMMISSION MERCHANT,

for the sale of Foundry and Forge Pig Iron, and every variety of Blooms,

se9 No. 74 Water street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

MEDICAL.

WHOLESALE DRUG HOUSE,

J. J. BENDER & CO.,

Have opened in Pittsburgh

A Wholesale Drug and Jobbing House

No. 341 corner LIBERTY and WAYNE streets, opposite Union Passenger Depot,

And now offer for sale a general assortment of Drugs, Patent Medicines, White Leads, Oils, Paints, Varnishes, Dye Stuffs, Window Glass, Glassware, &c.

Purchasers will find our stock at all times well assorted, and prices such as to give entire satisfaction.

J. J. BENDER & CO.,
corner Liberty and Wayne streets, Pittsburgh.

dec5:tf

CHAS. H. SUPER,

Druggist and Pharmaceutist,

Dealer in DRUGS, MEDICINES, PERFUMERY, and first class TOILET ARTICLES,

CORNER PENN AND ST. CLAIR STREETS,
se7 PITTSBURGH.

TRUSSES, SUPPORTERS,

AND

APPARATUS FOR DEFORMED LIMBS,

manufactured and repaired on the shortest notice. Also, the largest assortment of ready-made Trusses Supporters, Bandages, Dental and Surgical Instruments, Cutlery, &c., in this city.

OTTO HELMOLD, 96 Smithfield, near Fifth street. Ladies attend to Mrs. Helmold. se24-1y

TOBACCO AND CIGARS.

E. PICHL,

DEALER IN

CIGARS, TOBACCO, etc.,

[ja27:1y] No. 73 Third street, two doors below Market.

THE BANNER AND UNION

TOBACCO MANUFACTORIES,

Nos. 31 St. Clair street and 53 and 55 Hand street, PITTSBURGH.

The choicest and most elegant brands of Cigars and Tobacco manufactured and for sale by E. MEGRAW. oc21-1y

JEWELRY.

FINE GOLD AND SILVER

AMERICAN, ENGLISH and GENEVA WATCHES
JEWELRY, SILVER-PLATED WARE,
GOLD, SILVER AND STEEL SPECTACLES,
FANCY GOODS, &c.

J. M. ROBERTS desires to inform his friends and patrons that his present large stock of the above goods is being constantly replenished with all the new styles as fast as they appear in the eastern cities, and that they can depend on getting a good article at the LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICE.

☞ Fine Watches, Clocks and Jewelry repaired. Jewelry and Silverware made to order. Gilding and Engraving.

J. M. ROBERTS,
se7 16 Fifth street, Pittsburgh.

CHANGE OF BASE.—

MESKIMEN, NORTON & CO.,

COKE, COAL AND LIME.

Having purchased Mr. James Reno's coal-yard, west end of the South Common, just below the Pearl Mill, Allegheny city, we are prepared to furnish the public in either city with superior Coal, Nut Coal or Slack, Connellsville Coke, white or common Lime, Fire Brick, Fire Clay or Tile. Having cars of our own on the roads both east and west, we are prepared to furnish our regular western customers and others with Connellsville Coke or Youghiogheny Coal with promptness, and at the lowest rates. We flatter ourselves that the Connellsville Youghiogheny Coal, for iron-workers, is unsurpassed, being free from sulphur. Address Pittsburgh or Allegheny Post-office, or call at our Coal Yard, South and West Common, Allegheny city.

NEW SONG.

NEW SONG.
NEW SONG.
"DREAMING OF HOME."
"DREAMING OF HOME."
"DREAMING OF HOME."

The words are beautiful, and the music easy and pretty. Everybody that sings should have it. Price 25 cents. Copies mailed on receipt of price.

CHAS. C. MELLOR,
my24 81 Wood street.

IN STORE AND FOR SALE AT

COOK, PETTIT & CO.'S,

No. 12 Smithfield street.

100 tierces Canvassed S. C. Hams;
100 tierces Prime Leaf Lard;
300,000 lbs Plain Hams;
50,000 lbs Canvassed Hams;
25,000 lbs Uncanvassed Sugar Cured Hams;
100,000 lbs Extra Nice Shoulders;
100,000 lbs Clear Sides;
50,000 lbs Ribbed Sides;
30,000 lbs Sugar Cured Dried Beef.
500 bbls (Shepard & Sons) Extra Family Flour.
my18

BREWER, BURKE & CO.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

AGENTS FOR THE

Pacific, Globe and Liberty Oil Works.

Ample Storage for Crude and Refined Oil.

Liberal cash advance made on consignments of Crude or Refined Petroleum.

Yard for storage and shipment of Crude at Lawrenceville.

Office and Warehouse, Corner Duquesne Way and Hancock street, Pittsburgh.

OFFICE WESTERN PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD COMPANY, PHILADELPHIA, May 20, 1864.

NOTICE TO STOCKHOLDERS.—A SPECIAL MEETING of the Stockholders of this Company, will be held on THURSDAY, the sixteenth day of June, 1864, at 12 o'clock, m., at the office of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company in Philadelphia, for the purpose of accepting or rejecting "An Act Relating to the Western Pennsylvania Railroad Company, and for other purposes, approved 27th April, 1864," and also to take action in reference to a proposed increase of the capital stock of the Company.

By order of the Board,

my24mw JOSEPH LESLEY, Secretary.

BONNETS—BONNETS.—YOUNG LADIES' HATS, Dress Caps, Plumes, Flowers, all of the latest style at C. & A. STROUSES, 29 Diamond.

oc18-1y

FINE BRANDY.— [illegible] "Otard, Dupuy & Co." brand, for sale by [ja2] MILLER & [illegible]

Finance and Trade.

Table of Local Stocks.

CORRECTED BY S. S. BRYAN, BROKER, 59 FOURTH ST.

Par Val		Off'd	Asked	Sales	Div'd
	BANKS.				
50	Exchange	—	—	69¼	May 5
50	Citizens	—	—	61⅛	" 5
50	Pittsburgh	—	—	67¼	" 4
50	Allegheny	—	—	58⅛	" 5
50	Mechanics	—	—	63½	" 5
50	Iron City	—	—	64¼	" 5
50	M & M	—	—	58	" 4
00	First National	110	—	—	$3.75
00	Second National	110	—	—	—
00	Third National	110	—	—	—
00	First National, Al'y	—	110	—	—
50	Manchester Saving	—	—	49¾	" 4
	INSURANCE.				
50	Citizens	—	—	61	—
42	Western	—	—	53½	May $2.50
32	Monongahela	34	—	33	" $3.00
50	Eureka	50	—	51¼	" $4.00
30	Pittsburgh	34	—	34	—
25	Allegheny	—	—	28½	—
25	People's	28	—	28¾	—
50	Penna	—	45	—	—
	BRIDGE.				
25	Monongahela	—	—	27⅛	—
26	St. Clair Street	40	45	—	—
50	Hand Street	—	—	50	—
50	Mechanic Street	—	—	—	—
25	Birmingham	—	—	31½	—
	RAILROAD.				
50	Allegheny Valley	15	—	14¾	—
50	Connellsville	11	13	12½	—
50	do (interest)	—	17	—	—
50	Steubenville	13	15¼	14¾	—
50	Chartiers	—	—	5	—
50	Hempfield	—	—	½	—
50	Alleg'y & Manch'ter	65	70	65	—
24	Birmingham	—	—	40	—
50	Citizens	—	—	95	—
	GAS.				
50	Pittsburgh	—	—	88	—
25	Allegheny	33	—	38	—
25	Birmingham	—	—	31¾	$5.00
	OIL COMPANIES.				
25	Lucesco	—	27	—	—
	Ardesco	—	—	—	—
10	North American	—	11	—	—
	BONDS.				
	Allegheny County 5's	—	—	81¼	—
	do Scrip 5's	—	—	81	—
	Pittsburgh 5's	—	—	78¾	—
	do 6's	—	—	97	—
	Allegheny City 6's	—	100	—	—
	do 4's	—	—	66⅜	—
	Alleg'y V. R. R. 7's	—	—	105	—
	do 2d mortg.	95	—	—	—
	Connellsville 6's	—	—	87	—
	Steub. R. R. 6's	—	75	—	—

Mr. Chase's late visit to New York, for the purpose of feeling the pulse of Wall street in reference to the loan that will be on the market on the fifteenth of this month, was met by the officers of the old banks of that city in a very changed spirit from what he has been accustomed to from that quarter. Formerly they were all *dictation;* now it is, "anything Governor that we can do, it will be our pleasure to do; only, Governor, this much we ask, don't pay us back in National Bank Currency." To which the Honorable Secretary, with great pleasantry and dignity, replies, "Natiolal Bank notes, for all government receipts and disbursements, are by law put upon the same footing as Treasury notes, and must be so treated; but the fiscal agents will let you have your choice whenever they can do so conveniently." A bow from the Bank Presidents all round. The Secretary's financial arrangements are such as to secure a fair money market while the great seventy-five million loan is being paid for. The takers of the loan can use any of the temporary deposit certificates, waiving notice, in payment. This enables the Banks to get 6 per cent, in currency until their money is wanted for Government payments, and then they must hand over their certificates in lieu of greenbacks or National Bank Notes.

—The New York *Times* of Saturday morning says "the market for money continues undisturbed by the preparations for the $75,000,000 Loan of 15th inst. The Banks individually are depositing large sums with the Treasury, at 6 ₩ cent., in anticipation of the subscriptions which they may make themselves, or checks and drafts which may be made upon them on this account. The Associated Banks met at the Clearing-house to-day and fixed $25,000,000 as the sum of Certificates of Deposit in the Treasury, at 6 ₩cent, which it is expected to use in common in their daily settlements in place of or in the same way as Legal Tender Notes. An agreement to this effect will have to be signed by all the association before it can be made binding on all. The question is one of mere convenience at the Clearing house in settling the daily balances between the banks, rather than of practical moment to the money market. But a rumor this afternoon of a want of harmony on the subject caused a reaction in the railway speculation, from the extreme rise of the morning, of 1@2 per cent. Early in the day there was a more decided buoyancy in the market than at any time since the subject of the new regulation was brought under discussion."

— The following National Banks have been authorized, additional to those already reported:

	Capital.
First National Bank of Pontiac, Mich.	$ 50,000
First National Bank of Glen Rock, Pa.	50,000
First National Bank of Mansfield, Ohio,	100,000
First National Bank, Mauch Chunk, Pa,	100,000
Second National B'k, Fall River, Mass.	100,000
First National Bank, Clinton, Mass.	100,000
First National Bank, Peru, Ill.	50,000
Worcester Nat'l Bank Worcester, Mass.	800,000
First National Bank, Bucyrus, Ohio	100,000
Nat'l Currency B'k of Red Bank, N. J.	50,000
First National Bank of Plainfield, N. J.	100,000
First National Bank of Putnam, Conn.	100,000
Cambridge Nat'l B'k of Cambridge, Mass	100,000
First National Bank of Killingly, Conn.	50,000
First Nat'l Bank of Damariscotta, Me.	50,000

— The imports of Foreign Dry Goods at the port of New York, week ending June 9, were to the value of $1,131,906, against $601,912 same week last year, and $1,118,021 the corresponding week of 1862.

—Among the new counterfeits that have recently made their appearance are the following:

10's on the Safety Fund Bank, Boston, Mass., raised from 2's; vig., Arctic scene, men with boat and dogs.

5's on the New Market Bank, New Hampshire; vig., female seated beside a bale of goods pointing towards a factory; 5 each side. Right end, portrait of a boy, five; left end, portrait of a girl, five.

10's on the Bank of the Republic, Boston, Mass., raised from 2's; vig., fishing fleet, with name of the bank carved above it.

2's on the Farmers' Bank, Amsterdam, N. Y.; vig., female seated holding sickle, factory, cars, bridge and canal. Right end, ears of corn, man seated amid horn of plenty; left end 2, die 2.

The Rochester *Express* says: "We learn that counterfeit 5's on the Exchange Bank of Lockport are in circulation here. They are imitations of the genuine, and very well done. Merchants and others will be cautious about receiving fives of that bank."

St. Louis Lumber Market.

The receipts the past week have been moderate—by river 400,000 feet only. The Upper Mississippi is still falling, and there has been no recent rise in any of its lumber tributaries, so that it is now quite clear that there is but a limited supply of lumber and logs. Prices are very firm at our last quotations, viz: $25 on the river bank.

Yard prices for dry lumber are.

First clear per 1,000 feet	$50 00@— —
Second do. ₩ 1,000 feet	50 00@— —
Third do boards and fencing	27 50@30 00
Sheeting	20 00@— —
Grub plank	22 50@25 00
Joist, 15 feet and under	27 50@30 00
Joist, 18 feet and over	30 00@40 00
Dressed siding	27 50@30 00
Dressed flooring, 2d rate	45 00@47 00
do do 3d rate	45 00@47 50
Shingles, A, shaved	6 00@— —
do A, sawed	5 75@— —
do No. 2 do	3 50@ 4 00
Lath per 1,000 feet	7 00@— —
Cedar posts per 100 feet	50 00@— —

Philadelphia Army Contracts Awarded

The following contracts were announced on Friday:

H. Wilson, 280 yards black alpaca, 51 cents per yard; 9,000 do do. 60 cents per yard; 5,000 gross black pant buckles, 50 94-100 cents per gross; 10,000 vest buttons, 62½ cents per gross. C. M. Page, 1,471 yards black alpaca, 50 cents per yard. H. T. Harkness, 3,018¾ yards do, 55 cents do; 10,000 do do. 59 cents do; 2,851 do, 59 cents do; 75 lbs patent thread, $1 80 per lb; 804 lbs patent thread, $1 57 per lb; 1,200 do $1 81 do; 700 do, $1 43 do. Wm. D. Dunton, 10,000 lbs facing cord, 38c per lb. Henry Eggling, 10,050 tent slips, $17 per 1,000. C. B. Mount, 4,000 yards canvas padding, 21½c per yard; 18,000 do do, 24½c. W. B. Henry, 60,000 do, 21½c; 25,000 do do, 21½c. P. Hill, 10,000 boxes Taylor's crayons, 60c a box. H. Raleigh, 5,000 lbs patent thread, $1 87 per lb. Horstmann Bros & Co., 5,450 gross vest buttons, 62c per gross. W. B. Watkins, 25,000 gross suspender buttons, 92c per gross; 25,000 gross shirt do, 8¾c. S. Bradbury, 600 lbs patent thread, $1 63½ per lb.

Philadelphia Boot and Shoe Market.

The Shoe and Leather Reporter says: The trade for the past week has partaken of the usual quietude existing in trade generally. The nearby trade is somewhat active, and manufacturers are making up in anticipation of future demand, and the prospect of a scarcity of workmen. Moderate sales have been made to western merchants, but they are not disposed to purchase in only such quantities as to meet the actual wants of their customers. None seem desirous of purchasing largely, by reason of the present unsettled condition of affairs. Prices are as per last report.

Boston Boot and Shoe Market.

The *Reporter* says: There is no change to record; the regular trade is very quiet, the only demand being for army boots and bootees, large orders having been left during the past two or three weeks. Manufacturers who are not engaged on army work are getting up their regular goods for the fall sales, which should commence early in July. There is a fair stock on the market, a considerable portion of which was made up early, and rather a dangerous experiment in ordinary times. The shipments by rail and sea for the week have been 6133 cases.

Philadelphia Oil Trade.

OILS—Sperm and Whale are firm and selling moderately at the advance. Lard Oil is steady at 105@120c. A sale of good No. 2 was made at the lowest figure. Linseed is unsettled but more active, at 158@160c. Of Petroleum the sales have been large and the market excited, prices tending upward; ranging at 40@41c for crude, 62@63c for refined in bond, and 68@73c for free, as to quality. The following are the receipts of Petroleum at this port during the past week: Crude, 6080 bbls; refined, 7500 bbls.

Chicago Oil Market.

OILS,—The general market is firm, but there is no essential changes to notice in values. We quote:

Carbon, prime white	72	@ 74
Carbon, straw color	69	@ 72
Linseed, raw	1.50	@1.55
Linseed, boiled,	1.55	@1.60
Whale, W. B		@1.30
Elephant, W. B		@1.35
Straits		@1.25
Lard Oil, No. 1 Winter	1.15	@1.50

Philadelphia Pig Iron Market.

IRON—There is very little doing in Pig Metal, which is offered freely and nearly nominal at $52@58 ₩ ton, for the three numbers of Anthracite, cash, with sales of 400@500 tons to note within this range. The stock, however, is light, most makers being sold up. Scotch Pig is held at $60, and the demand limited. For manufactured iron the demand is fair, and prices unchanged and firm.

PITTSBURGH GENERAL MARKETS.

OFFICE OF THE DAILY COMMERCIAL,
Monday, June 13, 1864.

Business on Saturday was not very active. This, however, is no unusual occurrence. The grand attraction at present is the Sanitary Fair, which so far has proved a grand success. Business generally has been neglected. The weather has been remarkably pleasant. Our rivers are again in fine order, and we have a fair coalboat stage. The amount of coal to go out this rise will approach two million bushels. This will be pleasant news to our neighbors of Cincinnati, Louisville and way points. The rise is from the Monongahela. This will enable all the pools to run out coal. The rise in the Allegheny did not extend higher up than the Kiskiminetas. Oil City was left out in the cold. No boats will venture up that river for the present.

On the landing we noticed a good deal of activity. The Ella Faber arrived from Louisville with a heavy cargo of tobacco, amounting to 246 hhds. The Julia departed for Zanesville with a fair trip. The Citizen and Cherokee were fast filling up for St. Louis. The new steamer Adam Jacobs will leave for St. Louis and the Missouri river on Tuesday. The Kate B. Porter is announced for Cincinnati on Wednesday. The punctual steamer Emma Graham will be found at the landing. She will return to Zanesville on Tuesday.

Among the sales we note as follows:

DRIED FRUIT—The demand for fruit was steady, principally for home purposes. We note sales 125 bush Apples at 10@11c ₩ lb. Peaches—Sales 100 bush at 18@19c.

WHISKY—The market remains in an unsettled state, no two dealers asking the same prices; sales 25 bbls at $1 30@1 35; 140 bbls raw at $1 29@1 30.

FLOUR—The market was steady, with a fair local demand; holders exhibit no anxiety to part with their stocks; they take matters cooly. The only sales made were from store, in a small way, to meet the wants of the city. A few hundred barrels were disposed of. Extra Family—$7 75, $8@8 25—the latter figures for choice or favored brands. Extra was disposed of at $7 15 @7 25 ₩ bbl.

MESS PORK—The market was firm, with an increasing demand. The stock in this market at present is not large; sales 20 bbls at $30 50@$31.

LARD—The demand seems to have been improving during the past few days. Sales of 26 bbls No. 2 at 12¼c. Sales of 10 bbls No. 1 Leaf at 14¼@14½c.

BEANS.—The demand was only local. We note small sales of Navy at $2 60@2 75.

HAY—The trade on Saturday was extra dull. The receipts fell off largely; 3 loads only were disposed of at $30@33 per ton. Baled was sold

GROCERIES—The market during the week was at $30.

not active. The sales made were in a small way for local purposes. A general dullness seems to have taken hold of the market here and elsewhere. We note the following sales. Sugars—10 hogsheads Cuba at 18@18¼c; 10 hhds Orleans at 19@20c; Crushed—12 bbls at 26c; A Coffee—5 bbls at 24¾c; B Coffee—13 bbls at 24¼c. Molasses was unchanged; sales of 20 bbls Orleans at $1 08 @1 10. Coffee was neglected: a large sale could not be effected unless at a decline: sales of 30 sacks Rio at 45c.

BUTTER—Was unchanged, but prices are becoming weaker. Sales 18 packages fresh roll at 19@21c.

EGGS—Were unaltered. The demand about keeps pace with the receipts. Sales 17 bbls at 20c; this was the ruling figure.

SALT.—The market has been inactive for some time past. Sales 150 bbls at $2 50.

LIME—Sales of 75 barrels Louisville at $1 50@ $1 75.

CHEESE.—The demand was fair and fully up with the receipts. Prices are unchanged; sales 75 bxs. W. R. at 15@15½c ₩ lb,

BACON—We have to notice a firm market with a good local demand. The amount of sales in small lots were numerous. We note lots comprising 23,000 lbs at the following prices: shoulders 12¾@13c; sides, plain 13¾@14; hams, plain 17@17½; S. C. hams 18½@19.

GRAIN—The market on Saturday was dull, prices generally being nominal. We quote as follows: wheat, red $1 60; white $1 70; corn, at depot $1 33@1 35; sales from store at $1 38@1 40; oats were neglected with sales at 75c; a large lot would barely command those figures. Barley and Rye, we could learn of no transactions. Prices were unsettled.

AN ERROR.—In our Pig Iron report of Saturday the types made us give a wrong quotation. The sale of 100 tons Red Short Grey Forge, was at $59 00, not $50 00 as reported.

Pittsburgh Pig Iron Market.

PITTSBURGH, June 13, 1864

The market on Saturday was dull, buyers are asking a larger decline than holders are willing to accede to. Buyers who have faith in still lower figures are not purchasing to any extent.

SALES OF PIG IRON.

200 tons White, red short Anthracite $50 00, cash; 300 tons Lake Superior on private terms.

Toledo Market.

The receipts of Flour and Grain are on the increase—those of the past twenty-four hours aggregating from all sources—Flour, 4,911 bbls; Wheat, 42,726 bushels; Corn, 10,740 bushels.

The shipments during the past twenty-four hours have been—Wheat, 44,413 bushels; Corn, 16,000 bushels; no Flour.

On 'Change this forenoon there were more sellers than buyers of Red Wheat at yesterday's prices. White Michigan andvanced 1c. Corn is not in so good repute as for several days past, and the sales are limited at a decline of 2c on yesterday's prices—5c since Monday.

Flour—Fine, $4 50@5; Superfine, $5 25@5 35; Extra, $5 75@6 25; Double Extra and Fancy, $7 25 @7 80. Rye Flour, $6 50.

Grain—Wheat—Sales No. 1 Red at $1 52; No. 2 Red at $1 50; No. 1 White at $1 67; White Michigan at $1 68; No. 2 White at $1 62. Corn—Declined 2c. Oats—Sales at 75½@76c. Rye—$1 40. Barley—Spring, $1 25; Winter, $1 30.

Seeds—Clover, $7; Timothy, $3; Flax, $2 75.

St. Louis Tobacco Market.

Tobacco—The market all through the week has been active and buoyant, and prices have rapidly tended upward. Friday there was an advance. Monday the market was stiff, and Tuesday a large advance was effected. Yesterday the largest sales of the season were made, at prices fully up to Tuesday's advance. The sales of the week amount to 969 hhds and 104 bxs as follows: 2 hhds stems at $2 10 to 3; 3 scraps at $3 80 to 4 60; 92 green and damaged lugs at $3 to 6 70; 217 factory do at $5 40 to 10 40; 124 planters' do at $7 40 to 12 60; 161 common shipping leaf at $10 10 to 10 50; 127 medium do at $16 to 24 75; 100 good do at $20 50 to 55 75; 38 common manufacturing leaf at $20 50 to 34; 24 good do at $33 50 to 49 75; 32 fine do al $48 to 500, and the boxes at $2 90 to 100 ₩ 100 lbs. 1 hhd sold yesterday at $5 ₩ lb; this is the highest price ever paid for leaf tobacco. Bids on 119 hhds have been rejected.

St. Louis Pig Metal Market.

We quote as closing rates:

PIG METAL.

Iron Mountain, No. 1, h, b...₩ ton,	$65 —	@— —
Iron Mountain, " 2, h. b	60 —	@— —
Pilot Knob, " 1, h. b	65 —	@— —
Pilot Knob, " 2, h. b	60 —	@— —

Receipts of Pig Iron during past week, 305 tons
" " since Jan. 1, 1864, 9,053 "
" During same period in 1863, 8,100 "

Messrs. Chouteau, Harrison & Valle, quote:

Cold Blast, (Car Weeel) ₩ ton,	$75 —	@ — —
Cold Malleable	80 —	@ — —
Hot Blast, No. 1	65 —	@ — —
Hot Blast, No. 2	60 —	@ — —
Bank Ore	4 —	@ — —
Surface Ore	5 —	@ — —

Journal of Commerce.

Wool in Iowa.

Official sources give the following data for the number of sheep and quantity of wool shorn in Iowa for a number of years:

	No. sheep.	Lbs. wool shorn.
1850	149,950	384,936
1856	154,000	517,441
1858	164,400	627,800
1860	258,228	633,066
1864	406,500	1,429,309

The number of sheep reported as above for 1863 was the number on hand at the shearing time in 1862. The whole number of sheep at the time of taking the census in January, 1863, was 599,938.

Philadelphia Wool Market

Wool is firmer, with a very light stock in the hands of the dealers, and a limited demand from manufacturers, who buy sparingly at the rates now current, and about 130,000 lbs have been disposed of, mostly in small lots, at 83@85c for fleece, and 87@90c for tub.

Milwaukee Market.

Flour—Unsettled.

Grain—Receipts of wheat, 74,000. Advanced 3c ₩ bush last night, but receded 1c on 'Change, closing weak. Sales this morning: 15,000 bush No. 1, immediate delivery, at $1 39; 20,000 bush do, seller's option till 11th, at 1 37½; 15,000 bush No. 1, regular receipts, at $1 38¾; 32,000 bush do, immediate delivery, at $1 39; 16,000 bush do (in Pfield's) at $1 38. Sales on 'Change: 39,000 bush No. 1, immediate delivery, at $1 38½; 85,000 bush do, regular receipts, at $1 38; 157,000 bush No. 2 do at $1 31½@1 34. Oats quiet but firm; sales 1,200 bush in store at 71c. Corn firm and steady; sales 3 cars, delivered, at $1 11½; 2,000 bush do at $1 12; 3 cars, in store, at $1 11. Barley quiet; sales 1 car prime at $1 35; 26 bags at $1 35.

New Orleans Market.

NEW ORLEANS, June 4.

Cotton—The inquiry was general to-day, the supply offering but few attractions to buyers, but still the sales comprised 250 bales, including 25 bales good ordinary at 89c, 100 strict good ordinary (good staple) at 87c, 30 strict low middling at 88c, which was regarded as 1@2c below the market, and 86 bales at a very full rate. We see no reason to change our quotations of 75@79c for low ordinary, 82@84c for ordinary, 86@87c for good ordinary, 89@90c for low middling, and 92c for middling.

Sugar and molasses—There was no inquiry, and not a sale worthy of note has transpired today. Yesterday a small lot of fully fair to prime sugar sold at 19c ₩ lb, and two lots of thin old molasses at 55@60c ₩ gallon.

St. Louis Ahead.

At the regular public sale of tobacco to-day, a hogshead of superior leaf, offered by Thomas Rhodus, commission merchant of this city, brought the enormous price of $500 per hundred pounds! This beats the brag premium sale at Louisville, $10 per hundred, and is the highest price ever paid for the weed.

This magnificent tobacco is the product of Franklin county, Mo., a county unrivaled in the production of fine manufacturing tobacco, and was grown by T. S. McGee, and was bought by G. W. Rucker & Co., tobacconists of this city.

Chicago Pig Iron Market.

PIG IRON—Extreme firmness characterizes the market and we quote prices as follows:

Scotch pig No. 1	$72 50@75 00
Massillon, No. 1	72 50
Massillon, No. 2	67 50
Union pig iron A No. 1	72 50
Union pig iron No. 2	70 00
Union pig iron, B No. 2	65 00
Lake Superior	72 50@75 00

PITTSBURGH OIL MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE DAILY COMMERCIAL,
Monday, June 13, 1864.

The oil market on Saturday exhibited a good deal of activity. Parties who had oil to dispose of were enabled to realize good round figures. The amount of oil in the market for sale at present is not large. The receipts by the Allegheny river on Saturday amounted to 1,035 bbls. This was soon disposed of at paying rates, and more would have been taken up at the same figures. The Eastern market continues to rule firm at previous prices. The difference of exchange tend to hold up the oil market. The following are the sales that came under our notice, viz:

RESIDUUM—Was none enquired for. The sales were not large. Holders were inclined to ask an advance. Sales 200 bbls, in lots, at $5 35 @$5 40. Some lots were held above that figure.

BENZOLE OR NAPTHA—Sold at various prices, according to gravity; viz: 24@28c. 220 bbls disposed of.

CRUDE OIL—The active demand, we have noticed for some days past, was continued. All parcels offered found purchasers at full rates. Sales of crude in bulk or bbls returned, 400 bbls delivered in bulk, 34; 175 bbls. Packages returned, 33¾; 195 do. 33½; 280 do. terms private; 140 do. 33¼; 52 bbls delivered, 34½.

Sales crude packages included, 138 bbls, 39c; 400 bbls, delivered in cars, 38c; 650 bbls do. terms withheld; 160 do. 38c. Some were asking higher figures; we know of none but what we quoted.

REFINED OIL—Was in good demand, bonded and free for present and future delivery. Bonded—Sales of 500 bbls, July delivery at 69c; 200 bbls do delivered on the spot at 58c; 150 bbls do at 58c. Free—Sales of 103 bbls on the spot at 68c; 100 do at 68c; 500 bbls delivered in July at ten day's notice, 70c; 500 do delivered from 15th to the 30th of July, 70c; 500 do same conditions at 70c; sales of 30 bbls Ardesco, July delivery, at 71c.

Oil Receipts per Allegheny River.

J T Stockdale, 150 bbls; Pennock & Ball, 810 bbls; Davis & Stewart, 139 bbls; C Ranouf, 38 bbls; Goldrick, 178 bbls; R Ashmith, 289 bbls; J Gallagher, 267 bbls; Duncan & Co, 30 bbls; J Wilkin, 143 bbls. Total, 2030 bbls.

Imports Oil per A. V. Railroad.

GOING EAST.

Lucesco Oil Co., 112 bbls Refined Oil for New York.

Lucesco Oil Co., 71 bbls. Tar for Boston.

Lockhart & Frew, 108 barrels refined, for Philadelphia.

North American Oil Co., 150 bbls. Benzone for New York.

Standard Co., 224 barrels refined, for Philadelphia.

J. C. Kirkpatrick & Co., 68 barrels refined for Philadelphia.

IMPORTS BY RAILROAD.

Imports per Pitts., Ft. W. & C. R. R.—J S Liggett & Co, 395 bgs wheat; Rea & Kiel, 202 sks oats; Day & Hayden, 5 bdls poles, 20 do felloes, 4 do spokes; Brown & Mc, 90 hf bbls fish; McKlonn & Limehart 100 bbls flour; P Auren, 19 sks oats, 181 do barley; A M Tidball, 1 car staves; McElroy & Co, 25 bdls broom handles; Kier & Co, 2 cars clay; R C Loomis, 2 cars metal; Hammer & Dauler, 6 bureaus, 1 bdl frames; Lambert & S, 13 boxes cheese; G K Martin, 2 cars ear corn; D Wallace, 164 sks corn; C C Mellor, 1 piano; M Strude, 21 rolls leather; J H Ralston, 14 G hides; Simpson & K, 100 bbls flour; Klopfer & Co, 1 car lumber; J McCully & Co, 200 bbls flour.

Imports per Cleveland and Pittsburgh R. R.—Murtland & Co, 60 bbls tobacco; Shomaker & Lang, 20 bxs cheese; D Wallace, 200 bbls flour; McWhinney, Hare & Co, 25 bdls fellows, 31 do bows; Hussey, W & Co, 313 half blooms; J B Lyon & Co, 160 bbls sand; J Miller, 6 bbls old iron; Adams & McKay, 63 bdls paper; L H Vight & Co, 31 bbls apples; C Over, 10 bbls tobacco; J Shaffer, 10 do do; C F Klopfer, 10 bdls c. frames; H H Collins, 15 hf bbls fish; J M Snowden, 44 pks mdz; J R Welden, 33 bdls paper; N Seidel, 7 melodeons; Thos M Howe, 22 bbls copper; J Hall & co, 30 hand rakes; Little & co, 10 bbls whisky; Whitmore, Wolff, Duff & co, 100 bdls sneaths; Godfrey & Clark, 32 sacks rags, 2 boxes do; King & Pennock, 13 bales cotton; W Flayhaven, 10 bbls oil; N Courtney, 1 car corn; A Bradley, lot scrap iron.

Imports per Allegheny Valley R. R.—Wm P Beck & Co, 2 cars Salt.

IMPORTS BY RIVER.

Louisville.

PER ELLA FABER.—Clarke & Co, 100 barrels whisky, 100 trs lard, 50 trs hams, 236 hhds tobacco; Mr. Ryle, 5 do; J Murphy, 5 do; L Thumm & Co, 5 barrels oil; Lippincott & Co, 1 barrel B glass, 1 package; Fahnestock & Co, 6 bbls feed; J Rhodes, 204 scks barley; Owners, 9 pkgs.

Oats Contracts at St. Louis.

Captain Chapman, Assistant Quartermaster, made the following awards on Thursday for supplying the Government with oats: Nolan & Caffrey, 100,000 bushels, to be delivered in St. Louis as required, at 93 20c per bushel.

C. H. Pendleton & Co., of Chicago, 100,000 bushels, to be delivered as required, in Cairo, at 94 45c per bushel.

River Matters.

Arrivals and Departures of Steamboats.

ARRIVED.

Franklin	Carmac	Brownsville.
Gallatin	Clarke	Brownsville.
James Reese	Irwin	Elizabeth.
Bayard	Peebles	Monon. city.
Minerva	Gordon	Wheeling
Ella Faber	Gilmore	Louisville.
Emma Graham	Ayres	Zanesville.

DEPARTED.

Gallatin	Clarke	Brownsville.
Franklin	Carmac	Brownsville.
Jas. Reese	Irwin	Elizabeth.
Bayard	Peebles	Monon. city.
Julia	Coulson	Zanesville.

THE RIVER—Last evening at twilight there were seven feet water in the channel and falling. The weather during the day was pleasant.

The new steamer Post Boy, Capt. Gould, left on Saturday for St. Louis.

The steamer Emma Graham will be found at the landing. She will return to Zanesville at 4 p. m. on Tuesday.

THE new steamer Cherokee, Capt. Geo. W Neare, is announced for St. Louis on Monday. This boat has superior accommodations, and is in charge of careful and attentive officers. Mr. Dravo, who has charge of the office, will see that passengers have the best of attention.

The fine steamer Citizen, Capt. Gallagher, is announced for St. Louis to-day. This boat is just off the ways, having undergone thorough and complete repairs. No expense has been spared in her outfit. Captain Gallagher is an officer of great experience, and stands at the head of his profession. We take pleasure in recommending this boat and officers.

IN TOWN.—We had the pleasure of meeting our old friend, Captain George W. Neare. He is at present in charge of Capt. Dravo's new steamer Cherokee. He is in the enjoyment of excellent health. Long may it continue. As an officer and a gentleman he has no superiors. He is sound on the Union question and all others—has plenty of friends, and does honor to their friendship. We take pleasure in introducing Captain George to his old trade.

The magnificent side-wheel steamer Adam Jacobs, Captain Johnson's pet steamer, will leave on Tuesday for St. Louis and the Missouri river. This boat is decidedly one of the most splendid steamers that ever was built at this or any other port, and her finish and cutfit will compare with any boat a float. She is built under the entire direction of Captain B. Johnson, who, in the construction of this boat, has established for himself a reputation second to no boat-builder at this or any other port. We congratulate Captain Johnson on his success. We shall have more to say again.

New Steamer Kate B. Porter.

This splendid new steamer is nearly ready for business. She was built under the superintendency of Mr. N. Porter, Jr., an experienced workman, and one that may be said to have been born in a ship yard. The present job will establish Mr. Porter as an accomplished workman, and one that understands his business in all its details. The hull was built at Bellvernon, by Mr. L. M. Spear, and does credit to that excellent workman. Length, 160 beam 31 feet; hold, 4 feet 3 inches. The machinery was built by Mr. R. Lea; cylinders 13 inches, with 4½ feet stroke; two boilers 40 inches by 22 feet long, with four flues. The cabin was built by Mr. W. Richardson, and is a neat and handsome affair. The Kate B. Porter will be commanded by Capt. Joseph H. Porter, an officer who understands his duties in all its various departments. We have known him for many years, and take pleasure in testifying to his gentlemanly deportment and correct business habits. Success, say we, to the Kate B. Porter.

CINCINNATI.

The *Commercial* says:

The steamers Reserve and Kate Robinson were advertised to arrive for this port on Saturday.

There is 8 feet hence to Louisville, 5 feet in the canal and 3 feet in the Indiana chute over the Falls. The Lower Ohio is falling, with 8 feet from Portland to Cairo. There is 4 feet in the Cumberland, and falling. There is 4 feet in the Kanawha, and falling.

The Roanoke, from Louisville, passed up for Pittsburgh on Thursday. The Telegraph returned to Big Sandy. The Bostona No. 3 came in from Marietta full of people.

The Bostona No. 2 will lay up and refit, repaint, &c., preparatory to going below the Falls to spend the Summer—Capt. Robinson's new packet, the Highland Chief, taking her place in the Marietta trade.

LOUISVILLE.

The *Press* says:

The river continues to recede slowly, with five feet water in the canal in the evening, by the mark. During the previous twenty-four hours the river had fallen three inches at the wharf. The weather was very warm and clear, the thermometer ranging as high as 87° in the shade, in the afternoon. On the falls, last evening, there were three feet on the Indiana chute.

The officers of the Wren, from Kentucky river, report that stream falling at all points, with less than four feet water in the locks, and but very little freight offering except tobacco. The Blue Wing No. 3, a Kentucky river packet, was taken over to Jeffersonville last evening to tie up.

The Webster came up from Memphis yesterday on a sort of wrecking excursion, being laden with foundry work, old iron and machinery, from the Cumberland and other points, all for Brown, the coal man, of Pittsburgh.

The Little Rock *Democrat* reports the Leonora attacked while at a corn pile, while on her way up from Pine Bluff. Two soldiers were killed, Captain Hodge wounded, and the passengers robbed of $1,900 worth of valuables.

The Leonidas, from Pittsburgh, passed down for St. Louis with a fair trip. The Oleona, with a fair trip, passed down for Nashville, from Cincinnati.

NEW ALBANY.

The *Ledger* speaking of Capt. Ford's mammoth new steamer, the Magenta, says:

The trial of the machinery of Captain John B. Ford's new steamer Magenta, yesterday, proved that she will be the very fastest steamboat ever built in the West. She had no freight aboard to sink her sufficiently deep to give her wheels good play. Nevertheless she made twenty-one miles in one hour and twenty-three minutes. This was done on a channel depth of about eight feet, and will the machinery all rough. With a fair stage of water, the machinery worn smooth, and five or six hundred tons of freight, the Magenta, it is thought by our oldest and best steamboatmen, can make the best time ever made by a steamboat. She is, throughout, one of the staunchest, best modeled steamers ever built in the West. Her pilot states that she is one of the best and easiest handling boat he ever turned a wheel upon.

NASHVILLE.

The *Dispatch* says: Arrived—Arcola and St. Louis, from Louisville; Lady Franklin, from Louisville; Damsel and Huntsman, from Clarksville. Departed—Silver Cloud, for Cincinnati, and J. H. Baldwin for Clarksville. The Imperial left St. Louis yesterday morning, and will be here and ready to leave on Saturday for her return trip. The Arcola will leave this afternoon for Louisvile.

ST. LOUIS.

The St. Louis *Democrat* pays the following compliment to Capt. Hugh Campbell, of this city:

The W. R. Arthur was much sought after yesterday. Many persons went on board to look at the shot holes in her bulkheads, and to wonder how she escaped the clutches of her would-be captors. Captain Hugh Campbell, her indomitable commander, is much complimented for his quick decision and courage, while under the murderous fire.

We have a letter from the Memphis, by which we learn that that splendid packet has made excellent—indeed, surpassing good time, considering that she had lost twenty-four hours by laying up at nights. She will soon be in again with the best trip of the season. We suppose she will stay in the Missouri river trade. The people up there want her.

The *Union* says: The channel out to Cairo has been greatly improved by the recent rise, and boats are now able to make the trip down without any detention by grounding.

There is fully seven and a half feet of water at the shoalest points, and a big river from Cairo to New Orleans.

The Upper Mississippi is on the decline all the way down, and remains about the same as last reported.

The Missouri river is reported falling by the officers of the Monsoon, which arrived yesterday from Leavenworth. Between five and six feet is the depth of water in the channel. Another rise from the upper part of the river is looked for.

The Illinois river is receding, with between five and six feet of water from Peoria to the mouth.

Business remains dull in all departments of our river commerce, and there is no indication of any improvement before fall.

Rates of freight to New Orleans are as follows:

Flour, apples and potatoes, ₩ brl	$1 00
Whisky, alcohol and beer, ₩ bri	2 00
Pork and beef, ₩ brl	1 50
Pound freights, ₩ 100 lbs	50
Cattle, ₩ head	12 00
Horses and mules, ₩ head	10 00
Sheep, ₩ head	2 50
Hogs, @ head	3 00

To Vicksburg and way points the rate is about 25 ₩ cent. higher than the above.

Missouri river rates are unchanged, being 75 cents ₩ hundred to Leavenworth, and $1 to points above.

MEMPHIS.—Boats in port are the J. C. Swon, Olive Branch, Silver Moon, May Duke, Wm. Wallace, Emma No. 2, Iatan, St. Cloud, Belfast, Mattie Cook, Lady and Sylph. We are authorized in stating that the rumor afloat that the May Duke was under arrest by the military authorities is untrue. She will be at the levee this morning, and leave for Duvall's Bluff in the evening. Capt. Sam Houston is in command. By the Kate Hart, which arrived at the levee on Sunday, direct from Duvall's Bluff, we learn that quiet reigned in the vicinity of that now noted locality when she left, although it was reported that a large body of rebel cavalry were in the vicinity, under whom it is not stated. It was reported that General Joe. Shelby, with his band, had gone into Missouri on a raid, as nothing had been heard of him since he crossed White River. A party of guerrillas on Tuesday last captured the pickets at Duvall's Bluff, after which they let down the fence of a corral where Government mules were kept, and left, two hundred of the mules following them. The commander of the post immediately dispatched a force in pursuit of them, but a superior knowledge of the country enabled the guerrillas to escape.

NEW ORLEANS, June 4.

Business on the Levee yesterday was dull, and from all appearances is likely to continue, unless something turns up, for the past week's business has had a downward tendency, and as the season advances so does the dullness.

There were three departures and one arrival yesterday. The departures were the Mattie Stephens, for Baton Rouge; the Gertrude, for Plaquemine; and the Lancaster No. 4, for Vicksburg; the latter packet had the best showing for a trip of any that left. The arrival was the fine steamer Joseph Pierce, from Vicksburg. The Pierce, as our readers are already aware, is the regular Saturday packet for Vicksburg, and always leaves promptly at the hour advertised; it is the aim of Capt. P. D. Pratt, her commander, to make the Pierce a popular institution, and surely we cannot see why he cannot, for as far as sumptuous fare, good management, and clever officers are concerned, the Pierce cannot but be appreciated by those who travel on her.

There were no arrivals from the West yesterday.

OCEAN STEAMERS.

Movements of European Steamers.

FROM AMERICA.

City of Manchester	May 21	New York	Liverpool.
Hansa	May 21	New York	Southampton
Louisiana	May 21	New York	Liverpool.
North American	May 24	Quebec	Liverpool.
Africa	May 25	Boston	Liverpoal.
Britannia	May 25	New York	Liverpool.
Hecla	May 25	New York	Liverpool.
City of London	May 28	New York	Liverpool.
Germania	May 27	New York	Southampton
Persia	June 1	New York	Liverpool.
Caledonia	June 4	New York	Liverpool.
America	June 4	New York	Southompton
Asia	June 8	Boston	Liverpool.
Teutonia	June 11	New York	Southampton
Australasian	June 15	New York	Liverpool.
Bremen	June 18	New York	Southampton
Saxonia	June 26	New York	Southampton
Hansa	July 2	New York	Southampton
Borussia	July 9	New York	Southampton
America	July 16	New York	Southampton
Germania	July 23	New York	Southampton
New York	July 30	New York	Southampton
Bremen	Aug 13	New York	Southampton
Hansa	Aug 27	New York	Southampton
America	Sept 10	New York	Southampton
New York	Sept 24	New York	Southampton
Bremen	Oct 9	New York	Southampton
Hansa	Oct 22	New York	Southampton
America	Nov 5	New York	Southampton
New York	Nov 19	New York	Southampto
Bremen	Dec 3	New York	Southampto
Hansa	Dec 17	New York	Southampto

FROM EUROPE.

Westminster	May 10	Liverpool	New York
America	May 11	Southampton	New York
Glasgow	May 11	Liverpool	New York
City of Limerick	May 14	Liverpool	New York
Asia	May 14	Liverpool	New York
Kedar	May 17	Liverpool	New York
Teutonia	May 17	Southampton	New York
Australasian	May 21	Liverpool	New York
Virginia	May 24	Liverpool	New York
Breman	May 25	Southampton	New York
Europa	May 28	Liverpool	Boston
Saxona	May 31	Southampton	New York
Scotia	June 4	Liverpool	New York
Hansa	June 8	Southampton	New York
Borussia	June 14	Southampton	New York
America	June 22	Southampton	New York
Germania	June 28	Southampton	New York
New York	July 6	Southampton	New York
Bremen	July 20	Southampton	New York
Hansa	Aug. 3	Southampton	New York
America	Aug. 17	Southampton	New York
New York	Aug. 31	Southampton	New York
Bremen	Sept. 14	Southampton	New York
Hansa	Sept. 28	Southampton	New York
America	Oct. 12	Southampton	New York
New York	Oct. 26	Southampton	New York
Bremen	Nov. 9	Southampton	New York
Hansa	Nov. 23	Southampton	New York
America	Dec. 21	Southampton	New York

PACKET STEAMERS,

Pittsburgh and Zanesville Packet Line.

FOR WHEELING, MARIETTA AND ZANESVILLE.

The splendid passenger steamer **EMMA GRAHAM**, MONROE AYRES, Commander, leaves Pittsburgh every **Tuesday**, at 4 P. M., and Zanesville every **Friday**, at 8 o'clock, A. M. The new steamer **JULIA**, WM. COULSON, Commander, leaves Pittsburgh every **Saturday**, at 4 P. M., and Zanesville every **Tuesday**, at 8 o'clock, A. M.

For freight or passage apply on board or to
J. D. COLLINGWOOD, Agent,
Pittsburgh.
H. S. PIERCE & CO., Agents,
no18 Zanesville, Ohio.

Wheeling and Parkersburg Packet.

THE regular Wheeling packet MINERVA, Capt. GORDEN, has resumed her old trade, making regular trips, leaving Pittsburgh every MONDAY, WEDNESDAY and FRIDAY. Having been thoroughly repaired, she well deserves the patronage of the public generally.

JAMES COLLINS & CO., Agents,
Wharf-boat below Mononga. Bridge.

For Cairo and St. Louis.

THIS DAY, June 13, the fine passenger steamer STARLIGHT, Capt. HARTON, will leave as announced above.

For freight or passage apply on board, or to
JOHN FLACK, or
J. D. COLLINGWOOD, Agents.

For Cairo and St. Louis.

On THIS DAY, June 13th, the fine passenger steamer CITIZEN, Capt. Gallagher, will leave as announced above.

For freight or passage apply on board or to
JOHN FLACK, or
J. D. COLLINGWOOD, Agents.

For Cairo and St. Louis.

On MONDAY, June 13th, the fine passenger steamer CHEROKEE, Captain G. W. Neare, will leave as announced above.

For freight or passage apply on board, or to
JOHN FLACK, or
J. D. COLLINGWOOD, Agents.

For St. Louis and Missouri River.

TUESDAY, June 14th, at 10 a. m. The magnificent passenger steamer ADAM JACOBS, B. JOHNSON, Commander, will leave as announced above.

For freight for passage apply on board, or to
JOHN FLACK, or
J. D. COLLINGWOOD, Agents.

ADMINISTRATION.—All persons indebted to the estate of WM. J. DALZELL, late of the Fifth Ward, of the city of Pittsburgh, are hereby notified that administration has been granted to the undersigned, as executors of the last will of decedent; and all persons having claims against the estate will present the same for settlement forthwith.

J. C. McPHERSON,
JOHN McPHERSON,
Executors.

To be found at No 25 DIAMOND ALLEY, City.
my21:6w-1t-a-w

NOTICE.—Whereas, letters testamentary to the Estate of JACOB ZINGNER, late of the City of Pittsburgh, deceased, have been granted to the Subscriber, all persons indebted to the said Estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims or demands against the estate of the said decedent will make known the same without delay to

CATHERINE ZINGNER,
Executrix, Penn st., 9th Ward; or
HAMPTON & MORELAND,
Att'ys at Law, 93 Diamond street.
PITTSBURGH, May 3d, 1864. m3:1tw6w

JNO. H. HAMPTON ... W. C. MORELAND

HAMPTON & MORELAND,

Attorneys and Counsellors at Law,

NO. 93 DIAMOND STREET,
my5 PITTSBURGH, PA.

TO STEAMBOAT CAPTAINS AND OWNERS.—The undersigned INSURANCE COMPANIES, of Cincinnati, will take approved

HULL RISKS,

at equitable rates, and will issue POLICIES upon the same, either in the form adopted by the Cincinnati Insurance Companies, or the form used by the Pittsburgh Insurance Companies, at the option of the parties desiring the insurance.

W. C. MANN,
President of the Magnolia Insurance Co.
W. P. HULBURT,
President of the Buckeye State Insurance Co.
M. L. HARBESON,
President of the Commercial Insurance Co.
STEPHEN MORSE,
President of the American Insurance Co.
HENRY MORTEN,
dec28:6m] President of the Central Insurance Co.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

☞ FRANCIS TORRANCE, NOTARY PUBLIC AND COMMISSIONER for the States of Ohio, Indiana, Minnesota, Missouri and Massachusetts, appointed and commissioned by the several Governors thereof to take Depositions, Acknowledgements of Deeds, &c., to be used or recorded therein. Office, No. 189 Penn street, Pittsburgh, Pa. fe12:6m

FINANCIAL

TEN-FORTY LOAN OF U. S.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF PITTSBURGH, a designated DEPOSITORY and FINANCIAL AGENT of the

UNITED STATES.

By authority of the Treasury Department this Bank will receive subscriptions for the

Ten-Forty 5 per cent. gold bearing Bonds.

A commission will be allowed to Banks, Bankers and Brokers.

JAMES LAUGHLIN, President.
Pittsburgh, April 26th, 1864. ap27:2m

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE OF COMPTROLLER OF THE CURRENCY,
Washington, May 20, 1864.

WHEREAS, BY SATISFACTORY EVIDENCE presented to the undersigned, it has been made to appear that the

Fourth National Bank of Pittsburgh,

in the county of Allegheny, and State of Pennsylvania, has been duly organized under and according to the requirements of an Act of Congress, entitled "An Act to provide a National Currency, secured by a Pledge of United States Stocks, and to provide for the Circulation and Redemption thereof," approved February 25, 1863, and has complied with all the provisions of said act required to be complied with before commencing the business of Banking:

Now, therefore I, Hugh McCulloch, Comptroller of the Currency, do hereby certify that the Fourth National Bank of Pittsburgh, county of Allegheny, and State of Pennsylvania, is authorized to commence the business of Banking under the act aforesaid.

In testimony whereof, witness my hand and seal of office, this 20th day of May, 1864.

[L. S.] HUGH McCULLOCH,
my24-om Comptroller of the Currency.

FOURTH NATIONAL BANK OF PITTSBURGH.—This Bank is now open for business at its Banking House,

No. 55 Market Street,

(Next door to Messrs. N. Holmes & Sons.)

Deposits received. Exchange on all the principal Cities for sale. Gold bought and sold. U. S. Bonds, U. S. Certificates, and all Government Securities bought and sold. Business paper discounted, and all legitimate Banking business transacted on the most liberal terms.

PRESIDENT,
JAMES O'CONNOR.

DIRECTORS.
JAS. M. BAILEY, of McCreery, Bailey & Dilworth.
WM. VAN KIRK, of Alexander Bradley.
N. J. BIGLEY.
D. M. SMITH, of A. D. Smith & Bro.
W. W. BALL, of Pennock, Ball & Co.
J. M. HORNER.
THOMAS SMITH, of Allegheny City.
JOHN F. HERRON, of McClurkan, Herron & Co.
my23:1m

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF PITTSBURGH, PA., (late Pittsburgh Trust Company,) Capital $400,000, with privilege to increase to $1,000,000.

The Pittsburgh Trust Company having organized under the act to provide a National Currency, under the title of the FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF PITTSBURGH, would respectfully offer its services for the collection of Notes, Drafts, Bills of Exchange, &c.; receive money on deposit, and buy and sell Exchange on all parts of the country.

The success which has attended the Pittsburgh Trust Company since its organization in 1852, will, we believe, be a sufficient guarantee that business entrusted to the new organization will receive the same prompt attention.

Having a very extensive correspondence with Banks and Bankers throughout the country, we believe we can offer unusual facilities to those who do business with us.

The business will be conducted by the same officer and Directors.

DIRECTORS:
JAMES LAUGHLIN, ALEX. SPEER,
ROBERT S. HAYS, F. O. BAILEY,
THOMAS BELL, ALEX. BRADLEY,
THOS. WIGHTMAN, SAMUEL REA,
WM. K. NIMICK.
JAMES LAUGHLIN, Pres't.
se7 JOHN D. SCULLY, Cash'r

REAL ESTATE SAVINGS INSTITUTION.—Office, No. 63 Fourth street.

Deposits received DAILY and every SATURDAY EVENING.

Interest paid at six per cent. per annum.

Trustees:
ISAAC JONES, President.
Hon. THOS. M. HOWE, | Hon. J. K. MOORHEAD.
WM. H. SMITH, | C. G. HUSSEY,
W. B. COPELAND, | JACOB PAINTER,
HARVEY CHILDS, | NICHOLAS VOEGHTLY.
no16-6m

GOLD AND STOCK PURCHASES IN NEW YORK.

R. H. Gallaher & Brother, Brokers,

No. 18 WILLIAM street, New York.

BUY and SELL GOLD, STOCKS and other SECURITIES, at all the STOCK BOARDS, and fill Telegraphic or Mail orders with promptitude. They attend regularly the EVENING STOCK EXCHANGE, Fifth Avenue Hotel, and any dispatches addressed to them there, after 7 p. m., and up to 10 p. m., will meet with attention.

N. B. Correspondents will have to remit the necessary margins which will be placed to their credit in the UNITED STATES TRUST COMPANY. fe3:tf

GOLD, SILVER, PITTSBURGH & FORT WAYNE, and PITTSBURGH & CLEVELAND

Railroad Stocks Bought at Highest Rates

By JAMES O'CONNOR,
se7 Office, 55 Market street.

U. S. 10-40 LOAN.—Subscription to Government 10-40 Loan received at the office of HANNA, HART & CO., Wood street.
mh30:tf JOSHUA HANNA, Age

HOTELS.

CONGRESS HALL,

SARATOGA SPRINGS.

This long established and well-known Hotel, nearly adjoining the beautiful Park of the celebrated Congress Spring, will be

OPEN FOR THE RECEPTION OF GUESTS,
On the 1st day of June.

It has recently been greatly enlarged and improved, by the addition of many suites of commodious rooms, and a splendid Concert and Dining Saloon.

No pains will be spared to maintain the well-earned reputation of the house, and everything that the Proprietors can procure will be provided for the comfort and convenience of the guests.

je4-cm HATHORN & McOMBER, Pro's.

THE

NATIONAL HOUSE,

FIFTH STREET, McKEESPORT, PA.

This delightful Summer Resort is now open for the reception of Visitors and Boarders.

Families can be accommodated with Boarding during the season on very favorable terms. His table is furnished with every delicacy which the market affords. It is easy of access by the Connellsville Railroad. H. KLEINMAN.

McKEESPORT, September, 1863.

GIRARD HOUSE,

CHESNUT, BELOW NINTH ST.,

Philadelphia, Pa.

may5:mm H. W. KANAGA, Proprietor.

THE BELVIDERE HOUSE,

ED. EICHENLAUB, Proprietor,

se19 NEAR SHARPSBURG.

THE

UNION HOTEL,

Arch street, between Third and Fourth streets,
PHILADELPHIA.
T. S. WEBB & SONS. { THOS. S. WEBB, FRANK R. WEBB, JESSE H. WEBB.
oc10-1y

JONES HOUSE.—

CHAS. H. MANN, Proprietor,

CORNER MARKET ST. AND MARKET SQUARE,

HARRISBURG, PA.

A first-class house, three and a half squares from the depot. mh14-3m

AUCTION SALE OF

CONDEMNED HORSES.

WAR DEPARTMENT, CAVALRY BUREAU,
OFFICE OF CHIEF QUARTERMASTER,
Washington, April 25, 1864.

Will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder, at the times and places named below, viz:

Northumberland, Penna., Thursday, June 9th.
Scranton, Penna., Thursday, June 16th.
Williamsport, Penna., Thursday, June 23d.

One hundred (100) horses at Gettysburg, and two hundred and fifty (250) at each of the other places.

These horses have been condemned as unfit for the cavalry service of the United States Army.

For road and farm purposes many good bargai may be had.

Horses will be sold singly.

Sales begin at 10 a. m., and continue daily until all are sold.

TERMS: CASH, in United States Treasury notes only.

JAMES A. EKIN,
Lieut. Colonel and C. Q. M., Cavalry Bureau.
ap29:till June 23.

T. T. MYLER & CO.,

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

NOTIONS AND FANCY GOODS,

No. 62 WOOD street, corner of Fourth.

MERCHANTS visiting the city at this time will find a full stock on hand and at the LOWEST PRICES. Give us a call.

BROWN, MORROW & CO.,

House, Sign and Ornamental Painters,

Grainers and Glaziers,

No. 91 Third street,
je:ly PITTSBURGH, PA.

CHAMPAGNE.—50 cases and 50 baskets Green Seal and Heidzick Champagne. In store and for sale by
MILLER & RICKETSON

RAILROADS.

1864 SUMMER ARRANGEMENT 1864
PENNSYLVANIA CENTRAL RAILROAD.

NINE DAILY TRAINS.

Constant additions are being made to the equipment of this excellent double track and express route, and every possible care will be exercised for the comfort of passengers and rapid movement of freight. Trains will leave the depot in Pittsburgh as follows:

THROUGH ACCOMMODATION TRAIN daily (except Sunday,) at 6:00 a. m., stopping at all stations between Pittsburgh and Philadelphia.

FAST MAIL every morning, (except Sunday,) at 3:00 a. m., stopping only at the principal stations, and making direct connections at Harrisburg for Baltimore and Washington, and for New York via Philadelphia.

THROUGH EXPRESS daily, at 4:35 p. m., stopping only at the principal stations, making direct connection at Harrisburg for Baltimore and Washington, and New York via Philadelphia.

FAST LINE daily, (except Sunday,) at 8:45 p. m., stopping only at principal stations, and connecting at Harrisburg for Baltimore and Washington, and for New York via Allentown, without change of cars; also at Philadelphia for New York.

JOHNSTOWN ACCOMMODATION daily, (except Sunday,) at 3:10 p. m., stopping at all stations, and running as far as Conemaugh.

The FIRST ACCOMMODATION TRAIN for Wall's Station leaves daily, (except Sunday,) at 6:30 a. m.

The SECOND ACCOMMODATION TRAIN for Wall's Station leaves daily (except Sunday,) at 11:50 a. m.

The THIRD ACCOMMODATION TRAIN for Wall's Station leaves daily, (except Sunday,) at 4:00 p. m.

The FOURTH ACCOMMODATION TRAIN for Wall's Station leaves daily, (except Sunday,) at 6:10 p. m.

The CHURCH TRAIN leaves Wall's Station every Sunday at 9:05 a. m.; returning, leaves Pittsburgh at 12:45 p. m.

Returning Trains Arrive in Pittsburg as Follows:

Baltimore Express	12:30 p. m.
Philadelphia Express	1:00 p. m.
Fast Line	1:00 a. m.
Through Mail Train	12:30 a. m.
Johnstown Accommodation	10:15 a. m.
First Wall's Station Accommodation	6:25 a. m.
Second Wall's Station Accommodation	8:45 a. m.
Third Wall's Station Accommodation	2:05 p. m.
Fourth Wall's Station Accommodation	6:05 p. m.

Baltimore Express will arrive with Philadelphia Express at 1:00 p. m. on Mondays.

Trains for Blairsville and Indiana connect at Blairsville Intersection with Through Accommodation, Johnstown Accommodation and Express Train east, and with Baltimore Express and Johnstown Accommodation west.

Trains for Ebensburg connect at Cresson with Express Trains and Mail Train west, and with Through Accommodation and Express Train east.

FARE.

To New York	$12 80	To Lancaster	$8 80
To Philadelphia	10 50	To Harrisburg	7 65
To Baltimore	10 00	To Altoona	3 60

Baggage checked to all stations on the Pennsylvania Railroad, and to Philadelphia, Baltimore and New York.

Passengers purchasing tickets in the cars will be charged an excess, according to the distance traveled in addition to the Station rates, except from the stations where the Company has no agents.

NOTICE.—In case of loss the Company will hold themselves responsible for personal baggage only and for an amount not exceeding $100.

N. B.—An Omnibus Line has been employed to convey Passengers and Baggage to and from the Depot at a charge not to exceed 25 cents for each Passenger and Baggage.

J. STEWART, Agent.
At the P. R. R. Passenger Station on Liberty and Grant streets.

1864 THE PITTSBURGH, 1864
FORT WAYNE & CHICAGO RAILWAY, AND
CLEVELAND & PITTSBURGH RAILROAD.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT,

On and after May 15th, 1864, trains run as follows, viz:—

Leave Pitts.	For Chicago.	For Clev'd.	For Wheel'g.
Express	1:00 a. m.	1:00 a. m.	1:00 a. m.
Express	1:10 p. m.	1:10 p. m.	1:10 p. m.
Mail	6:30 a. m.		6:10 a. m.

Returning, Arrive in Pittsburgh:

P., F. W. & C. R. W. 2:20 a. m. 3:20 p. m. 7:00 p. m. 7:50 p. m.
C. & P. R. R. 2:10 a. m. 3:50 p. m. 8:05 p. m.

Accommodation Trains Leave Allegheny

For Alliance.	For N. B.	For N. Castle.	For Steu'e.
2:10 p. m.	9:15 a. m	6:40 a. m.	3:50 p. m.
	12:00 m.	8:50 p. m.	
	4:40 p. m.		
	5:50 p. m.		

Returning, Arrive in Allegheny.

P. F. W. & C. R. W. 7:20 a. m. 8:30 a. m. 2:35 p. m. 4:50 p. m.
C. & P. R. R. 9:30 a. m.

GEO. PARKIN, Agent,
Union Passenger Station, Pittsburgh, Pa.
A. Q. CASSELBERRY, Agent,
Allegheny city.
my14 F. R. MYERS, General Ticket Ag't.,

PITTSBURGH AND CONNELLSVILLE RAILROAD.—

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

On and after MONDAY, May 2, 1864, the trains will leave the Depot, corner of Ross and Water streets, as follows:

	Leaves Pittsburgh.	Arrives at Pittsburgh.
Mail to and from Uniontown	7:55 a. m.	6:00 p. m.
Express	3:40 p. m.	9:30 a. m.
First McKeesport Accommod'tn	11:00 a. m.	6:50 a. m.
Second " "	6:15 p. m.	2:05 p. m.
First Port Perry "	7:00 a. m.	8:30 a. m.
Braddock's "	4:15 p. m.	5:40 p. m.
Sunday Church Train to and from McKeesport	1:00 p. m.	10:00 a. m.

For tickets, apply to GEORGE BOULTON, Agent.
ap30 W. B. STOUT, Superintendent

NORTHERN CENTRAL RAILWAY.

WINTER TIME TABLE.

THREE TRAINS DAILY
TO AND FROM
BALTIMORE AND WASHINGTON CITY.

Connections made with trains on Pennsylvania Railroad to and from Pittsburgh and the west.

TWO TRAINS DAILY to and from the North and West Branch Susquehanna, Elmira, and all of northern New York.

On and after MONDAY, November 16, 1863, the Passenger Trains of the Northern Central Railway will arrive at and depart from Harrisburg and Baltimore as follows:

Southward.

MAIL TRAIN leaves Sunbury daily (except Sunday) ... 10:10 a. m.
" leaves Harrisburg ... 1:20 p. m.
" arrives at Baltimore ... 5:40 p. m.
EXPRESS TRAIN leaves Sunbury daily (except Sunday) ... 11:42 p. m.
" leaves Harrisburg (except Monday) ... 2:50 a. m.
" arrives at Baltimore daily (except Monday) ... 7:00 a. m.
HARRISBURG ACCOMMODATION leaves Harrisburg ... 7:00 a. m.

Northward.

MAIL TRAIN leaves Baltimore daily (except Sunday) ... 9:20 a. m.
" leaves Harrisburg ... 1:45 p. m.
" arrives at Sunbury ... 4:30 p. m.
EXPRESS TRAIN leaves Baltimore daily ... 9:15 p. m.
" arrives at Harrisburg ... 1:35 a. m.
" leaves Harrisburg daily (except Monday) ... 3:25 a. m.
" arrives at Sunbury ... 6:25 a. m.
HARRISBURG ACCOMMODATION leaves Baltimore daily (except Sunday) ... 3:00 p. m.
" arrives at Harrisburg ... 7:50 p. m.

For further information apply at the Office, in Pennsylvania Railroad Depot
oc31 J. N. DuBARRY, General Superintendent.

1863 1863 1863
PHILADELPHIA AND ERIE RAILROAD.

This great line traverses the northern and northwest counties of Pennsylvania to the city of Erie, on Lake Erie.

It has been leased by the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, and under their auspices is being rapidly opened throughout its entire length.

It is now in use for passenger and freight business from Harrisburg to Emporium, (165 miles) in the Eastern Division, and from Sheffield to Erie, (78 miles) on the Western Division.

Time of Passenger Trains at Harrisburg, Leave Northward.

Mail Train	1:45 p. m.
Express Train	3:25 a. m.

Cars run through without change both ways on these trains between Philadelphia and Lock Haven, and between Baltimore and Lock Haven.

Elegant Sleeping Cars on Express Trains both ways between Williamsport and Baltimore, and Williamsport and Philadelphia.

For information respecting passenger business apply at the southeast corner Eleventh and Market streets, and for freight business of the Company's Agents;

S. B. KINGSTON, Jr., corner Thirteenth and Market streets, Philadelphia.
J. W. REYNOLDS, Erie.
J. M. DRILL, Agent N. C. R. R., Baltimore.
H. H. HOUSTON, General Freight Agent, Philadelphia.
LEWIS L. HOUPT, General Ticket Agent, Philadelphia.
JOS. D. POTTS, General Manager, Williamsport.
no13-tf

INSURANCE.

PEOPLE'S INSURANCE COMPANY OF PITTSBURGH,

Office, N. E. corner Wood and Fifth streets, second floor,

Insures Against Loss or Damage by Fire

on Dwellings, Stores and other buildings; Furniture, Household Goods and Stock of Merchandise.

Insures Marine and Inland Risks on Steamboats and Freight at as liberal rates as are consistent with security.

Losses promptly adjusted and paid.

Directors:

WM. PHILLIPS, | SAM'L. P. SHRIVER,
JOHN WATT, | Capt. J. L. RHODES,
JOHN E. PARKE, | WM. VANKIRK,
CHAS. S. BISSELL, | JAS. D. VERNER,
GEO. B. JONES, | C. HANSON LOVE,
WM. B. HAYS, | CHAS. ARBUCKLE.
WM. PHILLIPS, President.
JOHN WATT, Vice President.
WM. F. GARDNER, Secretary. se7

ALLEGHENY INSURANCE COMPANY OF PITTSBURGH.—Office, No. 37 Fifth street, Bank Block.

Insures against all kinds of Fire and Marine Risks.

ISAAC JONES, President.
JOHN D. McCORD, Vice President.
D. M. BOOK, Secretary.
Captain WM. DEAN, General Agent.

Directors.

ISAAC JONES, | JOHN D. McCORD,
C. G. HUSSEY, | Captain ADAM JACOBS,
HARVEY CHILDS, | R. B. STERLING,
Captain R. C. GRAY, | Captain WM. DEAN,
JOHN IRWIN, Jr., | R. L. McGREW,
B. L. FAHNESTOCK, | ROBERT H. DAVIS.
se5:1y

CITIZENS' INSURANCE COMPANY OF PITTSBURGH.—Office, corner Market and Water streets, second floor,

WM. BAGALEY, President.
SAMUEL REA, Secretary.

Insures Steamboats and Cargoes.

Insures against loss and damage in the navigation of the Southern and Western Rivers, Lakes and Bayous, and the navigation of the Sea.

Insures against loss and damage by fire.

Directors:

WM. BAGALEY, | JOHN SHIPTON,
JAMES PARKE, Jr., | JAMES M. COOPER,
W. G. JOHNSTON, | S. HARBAUGH,
B. F. JONES, | J. CALDWELL, Jr.,
REESE OWENS, | JOHN S. DILWORTH
Hon. T. M. HOWE, | GEORGE BINGHAM,
BARCLAY PRESTON, | WM. A. RODGERS.
S. M. KIER, de22

DELAWARE MUTUAL SAFETY INSURANCE COMPANY.—

Fire and Marine Insurance.

Office No. 95 Water street, Pittsburgh.
sel0:1y P. A. MADERIA, Agent.

EAGLE TANNERY.—CHARLES KIEFER, Office No 58 Wood street, Pittsburgh, Pa. Manufacturer of Oak-tanned Harness, Bridle, Skirting and sole

LEATHER.

Waxed upper, Kips and Calf Skins.

P. S. Cash paid for all kinds of leather finished or in rough, also for hides, chestnut and oak bark.
c29-17

SAM'L. M. WICKERSHAM,

METAL BROKER,

No. 124 FIRST STREET.

Agent for the sale of Cornwall Pig Metal.

CLOVER SEED—40 bushels prime, in store and for sale by J. B. DILWORTH & CO.,
Nos. 130 and 132 Second street.

Dr. R. A. WILSON'

TONIC, CATHARTIC,

ANTI-DYSPEPTIC AND HEADACHE

PILLS.

They are the result of long investigation and carefully conducted experiments, having been in use many years, during which time they have prevented and relieved a vast amount of pain and suffering from Headache, whether origiuating in the *nervous* system, or from a deranged state o the *stomach.*

They may be taken at all times with perfect safety, without making any change of diet, *and the absence of any disagreeable taste, renders it easy to administer them to children.*

By the use of these Pills the periodic attacks of *Nervous or Sick Headache* may be prevented; and if taken in the commencement of an attack, immediate relief of pain and sickness will be obtained.

They seldom fail in removing *Nausea* and *Headache*, to which females are so subject.

They act gently on the bowels, removing *Costiveness.*

For *Literary Men, Students,* Delicate Females, and all persons of *sedentary habits,* they are valuable as a *Laxative,* improving the *appetite.* giving *tone* and *vigor* to the digestive organs, and restoring the natural elasticity and strength of the whole system.

For *Dyspepsia* and its ten thousand inconveniences, from a slight indigestion and sallow cheek, to extreme emaciation and depression of spirits, or a confirmed case of melancholia in its most aggravated form —are these Pills confidently recommended as a cure, if perseveringly used.

Liver Complaint--Torpid Liver.

Use the Pills in alterative doses for a long time, or until the organ is aroused. Intermitting the use of the Pills now and then is the better plan.

Intemperance.

Any one who is so unfortunate as to eat or drink too much, may save himself a fit of apoplexy, or other serious consequences, by immediately taking a Pill.

Messrs. B. L. FAHNESTOCK & Co.,

I have had considerable experience in the use of the extraordinary Pill compounded by *Dr. R. Adams Wilson,* of which you are now the proprietors, and have often found their benign influence in my own case for nervous *headache,* arising from a disordered condition of the stomach. I have likewise prescribed them for others in hemicrania and other forms of headache depending on a deranged and irritable condition of the stomach and digestive organs, to which they seem peculiarly adapted, being entirely free from any griping tendency. I regard them as a very valuable Pill, and one that purges without at all debilitating.

Yours, truly,
GEO. H. KEYSER,
140 Wood street
Pittsburgh, March 4, 1858.

STRATTONVILLE, Clarion County,
February 18, 1860.

Messrs. B. L. FAHNESTOCK & Co.,

Gents:—I take pleasure in assuring you, from my personal knowledge and the evidence of my neighbors, that there is no medicine held in such high estimation as the Pills of Dr. R. A. Wilson, for general use. Having been engaged in merchandizing for the last twenty years, and being agent for a great number of persons, I do most cheerfully say without fear of contradiction, that the above named Pills are the best now in use.

SAMUEL WILSON.

AURORA, Ind., April 30, 1860.

Messrs. B. L. FAHNESTOCK & Co..

Gentlemen:—Wilson's Pills, in our region of country, meet with very ready sale, and the first complaint has yet to be made against their efficiency. For head ache, dyspepsia. indigestion and constipation, they stand in the estimation of our people without a rival, and are deemed a perfectly safe medicine for family use. I have personally observed their good effects in very many instances, and conscientiously recommend them as the best Pill compounded.

Very truly,
D. B. KEISTER.

B. L. FAHNESTOCK'S

WORM CONFECTIONS

Are prepared from the active principle of his celebrated Vermifuge. They are put up in a nice and palatable form, to suit the taste of those who cannot conveniently take the Vermifuge. Children will take them without trouble. They are an effectual worm destroyer, and may be given to the most delicate child.

Prepared and sold by

B. L. FAHNESTOCK & CO.,
76 and 78 Wood and 91 Fourth sts.
PITTSBURGH, PA.

Sold by Druggists and Medicine Dealer generally. de26:1y

DUQUE DO PORTO.—50 dozen Port Wine, imported in glass, and a very superior Wine, in store and for sale by
MILLER & RICKETSON

OILS.

RICHARDSON, HARLEY & CO.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

AND

Wholesale Dealers in Petroleum and its Products,

No. 19 IRWIN STREET, PITTSBURGH.

Liberal cash advance on consignments for Pittsburgh and Eastern markets.

THE ARDESCO OIL COMPANY

manufacture and have for sale a

Superior Quality of Refined Ardesco Oil (Non-explosive).

Also, PURE BENZOLE.

Warehouse, 27 Irwin street, Pittsburgh, Pa. [se7:1

PENNOCK, BALL & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Eureka Carbon Oil, Eureka Lubric Oil,

AND

Wholesale Dealers in Crude, Refined and Lubricating Oils,

se7 No. 31 Market street, Pittsburgh.

WM. WIGHTMAN ... A. D. ANDERSON

EAGLE OIL WORKS,

LAWRENCEVILLE.

WIGHTMAN & ANDERSON,

Refiners of Fine Carbon Oil, and Wholesale Dealers in Crude, Refined and Lubricating Oils, Benzole and Car Grease.

Warehouse, No. 92 Third street, opposite Bank Pittsburgh. ja4

NORTH AMERICAN OIL COMPANY,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Refined Burning Coal and Carbon Oil,

KISKIMINITIS ARMSTRONG COUNTY.

Warehouse, No. 80 Third street, Pittsburgh

WM. F. JOHNSTON, President.
se7 GEORGE OGDEN, Secretary.

JOHN W. WISE ... HENRY W. CHILDS.

WISE & CHILDS,

STRICTLY COMMISSION MERCHANTS

FOR THE SALE OF

CRUDE AND REFINED PETROLEUM

No. 429 WALNUT STREET, PHILADELPHIA.

The attention of Dealers and Oil Producers generally is directed to our extensive facilities for the safe storage, sale and shipment of Crude and Refined Oils.

REFERENCES:
Philadelphia—J. C. Howe & Co.; Farnham, Kirham & Co.; Wise, Pusey & Co.
New York—J. C. Howe & Co.; Carpenter, Vail & Fuller; Brewer, Watson & Co.
Boston—J. C. Howe & Co.
Pittsburgh—S. M. Kier & Co.; Hill & Beals.
Rouseville—Mitchell & Brown.
Titusville—Brewer, Watson & Co.; William H. Abbott. mh9:6m

COCHRAN & RUSSELL,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

and Dealers in

Crude and Petroleum Oils and Naval Stores.

Liberal advances made on consignments.
se28 22 North Front street, Philadelphia.

ALLEN & NEEDLES, PHILADELPHIA

Commission Merchants for the sale of Crude and Refined Petroleum, Lard and other Oils. de19:6m

FOR SALE OR RENT.

FOR SALE.—A GENTLEMAN RESIDING EAST has built for him, during the past year, a first class double dwelling house, in the city of Winona, Minn., but a death in his family having changed his arrangements, it is now offered for sale. It is of brick; was designed and its entire erection superintended by an architect of high reputation; hall 9 feet wide; the parlors, chambers, dining-room, kitchen, &c., of ample size; marble mantels, bath room, &c.; a furnace of best make will heat the whole house. The building is on a block of over two acres in the centre of the town. If desired the half or whole of about 100 acres of land, containing over 400 town lots, unimproved, but now nearly surrounded by buildings, will be offered with the property. For healthfulness and beauty of situation Winona is hardly equaled anywhere, and is destined to be the great centre of trade for Southern Minnesota. Its growth in exports of wheat for the year 1859 was 130,000 bushels; in 1863, 1,251,000 bushels. The curing and packing of pork and beef is destined, from the climate and facilities for shipment here, to grow rapidly to a great trade.

For price and terms of sale, apply to
WILSON & McELROY,
51 Wood street, Pittsburgh, Pa.
Or address H. W. LAMBERTON,
jul1-cw Winona, Minnesota.

FARM FOR SALE.—A FARM OF FIFTY-ONE ACRES, more or less, situated in Unity Township, Westmoreland County, four miles from Greensburgh, on the Philadelphia Pike, which is in good condition at all seasons of the year. The place is under good fence, well watered, with never failing springs, and under good cultivation, with nine acres of timber. The improvements are a two-story brick dwelling of six rooms, with back and front porches, good well of water, spring and spring-house, frame barn and sheds, good garden of small fruit, beautiful lawn in front of house, under good fence, with a choice lot of shrubbery, a young and thriving orchard of the best grafted fruit of eighty trees, now bearing. The location is a beautiful and healthy one. There is coal near the place. Will be sold for cash at a bargain if applied for soon, or on reasonable terms on time.

Apply at the real estate and insurance office of
G. S. BATES,
ju10-2w Butler street, Lawrenceville.

FOR SALE.—500 barrels old Rye, Wheat and Bourbon double copper-distilled Whisky.
J. T. WORTHINGTON,
je3-15t Brownsville, Pa.

FOR RENT.—A NICE OFFICE, WITH front entrance on the second floor of 211 Liberty street. Storage can also be had if desired. Inquire of R. H. KING. mh31

VALUABLE FARM FOR SALE OF TWO HUNDRED ACRES; one hundred and fifty cleared; fine river bottom land, situate on the Ohio river, five miles below Wellsville, Ohio, in Hancock county, West Virginia. Abundance of water and fruit; improvements of the very best order. For terms apply to G. W. CHAPMAN, on the premises, or to J. F. STOCKDALE, Pittsburgh. ap13-tf

FOR SALE.—A NEW AND ELEGANTLY finished

TWO-STORIED BRICK DWELLING,

with all the modern improvements, situated on Locust street, in the borough of Manchester. For terms, &c., inquite of JAMES MILLER, Manchester. ja29

DESIRABLE INVESTMENTS.

REAL ESTATE,

Eligibly located in improving neighborhood, and under lease to good, prompt paying tenants.

My list comprises a number of such Properties, which will be sold at reasonable prices for cash.

For particulars apply to
S. S. BRYAN,
Broker and Insurance Agent,
je2 59 Fourth street (Burke's Building.)

FOR SALE.—TWO DOCTOR ENGINES, suitable either for a Two or Three Boiler Steamboat, nearly new, well fit up, and of a good pattern. They will be sold cheap. Can be seen at JOHN BURFORD'S, Copper-smith, WATER, NEAR SHORT STREET, PITTSBURGH.

For further particulars apply to
GEISSE & M'COY,
my27 Engine Builders, Wellsville, Ohio.

FOR RENT.—A brick Cottage, containing nine rooms, adjoins Evergreen Hamlet, Ross Township. Enquire of WM. M. SHINN,
my26:1m No. 127 Fourth street.

FOR SALE.

The Subscribers

OFFER FOR SALE THEIR

CANDLE, SOAP AND OIL WORKS,

Situated on the

CORNER OF STEVENSON STREET AND PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE.

It is the most extensive and complete works of the character in the United States. It has Candle, Soap, Lard, Oil and Carbon Oil Works complete, with facilities unlimited. Title unexceptionable. Terms easy.

For price and terms apply to
B. C. & J. H. SAWYER,
my5:tf 47 Wood Street.

A RARE CHANCE FOR INVESTMENT. For sale, that beautiful Homestead of the late Col. MORGAN ROBERTSON, of Pittsburgh, containing 187 acres, a large portion rich river bottom, with about 30 acres containing the best Youghiogheny Coal, and some 50 acres of hill land heavily timbered, the balance under cultivation. The improvements in part consist of a good DOUBLE BRICK HOUSE, a large Barn, and Out-Houses, a never-failing Well, an Orchard of the best varieties of Fruit Trees now in bearing; also, two Tenant Houses, &c. This Farm lies upon the bank of the Monongahela River, fourteen miles from Pittsburgh, and offer peculiar facilities for the Mining, Loading and Shipping of Coal, for building all kinds of Water Craft, for the most convenient and profitable disposition of the Timber, and other products of the land. The whole is offered for sale on most advantageous terms.

For particulars apply to
JOSEPH DILWORTH, Esq.,
Of Dilworth, Porter & Co., or
THOS. J. KEENAN, Esq.,
my19 Attorney at Law, Pittsburgh.

FOR SALE.—A FARM—Beautifully situated on Pine Creek, Allegheny County, Pa., about twelve miles from Pittsburgh, containing 185 acres, sixty or seventy acres cleared, with farm house and barn. The land is well adapted for meadow or grain; the timber mainly good white oak, with a good mill seat; coal bank open, adjoining Semple's Mills.

This is one of the most desirable farms in the county, and will be sold low to settle an estate.

For full particulars enquire of Hanna, Hart & Co., Bankers, Pittsburgh. [jul-ow] D. R. SMITH.

WM. A. LYONS,

House, Sign and Decorative Painting,

PLAIN and FANCY SHOW CARDS READY MADE.

No. 7 FIFTH STREET, PITTSBURGH, PA.

Orders promptly executed. Cards written to order, various styles. mh12:1y

J. G. WELDON ... JNO. KELLY

WELDON & KELLY,

GAS AND STEAM FITTERS,

Plumbers and Brass Founders; 164 Wood street, near Sixth, Pittsburgh, Pa. Pumps sold and repaired. Proprietors and Manufacturers of Dakin's Patent Water Drawer, and Musgrave's Patent Gas Cooking and Heating Stoves, my14

COFFEE, COFFEE, COFFEE.—The universally approved NONPAREIL, and other favorite brands of FRESH GROUND COFFEE, for sale at the "Eagle Steam Spice and Coffee Works," Nos. 244, 246 and 248 North Front street, corner of New street, Philadelphia.
ja26lm HOWARD WORRELL.